

The Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities

Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report

Covering July 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021

Prepared by Conservation International, as the Global Executing Agency of the Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange Project of the Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM), with input from representatives of the DGM Country Projects, for submission to the World Bank.

Submitted to the World Bank on March 1, 2022



DGM
GLOBAL



CLIMATE
INVESTMENT
FUNDS



THE WORLD BANK
IBRD • IDA

CONSERVATION
INTERNATIONAL



Project Information

DGM Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange

Global Executing Agency:

Conservation International

www.dgmglobal.org

DGM Brazil

Global Steering Committee Member:

Lucely Pio – NSC National Coordinator

National Executing Agency:

Centro de Agricultura Alternativa do Norte de Minas

www.dgmbrasil.org.br

DGM Burkina Faso

Global Steering Committee Member:

Idrissa Zeba – NSC Chair

National Executing Agency:

IUCN Burkina Faso

<http://www.dgmburkinafaso.org/>

DGM Cote d'Ivoire

Global Steering Committee Member:

Delphine Ahoussi – NSC Member

Play Christophe Sare – NSC President
(alternating)

National Executing Agency:

Care International

DGM Democratic Republic of the Congo

Global Steering Committee Member:

Kapupu Diwa Mutimanwa – NSC President

National Executing Agency:

Caritas Congo

www.peuplesautochtones.cd

DGM Ghana

Global Steering Committee Member:

Bashiru Gambo – NSC Chair

National Executing Agency:

Solidaridad

DGM Guatemala

Global Steering Committee Member:

Byron Alonzo – NSC Member

National Executing Agency: Asociación Sotz'il

DGM Indonesia

Global Steering Committee Member:

Mina Setra - NSC Member

National Executing Agency:

The Samdhana Institute

www.dgmindonesia.id

DGM Mexico

Global Steering Committee Member:

Manuel Aldrete (GSC co-chair) – NSC Coordinator

National Executing Agency:

Rainforest Alliance

www.mde-mexico.org

DGM Mozambique

Global Steering Committee Member:

Daniel Maula – NSC President

National Executing Agency:

WWF Mozambique

<https://mozdgm.org.mz/>

DGM Nepal

Global Steering Committee Member:

Jagat Baram / Bharati Pathak (GSC co-chair) –
NSC President

National Executing Agency:

Rural Reconstruction Nepal (RRN)

DGM Peru

Global Steering Committee Member:

Ruth Buendia Mestoquiari / Marilen Puquio Arturo
(alternating) - NSC Members

National Executing Agency:

WWF Peru

www.mdesawetoperu.org

DGM Republic of the Congo

Global Steering Committee Member:

Guy Moussele-Diseke – NSC President

National Executing Agency: CIPIVIE-Caritas

Non-FIP Country (Philippines)

Global Steering Committee Member:

Grace Balawag

Abbreviations

AIDSEP	Interethnic Association for the Development of the Peruvian Rainforest
ATL	Local Technical Assistance
CAA/NM	Centro de Agricultura Alternativa do Norte de Minas
CART	Central Ashaninka Organization of Rio Tambo
CBO	Community-Based Organization
CI	Conservation International
CIF	Climate Investment Funds
CONAP	Peruvian Confederation of Amazonian Peoples
COP	Conference of the Parties (of the UNFCCC)
CSO	Civil Society Organization
DGM	Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities
DGM Global	DGM Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange Project
DRC	Democratic Republic of the Congo
EOI	Expression of Interest
EP	Executing Agencies (DGM Peru)
FIP	Forest Investment Program
GEA	Global Executing Agency
GEF	Global Environment Facility
GESI	Gender Equity and Social Inclusion
GRM	Grievance Redress Mechanism
GSC	Global Steering Committee
GLF	Global Landscapes Forum
IIPFCC	International Indigenous Peoples' Forum on Climate Change
IPs	Indigenous Peoples
IPLCs	Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities
ISR	Implementation Status and Results Report
IUCN	International Union for the Conservation of Nature
Lao PDR	Lao People's Democratic Republic
LCIPP	Local Communities and Indigenous Peoples Platform (UNFCCC)
M & E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MozDGM	Mozambique Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities
MRS	Subproject Results Framework
NEA	National Executing Agency (of a DGM country project)
NSC	National Steering Committee (of a DGM country project)
PAC	Procurement and Contracting Plan
PCL	Local Community Promoter
PDO	Project Development Objective
PGTA	Environmental and Territorial Management Plan
PM&E	Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation

POAS	Annual Subproject Operational Program (DGM Mexico)
REDD+	Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation
REPALEF	Network of Indigenous and Local Populations for the Sustainable Management of DRC Forest Ecosystems
SIMyEPS	Subproject Monitoring and Evaluation System
SIGCAA	DGM Brazil NEA's Online Project Management and Monitoring System
SIRASIQ	DGM Mexico's System to Receive and Address Information Requests and Grievances
TBD	To be determined
TTL	Task Team Leader (World Bank)
UNFCCC	United Nation Framework Convention on Climate Change
UNPFII	United Nations Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues
UNDP	United Nations Development Program
VIF	Financial Inclusion Window (DGM Mexico)
VIS	Social Inclusion Window (DGM Mexico)
WB	World Bank
WWF	World Wildlife Fund

Table of Contents

Project Information	i
Abbreviations.....	ii
Table of Contents.....	iv
1. Executive Summary	1
2. Program Overview	3
3. Project Status – December 2021	4
4. DGM Project Timeline	6
5. DGM Country Common Indicators	7
6. Progress by Project	10
6.1. Brazil	10
6.2. Burkina Faso	27
6.3. Cote d'Ivoire	30
6.4. Democratic Republic of the Congo.....	37
6.5. Ghana	49
6.6. Guatemala	60
6.7. Indonesia	61
6.8. Mexico.....	64
6.9. Mozambique	74
6.10. Nepal.....	81
6.11. Peru	82
6.12. Republic of the Congo	86
6.13. Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange	87
Appendix A. Contact Information	101
Appendix B. Country Project Data	103
Appendix C. Subprojects.....	105

1. Executive Summary

The Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM) has entered its seventh year of program implementation with twelve country projects approved by the Forest Investment Program subcommittee and over US\$70 million directed towards Indigenous peoples and local community (IPLC)-led climate action. Since 2015, IPLCs in DGM countries continue to demonstrate the critical need for partnering with communities in the design and implementation of climate finance initiatives. Ensuring IPLCs play leadership roles in the governance of climate finance is key to achieving global climate goals.

December 2021 marks nearly two years since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. Although its impact has lessened in some countries, in others it continues to severely affect day-to-day life. DGM countries have responded in efficient and innovative manners by designing contingency plans, adapting in-person activities to virtual ones, and supporting DGM NSC and subproject implementers to the best of their ability. DGM Global project activities were also adjusted to support virtual participation of DGM fellows, GSC members, NEAs, and exchange participants. Response measures have varied according to each country and their stage of project implementation.

As of December 2021, 11 DGM country projects had received World Bank approval. During this reporting period (July – December 2021), of the 12 DGM country projects, 2 countries received project approval (Guatemala and Republic of the Congo), 4 countries closed out (Brazil, Peru, Ghana, and Burkina Faso), 5 are in the implementation phase (Mozambique, Indonesia, Mexico, DRC, and Cote d'Ivoire), and 1 is pending World Bank approval (Nepal). DGM Burkina Faso, Brazil, and Peru proceeded with closeout activities, including subproject finalization, monitoring, reporting, and technical and financial closeout at the same time that other projects were in the process of kicking off activities or at the peak of implementation.

Throughout the last 7 years of DGM project implementation, IPLCs have made significant progress in several areas including obtaining land tenure and community recognition, gender equity, economic improvement, food sovereignty, cultural restoration, inclusion in national policy, and sustainable agroforestry. Through the DGM, IPLCs in 8 countries (Burkina Faso, Indonesia, Brazil, Mexico, Ghana, DRC, Mozambique, and Peru) are now directly managing 628 subprojects, with a combined value of over US\$ 17 million towards community led initiatives. The interest for DGM subgrants continues to increase with new calls for proposals and expressions of interest. DGM countries are continuously working to improve their reach and access to communities with these calls which have proven to be effective due to the high volume of proposals received.

As the DGM compiles and consolidates more results from all projects, it is increasingly evident that contingency plans, digital communications, virtual events, and limited travel, may continue for some time. With that said, the impact of this virus varies significantly in each country and some have already started to lift measures. This report highlights some of the program's key success and resilience in terms of project implementation and adaptation. One of the many examples includes DGM Brazil identifying a need across NSC partners and subproject associations and available resources within the project. This resulted in the launch of a call for expressions of interest to support partners with equipment to strengthen their institutions.

The Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange Project (DGM Global) has also had great success this reporting period with the completion of the first cohort of DGM Global Learning Fellows. Eight fellows were selected in early 2021 to participate in the Global Learning Fellowship and successfully completed all

milestones by November 2021. This included two knowledge sharing sessions, completion of e-learning courses, development and dissemination of a knowledge product, and more. DGM Global also organized the first virtual NEA meeting that centered on lessons learned from Peru and Burkina Faso, both projects that closed out in June 2021, and GSC and GEA participation at the UNFCCC COP26 with multiple side events reflecting DGM achievements. This reporting period ended with preparations for the launch of the 2021 digital annual report and the 2nd call for DGM Global Learning fellows.

2. Program Overview

Funded under the Climate Investment Funds (CIF), the Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM) is an initiative that was conceived and developed as a special window under the Forest Investment Program (FIP). The overall objective is to enhance the capacity and support specific initiatives of Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLCs) in the FIP pilot countries to strengthen their participation in FIP and other REDD+ processes at the local, national, and global levels. The work of the DGM is divided into three parts:

Part 1: Country projects with activities to demonstrate successful community-led initiatives related to REDD+

- Grants directly to IPLC organizations, and to individual local community members in the case of DGM Ghana, for demand-driven subprojects related to adaptation and mitigation, livelihoods, sustainable forest management, and secure land tenure; and,
- Support for capacity development in leadership, management, and technical skills, including training for IPLCs on REDD+ topics.

Part 2: A global project with activities to facilitate knowledge exchange and learning at the regional and global scales

- Regional and global trainings, where IPLCs have access to information on policy and technical topics related to REDD+ as well as global trainings and coordination around the UNFCCC process; and,
- Shared learning and knowledge exchange carried out alongside trainings as well as through an online knowledge sharing platform, with a focus on exchange from local to global scales and across FIP and non-FIP countries.

Part 3: Cross-cutting governance and accountability procedures coordinated across the country and global projects

- Management of subprojects to ensure communities can access and manage DGM funds in line with FIP objectives;
- Governance characterized by transparency and accountability, assured through implementation of the DGM Grievance Redress Mechanism; and,
- Monitoring and reporting with a focus on learning that informs progress towards expected results, including success and challenges.

As the leaders, stakeholders, and primary drivers of the DGM, IPLCs are central to all DGM activities. They select representatives to participate in the DGM National and Global Steering Committees, they develop and implement projects using DGM funding, and they build their capacities to participate in conversations around climate change and forestry at national and international scales. The Committees are supported by a Global Executing Agency (GEA) and National Executing Agencies (NEAs), respectively, which carry out Committee decisions with a focus on project accountability, transparency, and effectiveness. The FIP and the World Bank have no part in decision making, but they do serve as observers to committee meetings, and the World Bank provides overall technical, fiduciary, and institutional oversight to the DGM at the global and country levels.

3. Project Status – December 2021

The following table depicts the status of all thirteen DGM projects as of December 31, 2021. For more detailed information on each project, please refer to Section 5.

Table 1. Project Status

DGM Project	Steering Comm.	Executing Agency	Funding (millions USD)		Approval		Implementation Period	
			Allocated	Approved	FIP	World Bank	Start	End
Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange	GSC	Conservation International	5.0	5.0	6/28/14	3/3/15	6/15/15	3/31/20
Phase 2 of the Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange	GSC	Conservation International	3.0	2.3	12/2019	7/24/20	4/1/20	12/31/22
Brazil	NSC	Centro de Agricultura Alternativa do Norte de Minas (CAA/NM)	6.5	6.5	6/18/15	3/3/15	6/29/15	01/31/22 ¹
Burkina Faso	NSC	IUCN – Burkina Faso	4.5	4.5	6/18/15	9/16/15	10/13/15	6/30/21
Peru	NSC	WWF Peru	5.5	5.5	5/21/15	9/11/15	11/26/15	6/25/21
Democratic Republic of the Congo	NSC	Caritas Congo	6.0	6.0	6/3/15	4/8/16	6/21/16	7/31/22
Indonesia	NSC	Samdhana Institute	6.5	6.5	12/30/16	3/16/17	6/22/17	11/30/22 ²
Ghana	NSC	Solidaridad	5.5	5.5	9/12/16	4/26/17	8/18/17	11/30/21
Mexico	NSC	Rainforest Alliance	6.0	6.0	5/22/17	9/15/17	12/21/17	8/1/23 ³
Mozambique	NSC	WWF Mozambique	4.5	4.5	8/22/16	12/5/17	2/1/18	2/28/23
Cote d'Ivoire	NSC	Care International	4.5	4.5	3/01/19 ⁴	1/20/20	8/28/20	4/30/24
Republic of the Congo	NSC	Caritas	4.5	4.5	7/8/21	9/14/21	12/14/21	3/31/26
Nepal	NSC	Rural Reconstruction Nepal	4.5	4.5	5/24/21	N/A	N/A	N/A
Guatemala	NSC	Sotz'il Asociacion	4.5	4.5	12/16/20	5/7/21	5/7/21	4/30/26
Ecuador	N/A	N/A	4.5	0	Project canceled as of Jun. 2019			
Lao People's Democratic Republic	N/A	N/A	4.5	0	Project canceled as of Oct. 2017			

¹ <https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/727931623467866743/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-BR-DGM-for-Indigenous-People-and-Traditional-Communities-P143492.pdf>

² <https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/327451622208612505/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Strengthening-Rights-and-Economies-of-Adat-and-Local-Communities-P156473.pdf>

³ <https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/826861624562622347/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Mexico-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-IP-and-LC-P151604.pdf>

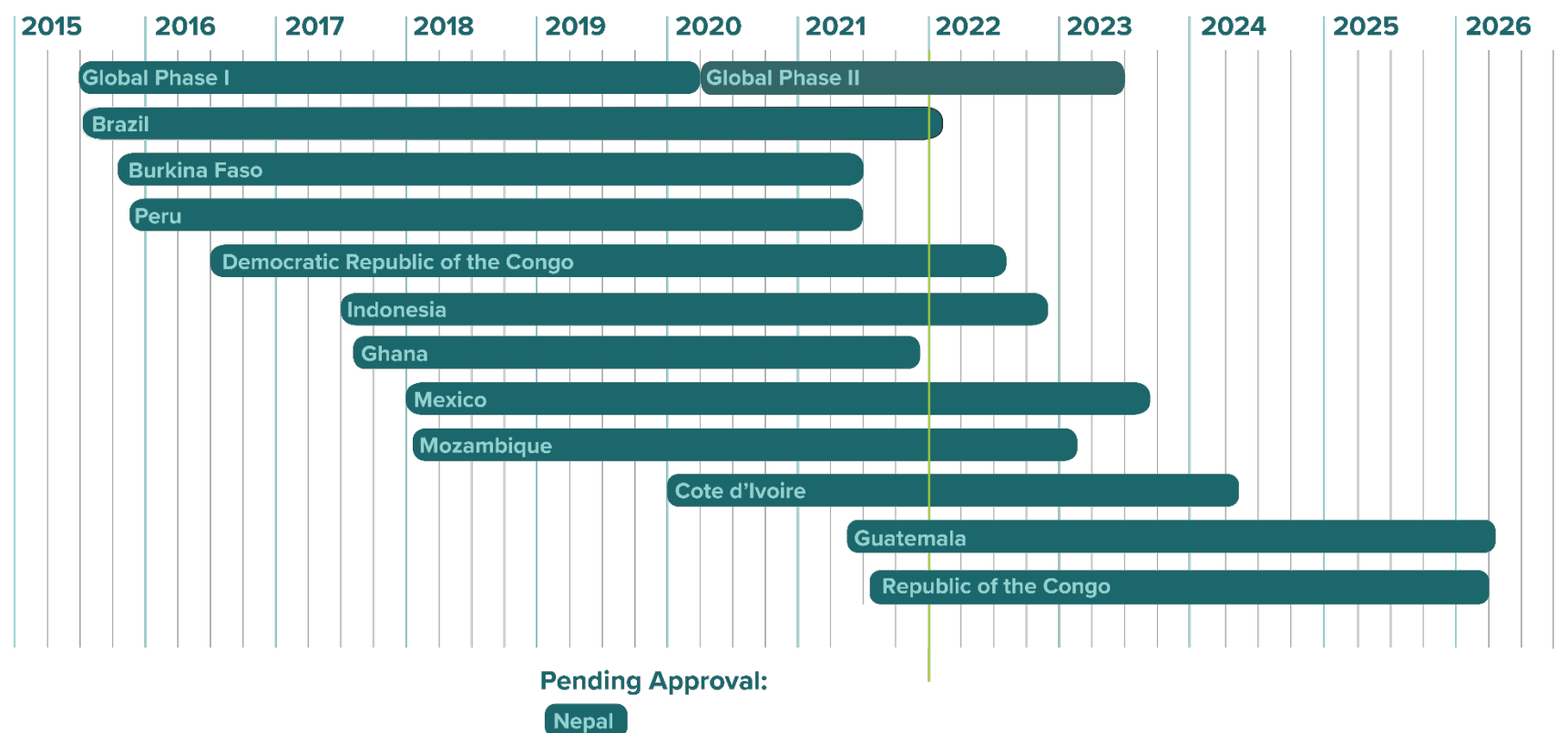
⁴ https://www.climateinvestmentfunds.org/sites/cif_enc/files/meeting-documents/fip_22_3_sar_final1_1.pdf

80.0	70.3
-------------	-------------

4. DGM Project Timeline

While each of the DGM projects lasts approximately five years, their implementation periods are not simultaneous. Instead, they begin implementation once they have met several important pre-conditions, including agreement with the government on a forest investment plan, establishment of a steering committee, selection of an executing agency, and approval by the World Bank and the FIP Subcommittee. Due to the project's staggered implementation, several projects will be ending as others may just be starting.

Figure 1. DGM project Timeline



5. DGM Country Common Indicators

The following indicators have been established by the World Bank as common, requiring aggregation between multiple country projects. Data for these indicators comes from each projects' Implementation Status and Results Report (ISR), which is published on the respective project page of the World Bank's website. A listing of ISRs referenced (with links) is included in Appendix B of this report. The precise framing of the indicators is not consistent between country projects, and not every country project has been required to report on each of these indicators, so the aggregated figures do not necessarily represent the aggregate progress of the DGM as a whole. The deadline for aggregate end targets varies per country and ranges from December 2020 to May 2024. Indicator data for each active country project is provided in its respective section of the report.

Table 2. Percent of subprojects successfully completed and achieved their objectives which are consistent with FIP objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Brazil	N/A	40.6% (26 of 64)	45% (29 of 64) ⁵	75%
	June 2015	Jun. 2021	Dec. 2021	Jan. 2022
Burkina Faso	N/A	43% (37 of 85)	43% (37 of 85)	50%
	May 2015	Aug. 2020	Aug. 2020	Jun. 2021
DRC	N/A	0.00 (0 of 6)	0.00 (0 of 6)	50%
	Feb. 2015	Jan. 2021	Dec. 2021	Jul. 2022
Cote d'Ivoire	0.00	0.00	0.00	75%
	Sep. 2020	May. 2021	May. 2021	May 2024
Ghana ⁶	N/A	15% (33 of 219)	15% (33 of 219) ⁷	65%
	Mar. 2017	Jan. 2021	Jan. 2021	Apr. 2022
Mexico	N/A	0.00 (0 of 94)	0.00 (0 of 94)	75%
	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Aug. 2022
Mozambique	N/A	0.00 (0 of 17)	0.00 (0 of 17)	70%
	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023
Aggregate	N/A	20% (96 of 485)	20% (99 of 485)	75%
	N/A	Jun. 2021	Dec. 2021	May 2024

Note: Country project targets are lower than aggregated target in 4 of 6 countries. DGM Peru and DGM Indonesia do not report on this indicator.

⁵ DGM Brazil reports 29 of the 64 subprojects having officially completed and closed. However 37 is the number of subprojects that have completed all of their original field interventions and are finalizing financial reports.

⁶ DGM Ghana reports on "65% of community initiatives that are successfully completed and achieve their stated objective, which are consistent with REDD+ and FIP objectives."

⁷ DGM Ghana defines "completion" as the activity was successful, not done.

Table 3. People in targeted forest and adjacent communities with increased monetary or non-monetary benefits from forests, disaggregated by gender

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Burkina Faso	0	24,332	24,332	8,000
	Jun. 2015	Dec. 2028	Nov. 2019	Jun. 2021
Cote d'Ivoire	0	0	0	1,100
	Aug. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021	May 2024
DRC	0	27,129	27,129	15,000
	Feb. 2015	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2020	Jul. 2022
Indonesia	0	5.18	7,910 ⁸	700
	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Nov. 2022
Mexico	0	520	3,569	2,500
	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Aug. 2022
Aggregate	0	59,841	62,940	N/A
	N/A	Jun. 2021	Dec. 2021	N/A

Note: DGM Brazil is no longer required to report on this indicator as of the project's 2nd restructuring.⁹

Table 4. Percent of participants in the capacity development activities with increased role in the FIP and other REDD+ processes at local, national, or global levels

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Burkina Faso (Number)	0	40	102 ¹⁰	35
	May 2015	Dec. 2018	Nov. 2019	Jun. 2021
Cote d'Ivoire	0	0	0	75%
	Sep. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021	May 2024
Indonesia	N/A	87%	86% ¹¹	75%
	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Nov. 2022
Mexico	N/A	94%	94%	75%
	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Aug. 2022
Mozambique	N/A	35%	35%	60%
	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023
Aggregate	N/A	72%¹²	63%¹³	75%
	N/A	Jun. 2021	Dec. 2021	May. 2024

⁸ In the latest ISR, the World Bank noted a discrepancy in this indicator and its breakdown indicator between the unit of measure used and recorded in this reporting period and in previous ISRs (using "number - thousand") and unit of measure under end target (using "number").

⁹ <http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/610341550792431177/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-BR-DGM-for-Indigenous-People-and-Traditional-Communities-P143492.pdf>

¹⁰ Ibid.

¹¹ The current actual number has been corrected based on recalculation of headcounts.

¹² Simple average of percentages in reporting country projects; missing updates from Mozambique and Burkina Faso.

¹³ Simple average of percentages in reporting country projects; missing updates from Mozambique and Burkina Faso.

Notes: Country project targets are lower than aggregate target in at least 1 of 5 countries. DGM Brazil is no longer required to report on this indicator as of the project's 2nd restructuring. The indicator for DGM Burkina Faso is framed as a number rather than a percentage and is not included in the aggregation.

Table 5. Percent of grievances registered related to delivery of project benefits that are addressed

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Brazil	N/A	100% (13/13)	100% (16/16)	100%
	Oct. 2014	Jun. 2021	Dec. 2021	Jan. 2022
Cote d'Ivoire	N/A	0	0	100%
	Sep. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021	May 2024
DRC	N/A	93%	75%	85%
	Feb. 2015	Dec. 2020	Aug. 2021	Jul. 2022
Ghana	N/A	100% (33/33)	100% (33/33)	100%
	Mar. 2017	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2021	Apr. 2022
Indonesia	N/A	67% (2/3)	80%	70%
	Mar. 2017	May. 2021	Dec. 2021	Nov. 2022
Mexico	N/A	100% (209/209)	100%	100%
	Jan. 2018	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021	Aug. 2022
Mozambique	N/A	100%	100%	80%
	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023
Peru	N/A	100%	100%	100%
	Aug. 2016	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021	Dec. 2020
Aggregate	N/A	94%¹⁴	93%	100%
	N/A	Jun. 2021	Dec. 2021	May 2024

Note: Country project targets are lower than aggregate target in 3 of 7 countries. Missing updated information on Ghana, Mozambique, and DRC grievances, other than percentage addressed, as reported in ISRs.

¹⁴ Simple average of percentages in reporting country projects; missing quantity of grievances in DRC, Mozambique and Ghana.

6. Progress by Project

6.1. Brazil

6.1.1. Project Overview

The Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples, Traditional Communities, and Quilombolas of the Cerrado ([DGM Brazil](#)) was designed with two main objectives: (i) to strengthen the engagement of the Cerrado biome's Indigenous Peoples and Traditional Communities (IPTCs) in FIP, REDD+, and similar climate change-oriented programs at the local, national, and global level; and (ii) to contribute towards improving livelihoods, land use, and sustainable forest management in their territories. To achieve these objectives, DGM Brazil's activities are structured according to the following three [components](#): (i) Sustainable and Adaptive Community Initiatives, (ii) Capacity Building and Institutional Strengthening, and (iii) Project Management, Monitoring, and Evaluation.

6.1.2. Activity Update

COVID-19

COVID-19 caused a multitude of interruptions and changes within the DGM Brazil project and NEA, specifically in the activities planned for the year. In August 2020, the World Bank approved a restructuring of the project per a request by the NSC. As part of the restructuring, the NSC requested to readjust several activities initially planned to occur in person and to create a subcomponent linked to the "Immediate Response Window." This subcomponent would carry out emergency response actions for beneficiaries of the 64 subprojects. Upon obtaining approval for the restructuring, between July 2020 and March 2021, approximately 2,800 families and 59 organizations benefited, either through financial support or the acquisition of food, hygiene items, and personal protective equipment.

In 2021, COVID-19 worsened in Brazil with an escalating number of deaths. DGM Brazil continued to face many challenges which required them to continue adapting activities using various virtual tools and not carrying out in-person engagements that were initially planned. COVID-19 cases and deaths began to plateau with the mass vaccination campaigns between July and December, however the project was still unable to resume in-person activity. Due to this situation, the NSC members at the 16th NSC meeting (virtual) decided to reallocate the remaining balance from components 1 (community initiatives) and 2 (capacity building and

DGM Brazil	
Funding	US\$6.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
14 voting members, 1 non-voting member	
9 men – 5 women	
6 indigenous representatives	
6 local community representatives	
2 government representatives	
1 alternate	
National Executing Agency:	
<i>Centro de Agricultura Alternativa do Norte de Minas (CAA/NM)</i>	
Key Dates	
National Steering Committee Established	Mar. 2014
National Executing Agency Selected	Oct. 2014
Approved by World Bank Board	Mar. 2015
Effectiveness Date	Jun. 2015
Implementation Start	Jun. 2015
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Jun. 2015
Effectiveness Date	Jun. 2015
First Call for Subproject Proposals	Jan. 2016
First Subprojects Funded	Jun. 2017
Implementation End	Dec. 2021
Closing Date	Jan. 2022
Global Steering Committee member:	
Lucely Pio	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Alberto Costa	
NEA Contact:	
Alvaro Alves Carrara alvaro@caa.org.br	

institutional strengthening) for a new call for proposals aimed at supporting institutional strengthening of DGM Brazil subprojects, networks, and NEA.

Since the beginning of the pandemic in March 2020, the beneficiaries, and partners of the DGM Brazil project have experienced difficulties driven by the health crisis, such as COVID-19 outbreaks in villages, quilombos, and traditional communities, as well as difficulties with internet access, the death of elders, food insecurity, and difficulties generated by social isolation. Notwithstanding all of these challenges, it is worth noting the high participation rates of the subproject representatives in the project's final seminars as a representation of their resilience during the pandemic, considering that a large portion of these participants, especially the Indigenous representatives, had to travel from their homes to a location with internet access. This is also a reflection of the level of their involvement and commitment from the project's conception to its closeout.

Programmatic Progress

During the 16th NSC meeting on August 13, 2021, the committee proposed that the remaining funds (15%) from components 1,2, and 3 be used to purchase vehicles and equipment for DGM Brazil community subprojects and national and regional networks. The 60 subprojects were offered the option of acquiring a motorcycle and the 5 networks that form the NSC (Rede Cerrado, CONAQ, MIQCB, MOPIC, and APOINME) were offered a vehicle. The regional networks (Articulação Pacari, Associação Vyty Cati, Conselho do Povo Terena, Articulação Rosalino de Povos e Comunidades Tradicionais), that are also part of the NSC were offered two motorcycles each. To receive equipment, community subprojects and NSC networks were required to submit an expression of interest. The call for expressions of interest (EOI) was launched on August 23, 2021 and the NEA received 52 EOIs from community subprojects, 5 from national networks and 4 from regional networks.

Subsequently during the 17th NSC meeting, the NEA presented a financial summary of the remaining project balance that needed to be used before the closeout. Considering the remaining project time available for acquisition, the NEA proposed using the balance to purchase IT materials for the NSC networks as follows: 1) Network strengthening (laptops and monitors for 11 NSC networks), 2) computers for NSC phase 2, and 3) NEA institutional strengthening (IT server, vehicle, and tractor to improve agroecology training area). It is important to note that these proposals were approved in accordance with the World Bank's regulations to carry out the turnover (change of financial resources per component) of up to 15% considering the total amount of resources allocated per component when the TF 18765-BR Donation Agreement was signed.

However, in January 2022, the NEA identified that DGM Brazil exceeded the planned amounts for additional purchases and for the completion of Phase 1 of the project due to an error in monitoring the project balance. The expected balance that would allow additional purchases was overestimated and, of the 32 motorcycles planned (subprojects + regional coverage networks), the NEA was forced to cancel the purchases of 26 motorcycles. In addition, to cover other expenses already contracted and which are also above the available budget, the NEA had to apply part of its Institutional Funds. In summary, of the



Figure 2. Delivery of IT equipment during the subproject's final week of activities.

equipment proposed, the following were purchased: 1) 6 motorcycles to strengthen community subprojects; 2) 25 cultivators with carts to strengthen community subprojects; 3) 5 vehicles with carts to strengthen the networks that make up the NSC; 4) 4 computers for NSC members; 5) desktop computers + notebooks for 11 networks; 6) computer servers for the NEA.

DGM Brazil hired a consulting firm *JDL Associated Consultants* to provide support in legal, fiscal, and accounting regularization of subproject associations. *JDL Associated Consultants* worked directly with a focal point from each of the 30 associations. Of the 30 associations identified, 24 were able to proceed with the service. In summary: 1) the consultancy provided approximately 80 training hours and coordination with each association to discuss issues regarding the administrative and financial manual made available by the consultancy, collection of information for the elaboration of the new by-laws, among others; 2) efforts were employed in the elaboration of power of attorney, request for access with the Federal, State and Municipal agencies, elaboration of materials, conference of by-laws, manual correction, elaboration of presentations, individual dialogues with each association, elaboration of letters, consultations with the control agencies; 3) From a total of 30 Organizations, the consultancy obtained the issuance of 26 Federal Debt Clearance Certificates, as well as the issuance of 30 labor certificates; 4) At the state level, it was possible to guarantee the issuance of a Debt Clearance Certificate for 25 organizations; 5) At the municipal level, 23 Debt Clearance Certificates were issued; and around 50 statements were sent out resulting from the labor scope for the 2021 fiscal year.

Throughout this reporting period, DGM Brazil delivered the supplies requested by subprojects and networks in the first “Strengthening subprojects” call for expressions of interest. The call was launched in November 2020 and the delivery of equipment was completed in January 2022. The second call for expressions of interest, was reported above.

Over the 6 years of DGM Brazil implementation, the main challenge faced by the NEA was the disbursement of financial resources, which was significantly affected due to routine dollar exchange rate variations. Given the exchange rate at the time of signing the Donation Agreement with the World Bank in 2015, there was a projection that the US\$ 6,500,000.00 applied would result in an amount of approximately R\$ 19,000,000.00 over 4 years of implementation. As the years went by, there was a great devaluation of the Brazilian currency in comparison to the American dollar, resulting in a total balance of approximately R\$ 29,000,000.00 in 6-years of implementation. In this sense, the main achievement observed during the period of this report was to have executed 100% of the project's financial resources by the end of the contract on 01/31/2022, considering the impacts of the pandemic since March 2020.

The disbursement and implementation of funds highlighted above was achieved through constant dialogue and coordination with the NSC in the search for effective alternatives for the use of the funds obtained from the cancellation of on-site and in-person activities and from the financial exchange earnings. At each NSC meeting, the technical DGM Brazil team presented the current financial status and discussed together with the Steering Committee and the World Bank possible solutions for its implementation, thus resulting in the full use of the donation initially agreed for execution.

The main lesson learned during this reporting period was in regard to the management structure of DGM Brazil throughout the implementation of Phase 1 which ends on 01/31/2022. With the imminence of the arrival of Phase 2, the NEA was faced with the need to reassess the management structure. In this sense, the structure of the institution's Councils (Director, Fiscal and Advisory), bodies that represent the interests of the General Assembly, which are currently composed of 68 caboclos and caboclas in the North of Minas Gerais recommended a recomposition of the key technical team for Phase 2. The recommendation is justified by the will expressed by the councilors to rethink and reorganize the

decentralized management structure used in Phase 1, which was composed of specific coordination, monitoring, administrative management, communication, and executive secretariat. The evaluation made by the NEA Council's structure was that this format brought difficulties for the internalization of the DGM Brazil project among its historical bases, which would like to participate more actively in the whole process. In the same way, the proposal to unify the management structure will allow the CAA/NM institutional staff to also participate more actively in the execution of the project.

DGM Brazil Phase 2

During the 11th Extraordinary NSC meeting on October 29, 2021, the World Bank provided an update from CIF on the proposal for a second phase informing members that due to the project's performance, additional finance had been made available totaling US\$900,000.00 to be executed within 24 months. A proposal was prepared, which included the same characteristics as Phase 1 such as being participative and collectively designed with the movements, articulations, and representations of Indigenous peoples, quilombolas, and traditional communities of the Brazilian cerrado. In addition, the World Bank recommended that the Phase 1 final seminar include a space for discussion and consultation on the institutional design of phase 2. The objective of Phase 2 is to "support green and resilient development among Indigenous peoples, quilombolas and traditional communities of the Brazilian cerrado, contributing to reducing the impacts of climate change." The project will have 3 key components: Component 1 - Community Subprojects (US\$550,000), to support 18 subprojects preferably from entities that were not supported in phase 1; Component 2 - Capacity Building, Networking and Knowledge Exchange (US\$230,000), includes bimonthly NSC meetings; 2 project management capacity building events; 4 climate change capacity building events; as well as the development of a Platform for Sharing Experiences and Lessons Learned. Component 3 - Management, Communication, Monitoring and Evaluation (US\$120,000).

Between July and December 2021, DGM Brazil responded to 8 requests for support from NSC members to improve internet connectivity for participation in virtual activities, this included purchasing and installing rural antennas, internet towers, and paying internet plans. Of the 8 requests, 4 were completed and the remaining 4 experienced issues due to weak internet signals, budgetary constraints or information not received on time.

In addition, during the reporting period the NSC held the 15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th NSC meetings and the 11th Extraordinary NSC meeting. DGM Brazil which is scheduled to end on January 31, 2022 also organized a final seminar series "DGM Brazil Final Seminars: Legacies for the Communities" across 3 days with the support of a facilitation firm. The seminar was organized in 3 virtual regional seminars, covering 3 regions of the cerrado biome, presenting the results achieved, and exploring social protagonism and local development, protection of the socio-biodiversity of the territories, and climate change, in addition to consulting and collecting contributions for the institutional design of Phase 2 of the DGM/FIP/Brazil Project, recently submitted by the team responsible for the Environment, Natural

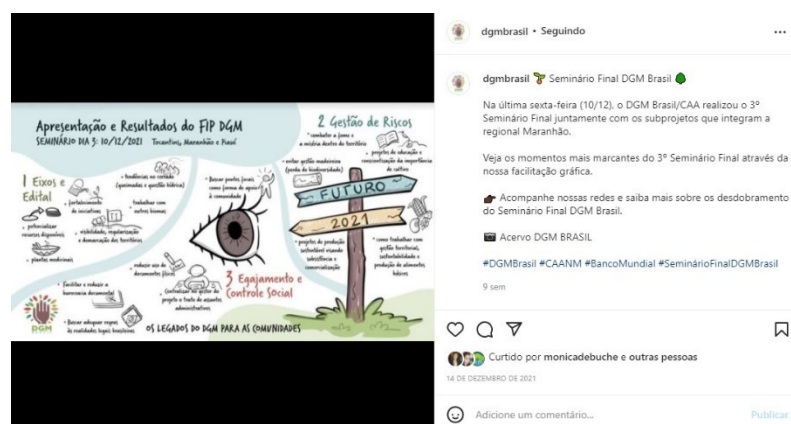


Figure 3. Graphic facilitation of the results presented during DGM Brazil's final seminar.

Resources and Global Practice of the Blue Economy - Latin America and Caribbean Region, linked to the World Bank and CIF.

DGM Global Learning Fellow

Edna Correia, quilombola leader of the Gorutuba community (Jaíba/MG) and coordinator of the Federation of Quilombola Communities of the State of Minas Gerais - N' Golo was selected as a 2021 DGM Global Learning fellow. Through the fellowship she was able to share her experiences and learnings in the implementation of subprojects 139 - *Quilombola resistance and social sustainability - Territorial, environmental management and social organization of quilombola communities of the State of Minas Gerais (N'golo)* and 241 - *Promotion of Territorial and Environmental Management in the Gorutuba quilombo: Socio-environmental mobilization for resilience in the face of climate change* (Quilombola Association of Gorutuba).

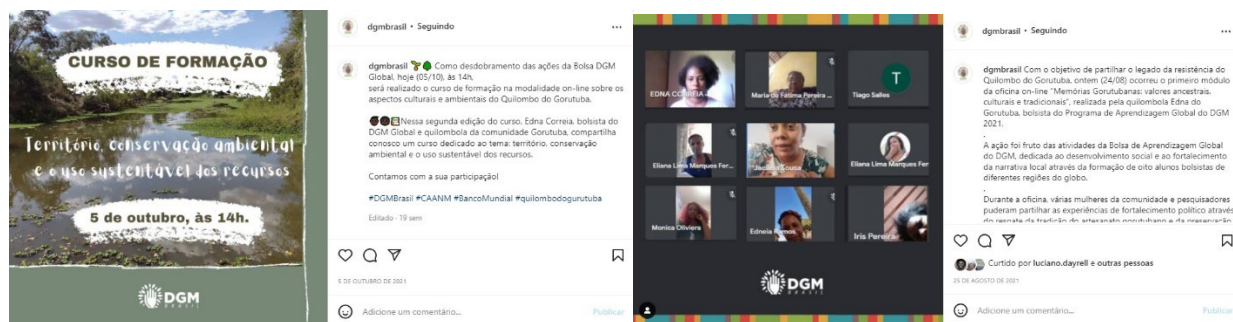


Figure 4. Flyer promoting DGM Global fellow, Edna's workshop on territories, environmental conservation and natural resource use, alongside a screenshot of the event.

Aiming to share the legacy of resistance of the Gorutuba Quilombo, Edna organized a virtual workshop entitled "*Gorutuban Memories: ancestral, cultural and traditional values*" on 08/24/2021. During the workshop, several women from the community and researchers were able to share their experiences of political empowerment through the Gorutuban handcraft tradition and the environmental preservation of the traditional territory. According to Edna, this activity enabled local empowerment through collective dialogue about the Gorutuban identity. On 11/12/2021, Edna held a second workshop entitled "*Institutional and Community Strengthening*", which sought to promote an exchange of experiences between the leaders of the Quilombo do Gurutuba and representatives of NGOs and CSOs. During the meeting, the need for community organization to share traditional knowledge for the new generations was pointed out, thus enabling the dialogue about the various strategies and challenges for the articulation of traditional communities in the current scenario. DGM Brazil provided technical and communications support to Edna during all of these workshops.



Figure 5. Flyer promoting DGM Global fellow Edna's workshop on institutional and community strengthening.

Communications

During this reporting period, the project's main communications achievements have been audiovisual production, social media engagement, and press releases. To ensure communications are inclusive, culturally appropriate, and accessible DGM Brazil uses communication as a strategic tool for empowerment to reverberate the voices of Indigenous peoples, quilombolas, and traditional communities. The DGM Brazil Phase 1 communication focused its efforts on showing the legacy of the DGM Brazil projects in their territories, strengthening these peoples beyond the project, through a popular and networked communication that transforms reality and benefits organizations and the target audience of the DGM Brazil Project.

With the completion of subprojects, communication focused on updating the data on the website and producing articles. In addition, the NEA provided subprojects with support in communication products (calendar and booklets) that are part of the subprojects' individual communication plans, including videos, booklets, labels, etc.

Due to COVID-19, the DGM Brazil team held three virtual final DGM Brazil Seminars, through the moderation of the consulting firm Neotrópica - Sustentabilidade Ambiental. The event was attended by representatives of the sub-projects, representatives of non-governmental organizations and governmental bodies, and was held through the Zoom platform, with sections for presentation, dialogue, and event evaluation at the end. During the three days, the event was evaluated as: regular, good and very good. Over the three days, more than 90% of the participants evaluated the event as very good.

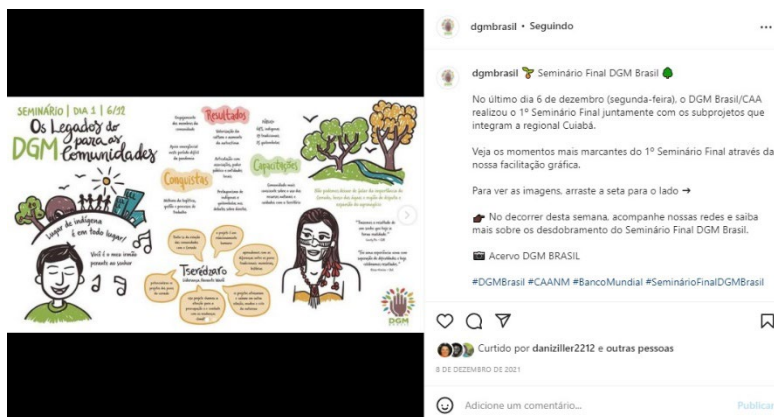


Figure 6. Graphic facilitation of the key moments of the DGM Brazil final seminar.

During this reporting period, DGM Brazil created graphic and informative materials about DGM Brazil and distributed it through institutional press releases while promoting the Final Seminars of DGM Brazil phase 1, which were attended by subproject representatives and members of NGOs, CSOs, and government agencies. To systematize and document learnings and achievements throughout the project, DGM Brazil will launch the following three publications: Guide to the Rights of the Cerrado Peoples, Book of DGM Brazil Trainings, and a book on lessons learned and achievements of DGM - Brasil: sociobiodiversity, sustainability and protagonism of Indigenous peoples, traditional and Quilombola communities.



Figure 7. Flyer promoting DGM Brazil's 3-day final seminar.

The project's communication department, together with the contracted designer, Luana Santa Brigida, carried out the design of a virtual and interactive exhibition on the DGM Brazil website, with the three publications. This idea was born from the proposal to share with the subprojects the indexes of the actions developed during the first phase of the project. The virtual exhibit will be published on the site after February 15th, 2022.

Social media is the main avenue for communicating with DGM Brazil's audiences. Each social network brings a specific audience, *Facebook* presents a heterogeneity of age among users, ranging from the youngest to an older audience, while *Instagram* has mostly a young audience, between 18 and 35 years old at most, while with *WhatsApp* we managed to have a direct interaction with the audience of the subprojects, especially in the monitoring of bidding processes.

The communication team monitors the project's social media on a monthly basis. The analysis verifies the number of likes and followers of each of the networks (Facebook, Instagram and website), which types of publications had the greatest reach, whether the network grew or decreased in engagement and reach. The goal of social media monitoring is to analyze whether the strategy used is generating considerable results and from this to readjust the planning to have the expected engagement.

During the second half of 2021, we seek to visibilize the online NSC meetings, online subproject evaluations, selection processes for hiring services and consultancies necessary for the execution of the subprojects of the first and second call for proposals, and the sharing of actions related to the cerrado.

On October 12, Facebook banned a post on the DGM Brazil page dedicated to children's rights and subsequently deleted the page, because according to the social network our post conveyed nudity content. However, faced with the ethnic prejudice expressed in the social network's argumentation, DGM Brazil and the legal team of the NEA, CAA NM are leading the construction of an injunction against the social network with the intention of recovering the page.

During the second half of 2021, DGM Brazil maintained social media engagement among the virtual community on Instagram, with higher growth between the months of December and November. At the moment, the profile has 770 posts, 2,940 followers, and maintains a weekly growth of 5%.

Monitoring and Evaluation

Subproject monitoring through SIGCAA, has allowed for the compilation of updated information about the physical/financial execution of subprojects, and the presentation of measures adopted by the NEA, to resolve problems. As of December 2021, 62 subproject concluded activities and the 2 remaining subprojects had implemented over 50% of budget for activities.

Gender

The two calls for proposals published by DGM Brazil in 2016 and 2018 were aimed at increasing the participation of community members, including women, youth, and the elderly. Subproject proposals were evaluated based on specific criteria, including the pre-requisite of the inclusion of women, youth or elderly. A specific score was given to proposals that met the pre-requisite.

Although both calls encouraged the submission of proposals led by women, this criterion was not exclusive in the proposal phase. The criterion of participation and involvement of women was worked out in the classification and scoring phase of the proposals that were qualified in the first phase of each call for proposals. Of the total 64 subprojects supported, the DGM Brazil Project has benefited 11,041 (51.28%) women. In the 13 subprojects led or whose benefits are directly for women, 1,344 women directly benefited.

Subproject: Strengthening of Subproject – Call for Expressions #2

Implementing Organization: Interstate Movement of Babassu Coconut Breakers (MIQCB)

In the states where the Interstate Movement of Babassu Coconut Breakers (MIQCB) operates, Maranhão, Pará, Tocantins, and Piauí, several companies interested in the commercial exploitation of biodiversity products have accessed traditional communities. Government agencies have considered the advent of these companies as an incentive to their development model and has facilitated their installation in these states. However, the arrival of these companies is not peaceful, since their interests diverge from those of the communities that live and use the resources of specific territories, such as the coconut breakers, indigenous people, and quilombolas, their arrival has caused instability and insecurity.

Over the years, this situation has mobilized the babassu nut breakers, because only through organization can they confront the situation. Today, the MIQCB is organized in six regions, each of which has its own coordination that sets its own agendas, one in the state of Pará, one in Piauí, and four in Maranhão. However, it is a big challenge to keep these regions dialoguing, exchanging experiences and joining forces, so that the movement can grow and become stronger.

Through the support of the "Strengthening of Subprojects" – Call for Expressions of Interest #2, on 12/18/2021 as a national NSC network, the MIQCB received a car to carry out its activities, which was received with great satisfaction by its board of directors, mostly made up of women babassu nut breakers.

Subproject: Subproject 212 - Quilombos Valley: Negras Cerrado

Implementing Organization: Associação Remanescente dos Quilombos de Pedra Preta (Arquipep)

The Vale dos Quilombos - Negras do Cerrado project aims at economically empowering the women of the Pedra Preta Quilombo, located between the cities of Manga and Montalvânia (MG), through workshops on processing Cerrado fruit; good practices in food production; production of jams and jellies, liqueurs, quitandas, cakes and snacks, and through the construction of a community kitchen for processing these Cerrado fruit and other family farming products, complementing family income by selling the products.

The initiative has as a proponent the Associação Remanescente dos Quilombos de Pedra Preta (Arquipep), whose focus is environmental protection and recovery, through the preservation of natural resources and harmonious coexistence with nature. The goal is to promote collective economic and social development, with the improvement, preservation, extraction, and strengthening of the typical Cerrado fruits. At the end of December 2021, the subproject ended its physical and financial activities, in a moment that also marked the inauguration of the multi-purpose unit for processing fruits from the Cerrado. It also received inputs for institutional strengthening that came to equip the newly created institutional office of the association.

Activity: Financial and logistical support for the event "Territory, Tradition and Resistance" (APOINME Women's Department)

APOINME is one of the networks that make up the NSC of the DGM/FIP/Brazil Project. It is an instance of political and leadership formation, whose spaces start from the daily life in the villages, moving from internal organizations to the articulation of peoples with the State, at state, national and even international levels. The headquarters are located in Olinda, in the state of Pernambuco, but its coverage also includes base organizations from other states, such as Alagoas, Bahia, Paraíba, Piauí, Rio Grande do Norte, Sergipe, Minas Gerais and Espírito Santo. In terms of population, it represents more than 78 groups and more than 213,000 indigenous people. After deliberation by the NSC, the DGM/FIP/Brazil Project provided financial resources for the event "Territory, Tradition and Resistance", an event promoted by the Department of Indigenous Women DMI/APOINME, which took place between September 27-30, 2021, in the Mata da Cafurna village in the indigenous territory of the Xucuku Kariri people, in the state of Alagoas. At the end of the event, the Department of Indigenous Women-DMI read the final document, presented and approved by the plenary. Soon after the reading, the women present committed to implementable actions on behalf of DMI and its women's base.

Subprojects

SIGCAA, DGM Brazil's monitoring system provides updated and accurate subproject information. Currently 2 subprojects are still active and 62 have closed out.

	Brazil
Quantity	64
Total (USD)	2,480,904.91
Average (USD)	38,753.63
Maximum (USD)	50,409.09
Minimum (USD)	19,588.14

Table 6. DGM Brazil subproject's thematic lines

Main topics	Number of Subprojects
Ecosystems restoration with native Cerrado species (springs and degraded areas)	15
Support for small agroindustry's, processing, and marketing of Cerrado socio-biodiversity products	15
Surveillance and territorial and environmental management	11
Agroecological production	10
Strengthening of artisan production	5
Institutional strengthening of representative and support organizations	4
Community-based tourism	4

The following subprojects were selected by the NEA as successful DGM Brazil subprojects.

<u>Subproject:</u> 181- Ka'a Roky (Sprouting Plants)
<u>Implementing Organization:</u> Socio-Environmental Support and Incentive Network (RAIS)
<p>The Ka'a Roky (Plantas Brotando) project, proposed by the Network of Support and Socio-Environmental Incentives, stems from a demand of the community itself, which wishes to undertake actions for the revitalization of springs and the recovery of traditional processes of productive backyards of the families of the community, as well as the involvement of the school, as a productive backyard and the proposition of environmental education practices in its curriculum. Therefore, the initiative aims to foster the production of native fruit trees and crops that are easy to implement, with a participatory and agro-ecological methodology, empowering the families involved and respecting the traditional production logic.</p> <p>Improvement of the environmental conditions of a spring; Training of environmental agents to foster the production of fruit trees and traditional crops in the backyards of a group of families; Carrying out an intra-generational exchange between Guarani communities to exchange experiences, practices, and knowledge about traditional crops; Implementation of environmental education in the village school curriculum; Operational support for the project.</p> <p>RAIS recently submitted a proposal to continue the actions started in subproject 181 for the Institute for Society, Population and Nature (ISPN) Call for Proposals, and was approved. The activities of this new phase will have a duration of one year.</p>

Subproject: 108 - Agro-extractivist Multipurpose Unit in the village of Brejão
Implementing Organization: Hanaiti Yomono Association
<p>The project Multipurpose Agro-extractive Unit in the Brejão Village oversees a market study and the construction of a multipurpose kitchen in order to meet the demands of the Hanaiti Yomomo Association, based in the municipality of Nioaque (MS). The aim is to strengthen the commercialization of agriculture and traditional handicrafts produced by the indigenous Terena people, and thus enhance income generation and the appreciation of local culture. Founded on June 30, 2010 by 12 women who fight for gender equality in their indigenous territory, the Hanaiti Yomomo Association is a non-profit association, which aims to hold meetings and cultural, social, civic, artistic and sports training, in order to complement and enhance indigenous education. It also promotes exchanges and participation in fairs and seminars, in partnership with similar entities.</p> <p>Construction and equipping of a multipurpose unit; technical monitoring, management, and evaluation of the project.</p> <p>Recently, the Hanaiti Yomono Association submitted a proposal to continue the actions started in subproject 108 for the Institute for Society, Population and Nature (ISPN) Call for Proposals, and was approved. The activities of this new phase will have a duration of one year.</p>

Challenges

Between July and December 2021, one of the main challenges for the DGM Brazil Project were the initial delays and then overwhelming volume of payments for services and acquisition of goods in subprojects. Due to COVID-19 restrictions and delays, DGM Brazil subprojects were unable to acquire goods and services and thus use project funds. However, in November 2020 the bidding and payment process resumed in great volume.

An added challenge was the shortage of supplies caused by the pandemic and constant changes to procurement plans. Many suppliers had challenges in meeting deadlines necessary for implementing activities and extensions were requested to deliver supplies. This request for extensions was due to the long processing times by factories and limited supply.

Grievance Redress

DGM Brazil has an active Grievance Redress Mechanism that was established in 2015. Grievances, complaints, comments, and requests for information may be submitted by mail, telephone, email, or through a specific form on the DGM Brazil [website](#).

To date, DGM Brazil has received 16 questions/grievances through its Grievance Redress Mechanism, 15 of which have been resolved. 3 new grievances were received in the current reporting period.

Lesson learned: After the NSC deliberated on the use of the remaining balance of the DGM/FIP Brazil Project and the reallocation of components and subcomponents, a process of demobilization of the Project's technical and administrative team began, due to the end of the collaborators' contracts, generating a major challenge for the completion of the planned actions. This process, which is common in projects in the finalization phase, demanded greater efforts from the remaining team. The Calls for Institutional Strengthening (1 and 2) generated demands for the purchase of products and inputs in significant quantities in the subprojects as a whole, with difficulties in finding suppliers that meet the needs set out in the public notice, such as distribution and delivery of products in the various

communities and states of the Brazilian Cerrado, in addition to the requirements of the World Bank, which required greater efforts from the administrative team, now fewer in number, to complete the bidding and procurement processes. As such, when it became necessary to cancel the acquisitions in January 2022 due to the project's budget constraint, a number of complaints were received from the subproject representatives, which arrived via *WhatsApp* and were not necessarily formalized in the DGM/FIP/Brazil Project's complaint mechanism, all of which were answered directly. Likewise, two institutional communications were issued to the subprojects justifying the cancellation of some acquisitions.

Progress and Results

DGM Brazil held two calls for subproject proposals in the Cerrado region. Due to the large number of subprojects selected in the first two calls (64), the third call for Expressions of Interest (EOIs) was dropped. Subprojects vary widely by thematic lines with the most demanded type of subproject being the processing of fruits, nuts and non-timber forest products of the Cerrado. The second most demanded type of subproject is the restoration of the vegetative cover, springs and water courses in degraded areas.

In 2021, DGM Brazil launched two calls for expressions of interest under the "Strengthening Subprojects" activity. In June 2021, the country program underwent a third restructuring, resulting in changes to the loan closing date, reallocation between disbursement categories, components and cost, and disbursement entities. The indicator data and results of DGM Brazil are collected from the project's latest ISR, published in October 2021 and updates provided by the NEA.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 7. Cerrado biome's IPTC representatives supported in conservation and other REDD+ related processes at regional, national and global level (Number)

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	27	34	24
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: The indicator was revised¹⁵ to have more equivalence with the common DGM program indicator, and it will be measured based on narrative evidence on participation in each event.

Table 8. Community based subprojects that generated livelihood benefits to the communities (Percentage)

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	NEA Update	End Target
--	-----------------	---------------	---------------	---------------

¹⁵ Previously "Participating indigenous peoples' and traditional communities' organizations with increased involvement, role and voice in REDD+/climate change decision-making bodies/meetings at local, national, or global levels" – last updated to 12 in October 2016; Target remains the same as prior to revision.

Total	0	0	89%	50%
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022	Jan. 2022

Note: Fifty-nine subprojects have concluded their interventions, but the final questionnaire/assessment has not yet been done to be able to report on this indicator.

Table 9. Land area under sustainable landscape management practices (area in hectares)

	Previous ISR	NEA Update	End Target
Total	447	707	600
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: This indicator was added to capture actual results of the subproject interventions related with land management.

Intended beneficiaries that are aware of project information and agree with project-supported investments

Note: This indicator was dropped because it is an eligibility criterion (there is a requirement of the subprojects' approval process that intended beneficiaries are aware and in agreement with the proposed investments) rather than an indicator of the achievement of project development objectives.

People in forest & adjacent communities with monetary/non-monetary benefits from forests

Note: This indicator was dropped because it is redundant with the indicator of direct community-based beneficiaries.

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 10. Community-based subprojects completed (percentage)

	Previous NEA Update	NEA Update	End Target
Total	48%	84% ¹⁶	75%
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

¹⁶ This value refers to the 54 subprojects that have concluded all the subproject activities, and have no pending financial, legal documentation, reports, and safeguards. Of the 10 subprojects that still have pending issues, these refer to pending reports, but all the accounts rendered are unresolved, as well as the social and environmental safeguards unresolved.

Note: This indicator was added to measure the rate of completion of subprojects according to the CAA monitoring system and the targets established per subproject. To date, 37 subprojects have completed their field activities. 29 subprojects have completed both field and financial responsibilities.

Table 11. Current and up-to-date project information available and made public through social media on a regular basis (Yes/No)

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: This indicator was added to register the efforts made by the project to increase awareness of the challenges being addressed and the outcomes of the project's advocacy dimension.

Table 12. Community based subproject beneficiaries (Number, Custom)¹⁷

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	34,780	34,780	18,000
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: A new PDO indicator was included to capture the "beneficiaries of subproject investments."

Table 13. Indigenous Peoples Beneficiaries

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	55.7%	55.7%	60%
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Table 14. Female Beneficiaries

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	51.28%	51.28%	30%

¹⁷ Revised from "Direct Project Beneficiaries;" last updated to 34,780 as of June 2019; End target has been increased from 6,000 to 18,000.

Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022
------	-----------	-----------	-----------

Table 15. Community-based subproject beneficiaries satisfied with technical assistance provided by the project (Percentage, Custom)¹⁸

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	100%	100%	75%
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: This indicator was revised to clearly demonstrate that this indicator is only related with component 1.

Table 16. Indigenous Peoples and Traditional Communities representative organizations provided with capacity building (Number, Custom)¹⁹

	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	188	188	180
Date	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: This indicator was revised to better measure the full set of capacity building activities being provided by the project, which are not only related to improved management of forest and land use.

Share of project beneficiaries that are members of vulnerable or marginalized families (Percentage, Custom)

Note: This indicator has been dropped. All direct project beneficiaries are considered vulnerable, so the results of this indicator would be the same as the "Community-based beneficiaries."

Land users adopting sustainable land management practices as a result of the project

¹⁸ Revised from "Beneficiaries satisfied with technical assistance provided by the project"; No data had previously been reported; Target remains the same.

¹⁹ Revised from "Indigenous Peoples and Traditional Communities representative organizations provided with capacity building support to improve management of forest and land uses" to "Number of Indigenous Peoples and Traditional Communities trained in management of their territories and natural resources;" No data had previously been reported; Target remains the same.

Note: This indicator was replaced by the area under sustainable landscape management practices because it better reflects the outcomes of the project.

Forest Users Trained

Note: This indicator was deleted because it would be redundant with the indicator on direct community-based beneficiaries.

Table 17. Participants in project-supported capacity enhancement activities with increased understanding of REDD+ and climate change

	Baseline	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Total	0%	83.80%	83.80%	80%
Date	Oct. 2014	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Table 18. Grievances registered with regard to the delivery of project benefits that are actually addressed

	Baseline	Previous ISR	Latest ISR	End Target
Grievances Addressed	0	13	16	N/A
Total	N/A	100%	100%	100%
Date	Oct. 2014	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: Data on number of grievances addressed and received comes from preparation of this report. ISR only contains percentage of grievances addressed. During this reporting period, DGM Brazil received 3 grievances, all have been addressed and 1 is pending resolution.

Table 19. COVID-19 Support Grant Beneficiaries (Number, Custom)

	Baseline	Previous ISR	NEA Update	End Target
Total	0	7,589	11,911	6,250
Date	Sep. 2020	Mar. 2021	Oct. 2021	Jan. 2022

Note: This indicator is new per the project's restructuring in October 2020. This number was obtained by multiplying 4.2 by the number of family signatures, which accounted for 2,786 signatures on the

accountability lists sent by the 58 institutions. This value of 4.2 was estimated as the average number of people that make up each family nucleus that received the benefit.

Upcoming Activities

Table 20. DGM Brazil Upcoming Activities January – June 2022

Approximate Timing	Activity
Jan-Jun 2022	Completion of Phase 1
Jan-Jun 2022	Preparation of Phase 2

6.2. Burkina Faso

6.2.1. Project Overview

The Local Forest Communities Support Project ([DGM Burkina Faso](#)) was designed to strengthen the capacity of local communities in targeted regions of Burkina Faso to participate in REDD+ programs at local, national, and global levels. To achieve this objective, DGM Burkina Faso has structured its activities according to three [components](#): (i) Development of managerial and technical capacities and skills of local communities, (ii) Support for the development of economic and sustainable natural resource management activities, and (iii) Coordination, management, monitoring, and evaluation.

6.2.2. Activity Update

Programmatic Progress

The project officially closed on June 30, 2021 with the adoption of a completion report by the members of the NSC.

DGM Burkina Faso	
Funding:	US\$4.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
22 total NSC members	
10 voting members (7 male/3 female)	
12 non-voting members	
National Executing Agency:	
International Union for the Conservation of Nature (IUCN) – Burkina Faso	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	Sep. 2014
National Executing Agency Selected	Jan. 2015
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Jun. 2015
Approved by World Bank Board	Sep. 2015
Implementation Start	Sep. 2015
Project Effectiveness Date	Oct. 2015
First Call for Subproject Proposals	Jun. 2016
First Subprojects Funded	Mar. 2017
Second Call for Subproject Proposals	Jun. 2017
Implementation End	Jun. 2021
Closing Date	Jun. 2021
Global Steering Committee member:	
Idrissa Zeba	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Lucienne M'Baipor	
NEA Contact:	
Oumarou Seynou Oumarou.seynou@iucn.org	

6.2.3. Progress and Results

The indicator data and results of DGM Burkina Faso are collected from the project's latest ISR, published in August 2020 containing data from July 2020. DGM Burkina Faso closed out project activities in June 2021.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 21. Direct Project Beneficiaries (Number and Percentage)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Total Value	0	98,943	130,219	50,000
Female (% of Total)	0	98,943 ²⁰	78,130 ²¹	40% ²²
Date	May 2015	Nov. 2019	Jul. 2020	June 2021

22. Area restored or re/afforested (hectares)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	814	33,071	2,000
Date	May 2015	Nov. 2019	Jul. 2020	June 2021

Table 23. People in forest & adjacent communities with monetary/non-monetary benefits from forests

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	24,332	24,332	8,000
Date	June 2015	Nov. 2019	Jul. 2020	June 2021

Table 24. Land users adopting sustainable land management practices as a result of the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	2,800	6,706	3,500
Date	June 2015	Nov. 2019	Jul. 2020	June 2021

Table 25. DGM participants with increased role in the FIP and other REDD+ processes at local, national, or global levels

²⁰ The number of reported female direct project beneficiaries in the latest ISR does not appear as a percentage and there are discrepancies between the numerical value and the total number of beneficiaries. These values are being evaluated by the TTL.

²¹ Ibid.

²² Ibid.

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	102	102	35
Date	May 2015	Nov. 2019	Jul. 2020	June 2021

Intermediate Result Indicators

Table 26. Sub-projects successfully completed and achieved their objectives, which are consistent with FIP objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	43%	43%	50%
Date	May 2015	Jan. 2020	Jan. 2020	June 2021

Table 27. Pastoralist and traditional community representative organizations provided with capacity building support to improve management of land uses

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	80	80	40
Date	May 2015	Jan. 2020	Jan. 2020	June 2021

Table 28. Forest users trained

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	895	895	200
Date	May 2015	Jan. 2020	Jan. 2020	June 2021

Table 29. DGM participants with increased role in the FIP and other REDD+ processes at local, national, or global levels

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	177	177	35
Date	May 2015	Jan. 2020	Jan. 2020	June 2021

Table 30. Land tenure related activities implemented

	Baseline	Actual (Latest ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	0	47	47	10
Date	May 2015	Jan. 2020	Jan. 2020	June 2021

6.3. Cote d'Ivoire

6.3.1. Project Overview

The objective of the Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Cote d'Ivoire Project is to strengthen the capacity of targeted local communities to participate in REDD+ processes at the local, national, and global levels. It aims to utilize integrated landscape management more broadly – and to strengthen their role at local, national, and global levels. In so doing, it supports national efforts to address the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation and to promote sustainable forest management. To achieve the project's objectives, DGM Cote d'Ivoire's activities are structured according to the following three [components](#): (i) Capacity building for local communities, (ii) Development and implementation of a performance-based system to reduce pressure on forest resources, and (iii) Project Management, Monitoring, and Communication.

6.3.2. Activity Update

COVID-19 Update

COVID-19 cases in Cote d'Ivoire have increased with a 37% positivity rate. This was due in part to the end of year festivities and gatherings. Due to the restrictive measures, DGM Cote d'Ivoire did not plan many activities, other than the training for NSC members and an NSC/NEA meeting in December 2021.

DGM Cote d'Ivoire is implementing many preventive measures against COVID-19, such as wearing protective masks, hand washing, and social distancing, which continue to be applied at CARE. CARE also maintains communication with all staff via social media and WhatsApp to inform them of COVID-19 cases. Despite no major impacts on the project, there were some delays related to the recruitment of community development specialists. The project team is working on a revised timeline to address this delay and ensure funding in the first quarter of 2022.

Programmatic Progress

There have not been any changes to the project's design. To ensure the objectives of this first year are met, CARE conducted community awareness and training activities for the preparation of microprojects. During this reporting period, the project focused on the following activities:

DGM Cote d'Ivoire	
Funding:	US\$4.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
8 voting members	
8 men – 0 women	
6 observers	
National Executing Agency:	
CARE International	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	
National Executing Agency Selected	
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Mar. 2019
Approved by World Bank Board	Jan. 2020
Implementation Start	Aug. 2020
Project Effectiveness Date	Mar. 2021
Implementation End	Oct. 2023
Closing Date	Apr. 2024
Global Steering Committee member:	
Delphine Ayouo Logbocho Epse Ahoussi / Play Cristophe Sare (alternating representation)	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Salimata Follea	
NEA Contact:	
Losseni Coulibaly Losseni.Coulibaly@care.org	

- **Recruitment of Community Development Specialists:** The announcement was launched in June 2021 and the recruitment of 4 specialists was completed by August 17, 2021. Their field activities started soon thereafter.
- **Information and awareness-raising activities for local communities:** These activities were carried out by specialists in the project's 8 target regions. The specialists informed communities about the existence of a mechanism for granting subsidies to them by the DGM project. 4,449 people participated in the awareness raising activities, and 43% (1,918) of them were women in the first 40 intervention villages.
- **2022 annual workplan:** The annual workplan was prepared by CARE's DGM team from October 18 to 23, 2021 in Yamoussoukro. This plan was revised during the World Bank supervision visit from December 14 to 17, 2021 in Abidjan.
- **Procurement Plan:** The procurement plan for 2022 was developed during the October planning workshop and revised during the World Bank supervision visit in December 2021. The project has continued with the various procurements based on the current plan, including the acquisition of a vehicle, motorcycles, visual tools, and software.
- **Training workshop on the approval process of microprojects:** Dec 8-10, 2021, DGM Cote d'Ivoire held a training for NSC members on good governance, the expression of interest process, microproject selection criteria revision, and the microproject approval process.
- **2nd NSC Meeting:** The 2nd NSC meeting was held on December 12, 2021 in-person at the Lorenzo Hotel in Abidjan with all NSC members, CARE and all the technical institutions of the State. This meeting served to approve the project management documents, namely: the 2022 workplan, the 2022 disbursement plan, the 2022 training plan and the 2022 communication plan, but also to define future actions, especially those of the regional technical committee for the pre-validation of microprojects. These meetings have also helped define a classification and a detailed typology of microprojects to be financed under the DGM in Côte d'Ivoire.
- **Training on building a high-performance team organized by the World Bank:** This training brought together the FIP and DGM teams in Côte d'Ivoire and Benin. It started in April 2021 and ended in August 2021. It was an online session to support the improvement of coordination and collaboration between different team members in the implementation of projects/programs.
- **World Bank support mission to the DGM project:** organized from December 14 to 17, 2021 at the headquarters of CARE Côte d'Ivoire, WB specialists reviewed the entire project and gave CARE a satisfactory rating.

The major achievement during this reporting period was the completion of the call for expressions of interest and the response from communities. From November 1-30, 2021 the project mobilized a significant number of communities and community leaders resulting in 3,971 requests for microprojects that were submitted to the project team. Of the 3,917 expressions of interest, 6% are in agroforestry, 24% in direct farming, 57% in livestock, 4% in goods and services and 9% in trade. They will be analyzed further and the most relevant ones will be retained and financed in 2022.

DGM Cote d'Ivoire received a high number of expressions of interest due to the significant effort by the team to reach these communities and share information with them. 40 communities were visited and DGM Cote d'Ivoire worked directly with community focal points to identify relevant microprojects. To date, the biggest challenge is the selection of relevant microprojects for the first quarter of 2022 and the microproject's various feasibility studies.

In terms of lessons learned, the first is related to the full participation of local committee members, and especially the Regional Chairmen, to support communications with community leaders in villages/communities of intervention. 16 regional activity planning meetings were organized to ensure strong mobilization in the intervention communities. The second is to anticipate activities and improve delivery on deadlines.

Monitoring and Evaluation

The project's Monitoring and Evaluation Manual is currently being developed. A draft is available and was presented during the first NSC meeting. Also, the supervision plan of the DGM project was presented during this first meeting. To finalize the DGM Manual, the WB recommended DGM Cote d'Ivoire contact REDD+ which already has a well-developed manual.

The next steps are:

- Finalization of the manual
- Design of collection tools
- Operationalization of the supervision plan

Microproject Selection

The project has not yet financed any microprojects. However, the selection of microprojects will begin with the establishment of the Regional Technical Committee for the selection of microprojects composed of an agent of Forest Development Company (SODEFOR), National Agency for Rural Development (ANADER), Ivorian Office of Parks and Reserves (OIPR) of Ivorian Observatory of Natural Resources (OIREN) and the President of the Local Committee as approved at the workshop of December 09 to 12, 2021 by the National Steering Committee. This committee is in charge of the pre-selection of micro-projects. Then the pre-selected micro-projects are sent to the WB for no-objection and financing.

The DGM project's GRM will be based on the existing REDD+ grievance mechanism. Thus, two working sessions were held with the Integrated Project Administration Unit (UIAP) Social Safeguards Officer to prepare the next steps for the implementation of this mechanism taking into account the DGM.

In preparation for these steps, CARE conducted a baseline survey during the explanation phase of the EOI on the existence and functionality of the complaint escalation mechanism in these first 40 intervention locations. Initial results indicate that the mechanism has been implemented in 83% of the localities. Some 565 actors have expressed the wish to see this mechanism revitalized in all the intervention regions in order to strengthen existing mechanisms so that it is used much more. According to the existing mechanism, focal points have been identified in the sub-prefectures of the intervention zones. The communities have been informed of the mechanism and the field mission should provide a better understanding, from the DGM's perspective, of how it will work.

The DGM complaint management mechanism is based on the REDD+ mechanism in Côte d'Ivoire. And the process put in place is a succession of management scales from the village to the national level through the deconcentrated/decentralized mechanisms of the State (sub-prefectures, prefectures and regions). Thus, complaints are first registered at the village level, which immediately begins the process of handling them.

This year, a survey was conducted on the GRM showing that the main grievances raised by communities are immediately addressed in village authorities. It is worth noting that:

- 50% of complaints are related to family conflicts²³
- 38% of conflicts are related to land
- 38% are conflicts between farmers and breeders

Communication

At this stage of the project to facilitate communication between the different members of the NSC and CARE NEA, a WhatsApp group has been set up. This group allows for the rapid dissemination of information on the project and on the actions underway. The project is developing specific pages on social networks in order to encourage a wide participation of all the actors but also to contribute to the dissemination of information and the sensitization of the populations. Thus, dedicated pages are created on Facebook and Twitter in a global way but also on the internal communication networks of CARE (Workplace, etc.).

The significant communications achievements during this reporting period include the creation of a Facebook page dedicated to the DGM, and the development of visuals and gadgets for the project such as: kakemonos, tarpaulins, T-shirts, agendas, notepads and pens all with the effigy of the DGM and the partners.

To ensure that DGM Cote d'Ivoire communications activities are inclusive, culturally appropriate and accessible to all, the project plans to communicate the approaches used in the field activities and make them more understandable and accessible to all and communicate on the viability of the micro-projects that will be implemented.

The project will use diverse communication channels to:

- o raise awareness
- o share experiences managing microprojects within the DGM
- o disseminate innovation and approaches to gender and entrepreneurship
- o share experiences of the beneficiaries but especially of the women who become economically and socially autonomous while contributing to the protection of the protected areas
- o promote REDD+ activities

Progress and Results

The indicators and data listed below are taken from the most recent ISR of DGM Cote d'Ivoire, released publicly in May 24, 2021 with data from May 2021.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 31. Percent of DGM participants with an increased role in the FIP and other REDD + processes at local, national or global levels, disaggregated by gender

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	--	0	75%
Date	Sep. 2020	--	May. 2021	May 2024

Table 32. Area under agro-forestry schemes (Hectare)

	Baseline	Actual	Actual	End Target
--	----------	--------	--------	------------

²³ Note: rates are not cumulative and family problems may be related to land and/or other issues.

		(Previous ISR)	(Latest ISR)	
Value	0	--	0	200
Date	Sep. 2021	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 33. People in the targeted forest and adjacent communities with increased monetary or non-monetary benefits from forests, disaggregated by gender

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	--	0	1,100
Date	Sep. 2020	--	May 2021	May 2024

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 34. Local people with improved knowledge of the FIP and other REDD+ processes, disaggregated by gender

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	--	0	75%
Date	Sep. 2020	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 35. NSC members with increased capacity, disaggregated by gender

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	--	0	15
Date	Sep. 2020	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 36. People with enhanced knowledge on formulating sub-project grants disaggregated by gender

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	--	0%	70%
Date	Sep. 2020	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 37. Sub-projects provided to targeted beneficiaries under the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	--	0	75
Date	Sep. 2020	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 38. Share of women among community sub-project beneficiaries

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Female	0%	--	-	50%
Date	Sep. 2020	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 39. Percent of sub-projects successfully completed and achieving their objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	--	0	75%
Date	Sep. 2021	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 40. Grievances registered related to the delivery of project benefits that are actually addressed

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	--	0	100%
Date	Sep. 2021	--	May 2021	May 2024

Table 41. Satisfaction of beneficiaries (Level of commitment disaggregated by gender and age)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	--	0%	70%
Date	Sep. 2021	--	May 2021	May 2024

6.3.3. Upcoming Activities

Table 42. DGM Cote d'Ivoire Activities January – June 2022

Date	Activity
Feb 2022	Finalize the identification of 80 new intervention villages for the year 2022
Feb-Jun 2022	Recruitment of consultants to carry out feasibility studies and set up microprojects for the two intervention zones
Feb-Jun 2022	In-depth training on the agro-forestry techniques of the forest restoration and REDD+ activities
Mar-Apr 2022	Implementation of microprojects 2021
Apr 2022	Organize awareness campaigns on the DGM of 80 new villages listed
May 2022	Preparation and publication of the MAI for the targeted villages for 2022
Jun 2022	Organization of the AMI in the 80 targeted villages
Jan-Jun 2022	Signing of co-financing agreements and implementation of microprojects
Mar-Jun 2022	Education awareness of beneficiary communities
May-Jun 2022	Recruitment of a consultant for the performance-based payment system
April 2022	Monitoring and evaluation of microprojects
June 2022	Recruitment of an expert in Natural Resources Management
Jan-Feb 2022	Organize pre-validation meetings of the year's microprojects by 2021 the Committees Regional Technical
March 2022	Organize the validation meeting of the microprojects of the year received 2021 from the Technical Committees by the National Steering Committee

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Feb-April 2022	Support for the functioning of the National Steering Committee Secretariat
May-June 2022	NSC meeting

6.4. Democratic Republic of the Congo

6.4.1. Project Overview

The Forest Dependent Communities Support Project in the Democratic Republic of the Congo ([DGM DRC](#)) was designed to strengthen the capacity of targeted IPLCs in selected territories and at the national level to participate in REDD+ oriented land and forest management activities. In pursuit of this objective, DGM DRC has structured its activities according to the following three [components](#): (i) Strengthen the participation of IPLCs in forest and land management processes related to REDD+, (ii) Support community-based sustainable forest and land management, and (iii) Increase IPLCs' capacity to implement development activities and consolidate feedback.

6.4.2. Activity Update

COVID-19 Update

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on the project's implementation as activities have slowed down, been rescheduled, and have had limited IP participation. These impacts include postponement of NSC meetings, disruptions in microproject monitoring, and limited IP participation in project activities.

Some prevention measures are currently in place to avoid face-to-face contact such as teleworking, video conferencing, and other online meeting options.

Some of the key lessons learned include respect for prevention measures to mitigate the increase in COVID-19 cases and ensure the continuity of activities. In addition, taking into account partners' views and including IPLC's recommendation has made these changes more effective.

Programmatic Progress

During this reporting period, DGM DRC's most significant achievements include the celebration of the International Day of the World's Indigenous People in Kinshasa on August 9, 2021 and technical monitoring and support missions for the environmental and social screening of microproject ideas and training and sensitization of stakeholders in the territories of Yahuma, Opala, Banalia, Bafwasende and Mambasa.

One of the main challenges in this reporting period was the resignation of the project's Contracting Specialist, which caused a slowdown in project implementation and growing insecurity in the Territories of Mambasa, Walikale, Kalehe and Mweka, which disrupts the smooth running of field activities and the deployment of project teams.

DGM DRC	
Funding:	US\$ 6.0 million
National Steering Committee:	
46 total members	
39 voting members (33 men – 6 women)	
7 non-voting members	
National Executing Agency:	
Caritas Congo, asbl	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	Apr. 2014
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Jun. 2015
National Executing Agency Selected	Nov. 2015
Implementation Start	Apr. 2016
Approved by World Bank Board	Apr. 2016
Effectiveness Date	Jun. 2016
Implementation End:	Jul. 2022
Closing Date:	Jul. 2022
Global Steering Committee member:	
Kapupu Diwa Mutimanwa	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Loic Braune	
NEA Contact:	
Boniface Nakwagelewi ata Deagbo directeur@caritasdev.cd	

Some of the key lessons learned during this reporting period has been the active participation of IPs in the drafting and validation of the various documents developed at both the national and provincial levels, and conducting activities on securing rights, land, enhancing cultural heritage, governance and improving living conditions through micro-projects.

Below are activities and progress by component:

Component 1: Strengthen the participation of IPLCs in forest and land management processes linked to REDD+

Theme 1: Land

In this reporting period, the following results were achieved:

- Validated the Terms of Reference for complementary activities to support the participation of Pygmy indigenous peoples in meetings related to the reform being developed in the areas of land use planning, land tenure and community forestry.
- Supported the participation of indigenous pygmy peoples from the PACDF project areas in the Multi-stakeholder Roundtable on Community Forestry in the Democratic Republic of Congo. 30 people including 10 women and 20 men participated in this meeting held in Kinshasa from October 12 to 14, 2021. During the meeting a roadmap was developed with key action items to integrate IPs concerns in community forestry. In addition, REPALF prepared a statement on the process.

The next steps include:

- Organizing a national workshop to validate the five-year strategic plan of the indigenous pygmy peoples on the legal recognition and securing of land and natural resources;
- Disseminate the regulatory texts related to sustainable land management;
- Disseminate the forestry code and other regulatory texts;
- Accompany the Pygmy Indigenous Peoples in the peaceful management of land conflicts and their judicial assistance.

Theme 2: Promotion of the law and the struggle against discrimination

One of the main achievements between July and December 2021 was the validation of the shared Terms of Reference to accompany the communities of Bakwangombe - Tshiefu in the villages of Bondon, Mitsha, Kombe and Tongonuena in obtaining titles to four Local Community Forest Concessions (LCFC). As well as the support and follow-up in senate on the law on fundamental principles relating to the rights of the Pygmy Indigenous Peoples of the Democratic Republic of Congo adopted in April 2021 by the National Assembly.

Next steps, include:

- To officially hand over the by-laws of the 4 local forestry and community concession (CFCL) to the Pygmy communities of Tshiefu;
- Translate the law into national/local languages with visuals;
- To raise awareness about the law in the target territories of the PACDF/DGM-RDC;

- Monitor ongoing reforms to ensure compliance and the incorporation of the Indigenous peoples Act into policies and laws;
- Develop effective enforcement measures of the Indigenous Peoples law;
- Accompany the Provincial Assemblies and Provincial Governments in the production of Provincial Edicts (tools for the implementation of the PA law).

Theme 3: Participation in the REDD+ Program

During this semester the following results were achieved:

- 5 micro-projects in favor of IPs in the territories of Yahuma, Opala, Banalia, Bafwasende and Mambasa were developed during a technical monitoring and environmental and social screening mission.
- Distribution of beehives and installation for the production and marketing of honey, including 56 hives in the territory of Kalehe
- 192,125 fast-growing plants installed on 37 ha of trees composed of Cedrela, Mesopsice, Grevillea in the territory of Kalehe
- 260 beehives set up in the territory of Walikale ;

The next steps are:

- Follow the guidelines of the simplified ESMP (Environmental and Social Management Plan) in the implementation of microprojects according to the requirements of the Environmental and Social Safeguarding Policy advocated by the World Bank;
- Inform and train the Delegates and Deputies to the ANC, the PA and COLO leaders, the local authorities on the environmental and social safeguard guidelines of the World Bank;
- Monitor and document indicators related to the environmental and social safeguards of the microprojects.

Theme 4: Territorial Governance

To support IPLC capacity building on improving land management, DGM DRC plans to fund direct support activities for local communities, including basic education and literacy training. During this reporting period the following activities were carried out:

The following results were achieved:

- 76 trainers retained and equipped to be deployed to territories (4 per territory)
- 76 operational literacy centers (4 centers per territory)
- 4,750 IPLCs attended literacy trainings (70% female)
- 4,750 educational kits were provided to learners, including notebooks, writing utensils, and reading manuals
- 76 literacy kits were provided to farmers consisting of literacy manuals, notebooks, and writing utensils
- The celebration of the International Day of the World's Indigenous People (IDIP) in Kinshasa and in the 19 territories.

At the end of the IDIP celebration, the Government in Kinshasa committed to:

- To promulgate a law in the Democratic Republic of Congo relating to the promotion and protection of Indigenous Pygmy peoples and to ensure its effective implementation by all entities of the country;
- To develop a national fund to guarantee the sustainable and integral development of the Indigenous pygmies and their definitive integration into national life;
- To legally secure the ancestral lands and territories of the Indigenous pygmies in the form of large natural and ecological reserves to protect their identity and traditional way of life;
- Guarantee that the way of life, traditional practices, customary land rights, ancestral lands and endogenous knowledge of Indigenous pygmy peoples are taken into account in all sectors of national life (notably: land use planning, forestry, mining, agriculture, etc.);
- To highlight the Indigenous pygmy peoples' way of life, traditional practices, endogenous knowledge and pharmacopoeia through cultural events in the country;
- To work for the inscription of the Pygmy Indigenous Peoples and their entire culture as national heritage.

Component 2: Support sustainable forest and land management by communities

2a. Promotion of sustainable forest and land management; Activities related to alternative livelihoods and promotion of IPLC culture

This component aims to secure land resources for IPLCs and promote economic activities and livelihoods that highlight climate change adaptation and sustainable management of forest landscapes through micro-subsidies. The two subcomponents are micro-subsidies for the diversification of socio-economic activities and community management of pilot forests.

During this reporting period, the following results were achieved:

- 3 microprojects in favor of IPLCs in the territories of Kabinda, Lubao and Lubefu validated for financing;
- 5 micro-projects in favor of IPs in the territories of Yahuma, Opala, Banalia, Bafwasende and Mambasa were developed during a technical monitoring and environmental and social screening mission.
- 3,150.30 kilograms (kg) of food crops including 1,272.70 kg of beans, 710.60 kg of groundnuts, 1,671 kg of potatoes were produced on 3 ha including market garden crops on 1 ha (cabbage, onions, amaranth, eggplant) sown for self-consumption in the Kalehe community

2b. The community management of forest pilots

The objective of this subcomponent is to explore and test innovative methods to ensure forest management activities by IPLCs and to formally recognize their systems of traditional governance in the territories of Mambasa, Mweka, and Kiri.

During this reporting period, the capacity building plan of the concerned stakeholders for each CFCL (local forest and community concession) established in the territories of Kiri, Bikoro, Mweka, Mambasa, Walikale was validated.

Next steps:

- Validate the map and the constitution of the file to obtain the title of the forest of the communities / CFCL of Mweka;
- Participatory revision of the Mambasa CFCL/community forest map;
- Carry out the Socioeconomic Study and participatory mapping of the Walikale Community Forest/CFCL;
- Carry out participatory mapping for the Bikoro Community Forest/CFCL.

Component 3: To offer IPLCs the opportunity to implement development projects and facilitate evaluation

3a. Project coordination

During this reporting period, the following activities were carried out:

- Follow-up of operators' contracts/ validation of activity progress reports;
- Review of monitoring indicators, update of questionnaires in the Kobo system;
- Organization of technical follow-up missions to carry out the environmental and social screening of microproject ideas and training and sensitization of stakeholders in the territories of Yahuma, Opala, Banalia, Bafwasende and Mambasa;
- Organization of the celebration of the International Day of the Indigenous People in Kinshasa and in the territories.

Support to the NSC Permanent Secretariat:

The Permanent Secretariat is the body that runs the NSC on a daily basis. It is the intermediary body between the NSC, the World Bank, and the NEA. It receives complaints via the complaints mechanism and establishes conciliation in case of conflict. It is also responsible for monitoring and evaluating the implementation of the NSC action plan validated by the Plenary Assembly.

The following results were achieved:

- Four physical meetings were held, during which the following decisions were made for the smooth running of the project:
 - Terms of reference and schedule for monitoring and evaluation missions of the project activities in 4 provinces: Equateur (Mbandaka - Bikoro), Mai-Ndombe (Inongo - Kiri), North Kivu (Walikale - Goma) and South Kivu (Bukavu - Kalehe);
 - Terms of reference and schedule for the 11th DGM-DRC Steering Committee;
- Three virtual meetings with the World Bank, FONAREDD's Executive Secretariat and the National Executing Agency to evaluate the partnership and decide on strategies for the smooth running of the project, particularly the easing of measures during the health crisis period and the respect of commitments made.
- Presentation of the results of the PACDF to the partners from 2017 to 2021 and the holding of the 10th session of the NPC from June 24 to 26 in Kinshasa

Partnerships

Institution	Role
Ministry of the Environment (UC/PIF, Sustainable Development Directorate)	Validate working approaches and local community forest concessions
Ministry of Regional Planning	Plan and use of physical space both nationally and provincially
REPALEF (Networks of Indigenous and Local Peoples for the sustainable management of forest ecosystems in DRC)	Monitor community satisfaction, liaison between Kinshasa and territories, capitalize experiences on governance, manage complaints and appeals, microprojects and innovations
ABP (Aboriginal Peoples' Group Dynamics)	Follow-up on IPs' law submitted to Parliament
OSAPY (Pygmy Support Organization)	Draw community lands maps and Management Plans (PAGS)
LINAPYCO (National League of Pygmy Indigenous Associations of the Congo)	Legal recognition, enhancement, and securing of Indigenous Peoples' land rights in the land reform process
ANAPAC (National Alliance for the Support and Promotion of Aboriginal and Community Heritage Areas and Territories)	Recognize and secure forest concessions and conservation areas of indigenous and community heritage

Communications

During this reporting period, DGM DRC provided regular updates on the project websites, Caritas (www.caritasdev.cd) and www.peuplesautochtones.cd, and social media to ensure project visibility.

DGM DRC also provided media coverage of World Indigenous Peoples Day and updates on microproject activities. To ensure communication activities are culturally relevant and accessible, DGM DRC adapted messages to the target audience by using local languages and appropriate communication techniques related to the culture of the region.

6.4.3. Gender

To promote gender equity, DGM DRC has elected female representatives and supported their participation in the NSC and Local Monitoring Committees (LMCs). The project's environmental and social safeguards prioritize households headed by women. This criterion is considered in the eligibility of DGM beneficiaries and microprojects including 35% of microprojects must be granted to households headed by women. During this reporting period, two women's organizations were awarded microprojects.

In addition, microprojects benefit 250 households, 37% of which are headed by women. The microproject Local Management Committee (SMC) is made up of 30% women. There will also be a gender analysis on selection of two women's organizations for microproject financing.

It is worth nothing, that women and men participate in literacy classes (in numeracy, writing and basic education related to the daily lives of IPLCs). 63% of learners in the literacy course are women. In Walikale territory, 70% of the direct beneficiaries of the microproject are women. They carry out community work for the project's activities, including the community fields and the village goat farm.

There are still significant challenges in terms of gender equity and inclusion which includes the difficulty for women to speak up in meetings in the presence of men (weight of custom); possible constraint linked to custom that does not allow women to carry out certain activities; the project addresses this difficulty by emphasizing the participation and involvement of women in project-related activities.

6.4.4. Subprojects

DGM DRC has received 47 microproject proposals and approved 9 (2 are women-led). Six are currently active and none have closed.

The process for microproject approval is:

- Identification of microproject ideas
- Validation of microproject ideas
- Formulation of microprojects through community workshops
- Evaluation of the environmental and social safeguards and potential impact
- Submission to the World Bank
- Signature of microprojects
- Launch of microprojects

Microproject: Project to improve the agropastoral production capacities of Indigenous Pygmy households and local communities in Walikale territory, North Kivu Province in the DRC.

Implementing Organization: Integrated Program for the Development of the Pygmy People - PIDP/SHIRIKA LA BAMBUTI

This microproject is the basis for several innovations within the community such as the establishment of pilot farmer field schools that facilitate capacity building through the transfer of skills to beneficiaries on new agricultural techniques and access to quality seeds. This microproject also allows for the exchange of experiences between beneficiaries, the restitution of the achievements of the participation of the delegate and her deputy in the sessions of the National Steering Committee elected by the communities, the follow-up by the members of the community via the members of the CLS. The project contributes further to the local development plan of the Wanyanga and Bakano sectors in Walikale territory. The communities conserve their forests by ensuring participatory governance and management in order to fight against poverty and forest degradation in the project area.

The microproject's achievements include:

- An awareness campaign on governance, management and sustainable use for the protection of forests and natural resources is organized in the project sites;
- Construction of a modern goat house in Walikale center and 16 traditional goat houses in the project sites;
- 17 pilot farmer field schools set up in 17 project sites for the production of cassava and its processing into flour;

- Peaceful cohabitation and social cohesion among community members through the application of stabilization breeding in 17 project sites;
- 2 training and capacity building workshops for the members of the CLS Walikale were held;
- 2 missions to monitor and evaluate the implementation of activities in the field are organized;
- The members of the CLS are strengthened in capacity on the monitoring and evaluation of microprojects;

The project's expected outcome is:

- Local capacity to produce cassava and maize flour to combat undernourishment and poverty in 260 households, improved;
- 200 households in PA & Colo have at least one goat;
- 16 village goat farms are installed;
- 9,000 productive trees (fruit, palm and caterpillar trees) are planted by 260 households in 16 villages;
- 260 IP and COLO households improved their cassava production capacity in 16 sites in the Bakano and Wanyanga sectors of Walikale Territory;
- Community leaders and government services are participating in the improvement of the forest landscape in 16 villages in Walikale territory by August 2021.

Microproject: Support to agroforestry and fish farming in the villages of Iyanda, Mbuli and 12 KM from the city of Bikoro (Mpenda) in the Bikoro Territory.

Implementing Organization: Solidarity for the Advancement of Indigenous Women (SPFA)

The project's main achievements are:

- 56 people participated in the launching ceremony of the project, of which 20% were political-administrative and customary authorities, and 80% were community and opinion leaders, representatives of indigenous peoples and Pygmies and Bantus;
- 150 beneficiary households were identified, with 50 indigenous PACOLO households per village targeted by the project, except for the village of Iyanda which is predominantly IP;
- 45 participants from three targeted villages took part in the training workshop on fish production techniques (fish farming) organized in Mpenda;
- 90 people from PA and COLO, 30 from each village, took part in the training on soil treatment techniques, seed selection, fruit tree planting and agroforestry.
- The sites where the fish ponds and agroforestry plantations will be erected have been identified and the authorities have signed the acts of the sessions of these spaces.

The DGM is contributing to improving livelihoods by alternative economic activities that allow for sustainability with the establishment of 3 Local Development Committees and 3 Village Savings and Credit Associations.

6.4.5. Challenges

The most significant challenges between January and June 2021 were the growing insecurity due to violence in the Mambasa, Walikale, Kalehe, and Mweka territories, which disrupted the smooth running of field activities and the deployment of project teams, in addition to communication and transportation challenges for the delivery of goods for the implementation of microprojects. There was also a delay in microproject implementation due to delays in document validation.

6.4.6. Grievance Redress

DGM DRC has an active grievance redress mechanism, implemented through an agreement with REPALF, with the support of REPALF focal points in the project's area of implementation. Complaints may be submitted in writing, by mail, by report to a focal point, or through the project website. DGM DRC received a total of 21 complaints, 1 was rejected, 3 are currently in the process of being resolved, and 17 have been resolved.

Some of the key lessons learned in relation to the GRM are that Indigenous peoples and local communities are able to solve their problems among themselves through their institutions set up at the territorial level such as the local monitoring committee, community assemblies, etc. The choice of delegates is made by the communities themselves through consultations at the grassroots level for their legitimacy and the participation and involvement of indigenous peoples in discussions on forest and resource management is effective.

6.4.7. Progress and Results

The indicators and data listed below are taken from the most recent ISR ²⁴ of DGM DRC, released publicly in August 2021 with some data from March 2018, November 2020, and December 2020 obtained from previous ISRs. Data from March 2018 is due to different reasons including that data was only collected once at the start of the project for one indicator and issues with collection were reported for other indicators.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 43. IPLC satisfaction rate regarding IPLC representation in the discussions on land use held by the CN-REDD and CONAREF

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	74%	74%	70%
Date	February 2015	Nov. 2020	Aug. 2021	July 2022

Table 44. Share of territories with a score of three or more on IPLC representation in land and forest management discussions at the local level

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	78%	78%	70%
Date	February 2015	Nov. 2020	Aug. 2021	July 2022

²⁴ <https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/294101628859162813/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Forest-Dependent-Communities-Support-Project-P149049-Sequence-No-10.pdf>

Table 45. DGM stakeholders with increased role in REDD+ processes at local and national levels

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	0%	0%	50%
Date	February 2015	Mar. 2018	Mar. 2018	July 2022

Table 46. Aggregate score on community-based land and forest governance in four pilot sites

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	51	51	100
Date	September 2015	Nov. 2020	Nov. 2020	July 2022

Table 47. Targeted beneficiaries satisfied with project interventions

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	0%	0%	62%
Date	February 2015	Mar. 2018	Mar. 2018	July 2022

Table 48. Beneficiaries satisfied with learnings from land right securing activities

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	0%	0%	75%
Date	February 2015	Mar. 2018	Mar. 2018	July 2022

Table 49. IPLC satisfaction rate regarding IPLC representation and efforts in the discussions on land and forest management held by the CN-REDD and CONAREF

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	0%	0%	50%
Date	September 2015	Mar. 2018	Mar. 2018	July 2022

Table 50. Direct project beneficiaries

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Female	0%	43%	29%	30%
Total	0	9,377	12,632	25,000
Date	September 2015	Dec. 2020	Aug. 2021	July 2022

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 51. IPLC representative organizations provided with capacity-building support aiming (directly or indirectly) at increasing their participation in land use management

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	46	46	50
Date	February 2015	Nov. 2020	Nov. 2020	July 2022

Table 52. People in forest & adjacent communities with monetary/non-monetary benefits from forests

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Total	0	27,129	27,129	20,000
Female	0	7,509	7,509	7,000
Ethnic Minority/ Indigenous	0	286	286	15,000
Date	February 2015	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2020	July 2022

Table 53. DGM stakeholders that perceive DGM governance and processes as transparent and inclusive

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	65%	65%	80%
Date	February 2015	Nov. 2020	Nov. 2020	July 2022

Table 54. Grievances addressed out of those registered related to delivery of project benefits

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Number Addressed	0	56	56	85
Percent Addressed	N/A	93%	75%	85%
Date	February 2015	Nov. 2020	Aug. 2021	July 2022

Table 55. Subprojects successfully completed and achieved their objectives (consistent with FIP objectives)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	0%	0%	75%
Date	February 2015	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2020	July 2022

6.4.8. Upcoming Activities

Table 56. DGM DRC Activities January - June 2022

Date	Activity
Jan-Jun 2022	Microproject implementation in Lubao, Lupatapata, Lusambo, Banalia, Bafwasende, Opala, Yahuma and Mambasa
Jan-Jun 2022	Literacy courses in 19 territories
Jan-Jun 2022	Monitoring and documentation of indicators related to the environmental and social safeguards of the microprojects in 19 territories
Jan-Jun 2022	Follow-up and alignment of law for its adoption and promulgation by the head of state

6.5. Ghana

6.5.1. Project Overview

The Ghana-Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Local Communities ([DGM Ghana](#)) was developed to strengthen the knowledge and practices of targeted local communities in the Brong-Ahafo and Western Regions of Ghana in REDD+ processes and sustainable forest management. To accomplish this, DGM Ghana pursues activities that fit into three primary [components](#): (i) Capacity building for local communities, (ii) Sustainable and adaptive community initiatives, and (iii) Project Governance, Monitoring, and Evaluation.

6.5.2. Activity Update

Programmatic Progress

DGM Ghana closeout project activities in November 2021. During this reporting period, project activities were dedicated to the three-grant windows (CBO, Community, and Individual grant) of the country's project structure. As the project began closeout, attention was paid to the sustainability strategies to safeguard the project investment.

The project team engaged all project beneficiaries under the individual grant window, community plantations and CBO plantations on how important it is to continuously engage in the climate smart practices to build more resilience to climate change impacts. They were reminded of the need to always make use of the relationship established between the beneficiaries and the Cocoa Health and Extension Division of Ghana Cocoa Board, Forest Services Division of Forestry Commission and the Ministry of Food and Agriculture district offices for advice and policy.

On matters of solar powered boreholes under the community grant window, community level water and sanitation committees were reminded of the need to continue the engagement with their respective municipal and district assemblies and the community water and sanitation agencies to ensure the systems are well maintained. Water and Sanitation Management Team Training (WSMT) that was offered for the committees afforded the opportunity to have a practical feel of how the established solar borehole system operates and the various measures each community level committee must institute to ensure each household benefits from the water system while sustaining the facility.

The most significant achievements during this reporting period were:

- Distribution of improved cookstoves

DGM Ghana	
Funding:	US \$5.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
13 voting members	
11 men – 2 women	
4 observers (Civil Society, World Bank, Government)	
National Executing Agency:	
Solidaridad Network West Africa	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	Feb. 2016
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Sep. 2016
National Executing Agency Selected	Sep. 2016
Approved by World Bank Board	Apr. 2017
Implementation Start	Apr. 2017
Effectiveness Date	Aug. 2017
Implementation End	May. 2021
Closing Date	Nov. 2021
Global Steering Committee member:	
Bashiru Gambo	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Nyaneba E. Nkrumah	
NEA Contact:	
Winston Asante winston@solidaridadnetwork.org	

- Duasidan Ecotourism Center Development
- NSC final meeting
- End of project WB supervision mission

One of the most significant achievements of the project in this reporting period is the construction of a visitor reception center for Duasidan ecotourism center. Before this reception center was constructed, there wasn't a place to receive visitors but now it has a manager's office and 4 washrooms. This is part of the efforts to develop a potential ecotourism center in the Dormaa Municipality in the Bono Region of Ghana.

Distribution of cookstoves

The project distributed over 700 environmentally friendly improved cookstoves to selected households in selected project communities as part of the climate proven interventions presented to communities. Five communities (Suiano A, Suiano B, Kotaa, Krabonso and Bawa Akura) benefited from the improved cookstoves. This was a way of introducing the improved system into the communities to reduce the dependence on firewood and charcoal for domestic energy for cooking.



Figure 8. Distribution of cooking stoves in five DGM Ghana communities.

Duasidan Ecotourism Center Development

Development of the Duasidan Community Monkey Sanctuary is one of the CBO activities that attracted a lot of attention. After a series of activities that saw the development of the biophysical component and profiling of the community forest, the development of the reception center to serve as the first point of call for visitors was completed and handed over to the Duasidan community, the Dormaa traditional council and the Municipal assembly.



Figure 9. Opening of the Duasidan Community Monkey Sanctuary reception center.

Final National Steering Committee meeting

The project held its 10th and final NSC Meeting in December 2021. The meeting afforded the NEA the opportunity to discuss progress of implementation to the steering committee and shared the successes of the project with the committee. At the meeting, the NSC led by the Chairman, Bashiru Gambo expressed their appreciation to Solidaridad for such a brilliant experience brought into the implementation of the project for which the success stories are all around the project communities and the respective municipal and districts.



Figure 10. Final NSC meeting in December 2021

End of Project WB Mission

The World Bank team undertook a final project supervision mission to take stock of the Ghana DGM project implementation. This was done virtually as the World Bank team is still working from home as part of their COVID 19 protocols. The team from the Bank was led by the project Task Team leader (Nyaneba Nkrumah). The Bank was highly impressed with the governance of the project and the implementation processes which saw the success of the project. Led by the TTL, the Bank expressed appreciation to the Solidaridad team for exceptionally managing the country project. Solidaridad on its part also expressed appreciation to the Bank for the opportunity.

The supervision mission also marked the end of the project operations. By end of November 2021, the Ghana project ended its operations technically.

Communications

Solidaridad uses a blend of communication platforms to share project successes with the public and other stakeholders to enhance visibility. To publicize the project's work, both the Solidaridad and DGM Ghana social media pages are used to share regular updates on field activities and project achievements. The Solidaridad website has also been used as a platform to share publications and articles.

For project beneficiaries, the use of posters with relevant information and culturally appropriate illustrations, community radios, and local information centers serve as effective media to engage with local communities. The project team is in regular contact with beneficiaries on the ground sharing up-to-date information with them. Emails, WhatsApp messaging, and meetings are also alternate avenues for information sharing with the NSC. The project has kept a constant engagement on social media platforms, which have generated a lot of views and enabled the sharing of project updates and successes.

The project has kept a constant engagement on social media platforms, which have generated a lot of views and shared project updates. Short videos of beneficiaries sharing their experiences with the project were shared on the DGM Facebook platform. The wide dissemination of the DGM success stories publication (our impact stories) has afforded the NEA the opportunity to share key results, success factors and lessons learned on how grants have been managed under the grant phase of the project with stakeholders and beneficiaries. This covers grant beneficiary stories, articles on boreholes, climate-smart cocoa production and afforestation activities carried out under the project. An additional article on various exit strategies implemented by Solidaridad to ensure sustainability post-implementation has been developed.

The involvement of the NSC, which is predominantly made up of representatives from the local communities, and community focal persons, has ensured that DGM Ghana communication materials and activities are presented in a respectful and inclusive manner. For instance, in the design of the artwork for communication materials like posters, Solidaridad (the NEA) consults the NSC for their feedback to ensure that the artwork is culturally appropriate and relevant. This practice also ensures that the messages, which are largely in a local dialect, Twi, are couched in accessible terms to promote understanding. The printed materials are then widely disseminated to project communities through the project field teams, who ensure that posters are at vantage points in every community after prior engagements with beneficiaries and community focal persons on the product in question.

A case in point is how beneficiaries have been informed about the project's grievance redress system. Besides the training provided to community focal persons who are the primary contact responsible for registering any grievance reported, posters with simple and clear illustrations about the three-tier process have been posted in every beneficiary community.

Project field officers who are in constant contact with beneficiaries also serve as an essential medium for the regular flow of information to and from beneficiaries through group discussions, meetings and reports. This has boosted transparency and credibility due to the timely dissemination of relevant information to communities on the status of grant activities. In instances where we engage community radios and information centers, we work with community focal persons to ensure that the content and the messages we share are simple and presented in a manner that is culturally acceptable.

Partnerships

Table 57. DGM Ghana partner organizations

Institution	Role
Ministry of Lands and Natural Resources	Joint awareness and sensitization of DGM Ghana, FIP and climate change
Metropolitan, Municipal and District Assemblies (MMDAs) in project area	To build synergies and strengthen collaboration
Forest Services Division	Sensitization of local communities on tree registration, ownership, and benefit-sharing
Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology	Academic institution compiling project lessons and impacts at the community level
Kintampo College of Health and Wellbeing	Academic institution supporting awareness raising efforts on climate change and health. Kintampo also offers free Hepatitis B screening and vaccinations.

6.5.3. Gender

DGM Ghana received 111 subproject proposals from female applicants of which 66 were granted (59%). In terms of women-led subprojects, 38 communities applied to use their community grant funds for the provision of solar power mechanized boreholes. All 38 applications were accepted and awarded.

Per the process for the submission of individual application, data was only gathered on the selected applicants for due diligence. There were 111 female applicants of which 66 were awarded grants. This translated into 59% success rate for female applicants.

On the women-led subprojects, 38 communities applied to use their community grant for the provision of solar mechanized borehole. All the applications were accepted and awarded to the communities.

6.5.4. Subprojects

Subprojects are selected through a participatory bottom-up approach, where communities select various climate-smart subprojects as a form of livelihood improvement and building climate resilience in their communities. For the selection of community subprojects, a three-step approach was adopted.

Every beneficiary community generates a list of interventions and ranks the impacts of climate change on their livelihood activities. The drivers of climate change at the local levels are also listed and ranked by communities. Finally, an array of interventions is presented to the community to select their preferred intervention as a response to the impact of climate change on their livelihood and that has a co-benefit on climate change mitigation. The selection of subprojects occurs at various stakeholder meetings, and the highest ranked intervention from all the stakeholder groups is validated by the larger community. All beneficiary CBO's subprojects are selected based on the core activities of the group after a series of capacity building exercises. Key consideration is given to subprojects with adaptation and mitigation co-benefits.

For individual subprojects, applicants identify the type of intervention they wish to undertake that falls within the broader thematic areas of the project. After attending an awareness-raising event, interested applicants are provided with support to complete an application form outlining the type of activities they plan to implement if/when awarded a grant. The applications received are screened and presented to the NSC for evaluation and selection. Upon NSC evaluation, a shortlist of five qualified persons per community is presented to the NEA. A team made up of NSC observers (non-voting members) and NEA team members undertakes due diligence to select three people from each community to be awarded the grant. The list of selected grantees is submitted to the NSC and subsequently a community level announcement is carried out.

The project had a total of 216 subprojects being implemented under the three grant windows (Community, CBO, and Individual grant) across the three project participating Regions (Bono, Bono East, and Western North). All subprojects under the 3 grant windows have been completed.

Table 58. Total number of subprojects, status, and number of beneficiary communities

Cohorts	No. communities	Completed Subprojects			Total
		CBO	Community	Individual	
Cohort 1	11	4	8	31	43
Cohort 2	5	2	5	18	25
Cohort 3	12	3	11	36	50
Cohort 4	16	6	11	46	63
Cohort 5	9	1	9	25	35
Total	53	16	44	156	216

Subproject title: **Construction of visitor reception center for Duasidan Ecotourism Centre**

Implementer: The subproject is being implemented by a CBO (Community Ecotourism Management Group) in Duasidan community in the Dormaa Municipal of Bono Region of Ghana.

This subproject is contributing to improving livelihoods through communication throughout the local media, mostly radio stations and community information centers, and people within the vicinity would patronize the center. Community folks would have the opportunity to sell artifacts, food items, and drinks to the visitors. This is expected to boost the local economy. The returns would help the community, forest fringe communities and the municipal assembly to have resources to undertake community development activities.

6.5.5. Grievance Redress

DGM Ghana has instituted a three-tier GRM that is available to all project communities. The 1st tier of the GRM is based at the community level where community focal persons and project field teams are available to receive local grievances. Community focal persons, community champions and project field teams have received training to be the recipients and recorders of complaints and reports at the community level. A total of seven Grievance Redress Committees (GRC) have been established at cohort levels. Cohorts are groups of communities within an area. The GRC constitutes the second tier of the GRM system. Cases that are not successfully addressed at tier 1 are referred to the GRC. The third tier is the highest level and is chaired by the Project Manager. Cases that are not addressed in tier 2, are referred to tier 3. Stakeholders can submit grievances via SMS, phone call, written letter, or verbally. Training has been conducted at all levels and a grievance register is open and made available for all possible complaints and case referrals. Beneficiary communities may submit grievances by speaking with any of the following individuals: NEA field trainers, community focal persons, traditional authorities or any person designated by GRC.



Figure 11. GRM poster illustration in a community

A grievance register has been opened at all levels to log in complaints, resolved and referred cases. The project has also developed a poster to illustrate the GRM system and all the avenues available to community members. This has been disclosed to all the communities.

6.5.6. Progress and Results

The latest publicly available data from DGM Ghana was collected in January 2021, as contained in the project's eighth ISR Report ²⁵ released in February 2021.

Project Development Objective Indicators:

Table 59. Change to sustainable practices among community members following basic training sensitization and education on REDD+ and climate change

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Full-sun cocoa to shade cocoa	0%	39.70%	39.70%	20%
Non-renewable energy to sustainable sources	0%	13.24%	13.24%	10%
Increase in tree plantings	0%	29.84%	29.84%	20%
Overall	0%	27.59%	27.59%	50%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

²⁵ <http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/606471593179357693/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-Local-Communities-Project-P145316-Sequence-No-07.pdf>

Table 60. Proportion of grantees who use DGM Ghana Community grants to implement/practice subprojects that contribute directly to FIP and REDD+ objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	22.64%	22.64%	75%
Date	March 2017	Dec. 2019	Jun. 2020	April 2022

Note: This indicator is listed twice in the latest ISR, and the end targets do not correspond. Both are included here.

Table 61. Proportion of grantees who use DGM Ghana CBO grants to implement/practice subprojects that contribute directly to FIP and REDD+ objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	77.78%	77.78%	40%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 62. Proportion of grantees who use DGM Ghana individual grants to implement/practice subprojects that contribute directly to FIP and REDD+ objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	0%	0%	65%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 63. Proportion of grantees who use DGM Ghana Community grants to implement/practice subprojects that contribute directly to FIP and REDD+ objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	22.64%	22.64%	65%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Note: This indicator is listed twice in the latest ISR, and the end targets do not correspond. Both are included here.

Table 64. Percent of community initiatives successfully completed and achieved their stated objectives, which are consistent with REDD+ and FIP objectives (World Bank Common Indicator)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	15%	15%	65%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 65. Project beneficiaries who, without grants, apply knowledge acquired through sensitization/basic training to implement subprojects that contribute directly to FIP and REDD+ objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	88.94%	88.94%	15%
Date	April 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 66. Percentage of grantees that express satisfaction with the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	84%	84%	70%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 67. Percentage of women and migrants (of total grantees) that execute subprojects

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	42%	42%	50%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 68. Percentage of grievances addressed of those registered related to delivery of project benefits

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0%	100%	100%	100%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 69. Number of grievances related to delivery of project benefits that are addressed

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
Value	0	33	33	20
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 70. Training participants (multiple related indicators)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Latest ISR)	End Target
--	----------	-----------------------------	------------------------	------------

Community members sensitized	0	50,000	50,000	11,000
Basic training participants	0	17,300	17,300	1,100
Successfully completed basic training	0%	84%	84%	75%
Basic training participants submitting funding proposals	0%	25%	25%	70%
Grants awarded to basic training participants	0	156	156	182
Basic training participants exposed to successful REDD+ practices	0%	0.09%	0.09%	5%
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 71. Number of result stories produced by grant recipients presented during local, regional, and global knowledge sharing events

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	20	20	20
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

Table 72. M&E data system effectively tracks number of trainees, proposals, awards, and completion of implementation (Yes/No)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date	March 2017	Jun. 2020	Jan. 2021	April 2022

6.5.7. Upcoming Activities

Table 73. DGM Ghana major activities to be conducted between January - June 2022

Activity
Final close out at the community, district and national level stakeholder level. This will be carried out throughout the project communities and participating municipal and district assemblies and all major stakeholders involved in the project implementation.

Conclude the project impact survey being conducted in all the project communities by a consultant.
Submit the End of Project Report to the Bank
Project end date: April 2022

6.6. Guatemala

Between July and December 2021, many strategic, technical, and administrative activities were carried out in preparation for the official launch of the project in January 2022. Some of the strategic activities included meeting with CONAP, MARN, and INAB to present DGM Guatemala as an opportunity to leverage resources and develop synergies and strategic alliances. DGM Guatemala also presented the project to The Nature Conservancy as they are developing a financial mechanism for Peten Guatemala focused on forest restoration. The project was also presented to the Ministry of Economy where it was well received.

In terms of technical activities, the 2022 workplan and budget were approved by the NSC and the first official NSC/NEA meeting was scheduled for January 4, 2022 to decide on the POA and review the launch agenda. Workshops to socialize and consult the MGAS were scheduled for January 6, 2022, and the launch of the project on January 26, 2022.

A key achievement during this reporting period was receipt of project effectiveness on October 21, 2022. DGM Guatemala also hired a project manager, monitoring and evaluation specialist, and administrator to support the project.

Between January and June 2022, DGM Guatemala anticipates preparing to implement the first project grants, continued discussions with 3 NSC networks to map their organizations as potential beneficiaries of subcomponent 1, conducting the strategic alliances and synergies workshop and hosting the WB mission.

DGM Guatemala	
Funding:	US\$4.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
15 voting members	
3 women – 12 men	
National Executing Agency:	
Sotz'il	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Dec 2020
National Executing Agency Selected	
Approved by World Bank Board	May 2021
Implementation Start	05/07/21
Effectiveness Date	
Implementation End	11/30/25
Closing Date	04/30/26
Global Steering Committee member:	
Byron Alonzo	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
German Freire and Philippe Dardel	
NEA Contact:	
Carlos Rodriguez clolivet1963@gmail.com	

6.7. Indonesia

6.7.1. Project Overview²⁶

The Strengthening Rights and Economies of *Adat* and Local Communities Project ([DGM Indonesia](#)) aims to improve the capacity of participating Indigenous Peoples (“*Adat*”) and local communities to engage in tenure security processes and livelihood opportunities from sustainable management of forests and land. In pursuit of its objective, DGM Indonesia’s activities are structured according to the following three [components](#): (i) subgrants to strengthen IPLC capacity to enhance tenure security and improve livelihoods, (ii) improve policy processes and dialogues, and (iii) Project Management, Monitoring and Evaluation, and Institutional Development.

DGM Indonesia	
Funding:	US\$ 6.5 million (incl. US\$ 0.175 million preparation grant)
National Steering Committee:	
11 total members 7 men – 4 women 9 voting members 1 government observer 1 community representative observer	
National Executing Agency (NEA):	
The Samdhana Institute	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	Jun. 2014
National Executing Agency Selected	Aug. 2015
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Dec. 2016
Implementation Start	Mar. 2017
Approved by World Bank Board	Mar. 2017
Effectiveness Date	Jun. 2017
1 st Call for Subproject Proposals	Aug. 2017
2 nd Call for Subproject Proposals	Oct. 2018
Implementation End	Jun. 2021
Closing Date	Nov. 2022
Global Steering Committee member:	
Mina Setra	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Dinesh Aryal	
NEA Contact:	
Martua Sirait martua@samdhana.org Ratna Pawitra wita@samdhana.org	

²⁶ DGM GEA did not receive a country report from DGM Indonesia during this reporting period.

Progress and Results

The indicator data below reflects the latest data from the project's tenth Implementation Status and Results Report (ISR) ²⁷.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 74. Participating IPLCs submit evidence for recognition of tenure to the government

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	14	35	30
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

Table 75. Participants in capacity development activities with increased role in the FIP and other REDD+ processes at local, national, or global levels

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	N/A	87%	86%	75%
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

Note: This indicator has exceeded its end target (75%). Percentage of head counts based on individual participation in FIP and other REDD processes, who never participated before in the related activities at the same level (national, regional-Asia, and global).

Table 76. DGM Program participants who benefit (monetary or non-monetary) from livelihood-only grant activities, disaggregated by gender (number thousand)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Female	0	1.76	2,230	210
Total	0	5.18	7,910	700
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 77. Participating IPLCs aware of tenure processes/map validation processes at the local level

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	N/A	63%	63%	60%
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

Table 78. Participants in consultation activities during project implementation

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
--	----------	--------------------------	-------------------------	------------

²⁷

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/099920012102124762/pdf/Disclosable0Ve0473000Sequence0No010.pdf>

Female	0	2,668	3,606	1,350
Total	0	8,920	12,293	4,500
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

Table 79. Number of community investment plans developed in a participatory manner

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	3	6	20
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

Table 80. Participating IPLCs who share lessons/experience from the project in regional/national policy dialogues on the FIP and other REDD+ processes

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	39	42	60
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

Table 81. Grievances registered related to delivery of project benefits

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Number Received	0	4	6	N/A
Number Addressed	0	4	4	70
Percent Addressed	N/A	67%	80%	70%
Date	Mar. 2017	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2021	Jun. 2021

6.8. Mexico

6.8.1. Project Design

The Mexico Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities ([DGM Mexico](#)) was developed to strengthen the capacity of forest-dependent people from selected states (Jalisco, Oaxaca, Yucatan, Campeche, and Quintana Roo) to participate in local, national, and international REDD+-related processes. To achieve this objective, DGM Mexico has structured its activities according to the three [components](#): (i) Financing Mechanisms for Community Forestry Management, (ii) Capacity Building, Communication, and Advocacy, and (iii) Management, Monitoring, and Evaluation.

6.8.2. Activity Update

COVID-19

DGM Mexico continued to update its COVID-19 contingency plan during this reporting period and implement measures to reduce COVID-19 exposure. During the last quarter of 2021, all project regions (Jalisco, Oaxaca, and the Yucatan peninsula) including Mexico City (NEA headquarters) were allowed to hold in-person events under the appropriate COVID-19 safety measures.

One of the key successes of the project during the pandemic has been adherence to implementation of the project's framework instruments and above all, in the adaptation and innovation of the project's activities in the following areas: governance and social inclusion, social and environmental safeguards, capacity development, monitoring and participatory evaluation and communication.

2022 will be a key year for the project as some subprojects will conclude implementation and others will be extending their implementation period no later than March 2023.

Programmatic Progress

All DGM Mexico subprojects must implement their workplan (POAS), mitigation measures (PMA) and procurement and contracting plan (PAC) in 3 phases. Of the 41 financial inclusion window (VIF) subprojects, 2 have not implemented activities nor received funds due to an internal issue of beneficiary groups. The NSC is reviewing these cases. Of the 50 social inclusion window (VIS) subprojects, 48 are current and active and 2 have withdrawn from financing due to an internal agreement by both groups.

DGM Mexico	
Funding:	US\$6.0 million
National Steering Committee:	
15 Regular Voting Members (13 men - 2 women)	
4 Alternate Members (all women) ²⁸	
2 Non-Voting (Consultative) Members	
- National Forestry Commission	
- National Commission for the Development of Indigenous Peoples	
National Executing Agency:	
Rainforest Alliance	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	Jan. 2015
National Executing Agency Selected	Jan. 2017
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	May 2017
Implementation Start	Oct. 2017
Approved by World Bank Board	Oct. 2017
Effectiveness Date	Dec. 2017
Implementation End	Feb. 2022
Closing Date	Aug. 2022
Global Steering Committee member:	
Manuel Aldrete Terrazas	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Katharina Siegmund	
NEA Contact:	
Ricardo Ramírez Domínguez rramirez@ra.org	

²⁸ Alternate Members have voting rights when their corresponding regular member is absent.

During this reporting period, follow-up and technical support was provided to 5 local technical assistance (ATL) consultancies, 4 regional operational liaison officers (EOR), 4 regional administrative liaison officers (EAR), and 19 local community promoters (PCL) in the implementation of VIF and VIS subprojects.

Capacity Building

On capacity building, DGM Mexico reported 3 PCL withdrawals and provided training to 19 PCLs through the use of participatory tools and virtual platforms on monitoring VIF and VIS subprojects remotely. DGM Mexico also continued implementing the participatory monitoring and evaluation implementation strategy for VIS subprojects, conducted a pilot workshop on financial inclusion, and provided individualized support on digital tools. 12 PCLs participated in 3 specialized online learning courses by the organization “Identity and development” on assertive communications, network communication, and defined client’s profile. 5 PCLs concluded the process of specialized accompaniment focused on their specific strengthening needs.

As part of the project’s participatory monitoring and evaluation, 3 of the 4 stages of the Implementation Strategy for Monitoring and Evaluation for VIS subprojects were completed. PCLs participated in 3 training sessions on the implementation of the participatory monitoring strategy for VIS. Many monitoring activities were carried during this reporting period through virtual calls between the NEA and local technical team (ATL, EOR, EAR, and PCL). Considering COVID-19 and its impacts, DGM Mexico improved the methodology and measurement survey of PDO indicator number 3 to estimate the number of direct and indirect beneficiaries who received monetary and non-monetary benefits aimed at VIF subproject beneficiaries.

DGM Mexico held an in-person NSC meeting in December 2021. During this reporting period, DGM Mexico also completed activities with the 5 hired firms that were supporting ATLs on VIF subprojects and the preparation of VIS proposals. Multiple virtual meetings were carried out to accompany VIF project implementation and monitor subprojects, meet with EAR to present progress, coordinate and follow-up on VIS subprojects. The NEA also prepared multiple documents for consultancy payments, expenses, and overall procurement processes.

To ensure compliance with environmental and social safeguards, DGM Mexico reviewed quarterly technical reports by VIF subprojects on PMA compliance, prepared a SIRASIQ (DGM Mexico’s GRM) operation report, and made progress on materials on “safe practices in implementing productive activities in DGM forest landscape.” To prepare these materials, the team identified potential labor risks of these productive activities in the forest landscape, prepared a script for a video on safe practices, and developed text for 5 brochures and the final design of 2 of them.



Figure 12. NEA field visit to subprojects in Oaxaca with the Mujeres Ixtlecas and Flores Zapotecas and representatives of 3 communities Itudujia and the state coordinator of Coffee Producers

During this reporting period, the most significant achievements have been the support provided to local technical teams (ATL, EOR, EAR, and PCL) to the VIF and VIS subprojects. This support has made it possible to balance progress in both VIS and VIF, technically and financially. In addition, progress was made on integrating technical reports (compliance with POAS and PMA) and financial reports by VIS beneficiary groups. Lastly, NEA and local technical team's response capacity increased to meet the needs of subprojects in the pandemic. DGM Mexico also complied with the POA and contingency plan.

This progress was achieved through implementing lessons learned from the previous year, the development of communication and capacity building materials that were appropriate given subproject's socioeconomic conditions, adapting the implementation of participatory monitoring and evaluation, and implementation of the communication strategy. Some highlights include the NEA's leadership and close coordination and communication between the governance of the DGM (WB, NSC, and regional subcommittees), local support technical teams (ATL, EOR, EAR, and PCL), and DGM subproject beneficiaries (VIF and VIS subprojects).

Some of the project's key lessons learned include having a local technical assistance team that works closely with subprojects and the importance of implementing monitoring, evaluation, technical and financial reporting activities. This is achieved through maintaining a process of capacity development and coordination with said technical teams.

Communications

In terms of communication, DGM Mexico closed out the consultancy on management of social networks and administration of the website. Within the framework of this consultancy, the website was restructured and includes information on all 94 subprojects. Regular website maintenance continued, as well as management of social media accounts. 5 groups from VIS subprojects participated in the Televisa Foundation Possible Coop program on business skill development. In addition, 4 IPLC representatives participated in the Forest Carbon Capture Projects.

DGM Mexico continues to use social media networks, including Facebook and Twitter, for disseminating content and publications, and WhatsApp for more direct communication with subproject implementers and PCLs. The most significant communication achievement during this reporting period was the implementation of the findings by the social media management firm hired to conduct an analysis and provide the team with recommendations to better position the project in its closing phase.

DGM Mexico also received an analysis of their social media channels through a social media management consultancy. The consultancy identified the need to change the content template of the web page to

improve its use and management in the publication of content, as well as to improve the search for project information in search engines. In addition, DGM Mexico is working on developing a subproject portal for which the project has acquired a server and a specific domain to be used as a search system for subprojects by region, activity, and support window. The subproject portal will make it possible to disseminate general information on DGM Mexico beneficiaries, as well as the services or products they market.

DGM Mexico has implemented multiple actions to ensure communications are inclusive, culturally appropriate, and accessible. These include activities centered on social inclusion, participation, appropriation of processes such as planning, monitoring and decision making, appropriate language, diverse communication channels, and creation of audiovisual materials.

6.8.3. Gender

DGM Mexico has helped improve women's leadership, livelihoods, and influence in decision-making by promoting and supporting the proactive participation of women in the VIS working groups and in procurement and contracting processes, as well as in the implementation of the Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation activities with the support of the ALTs and PCLs.

DGM Mexico received a total of 720 subproject proposals in both the VIF and VIS calls for proposals. Of the 107 VIF subproject proposals, 41 were selected for funding and 10% are women-led. Of the 613 VIS subproject proposals received, 48 were selected for funding and 87% are women-led.

During the reporting period, the commitment and effort of the VIS groups in maintaining the active participation of all members in the work meetings and execution procedures of their subproject stands out, despite the socioeconomic impacts that the COVID pandemic has caused within its members by limiting face-to-face meetings, movement between communities, the lack of solid means of communication and the need to supplement their economic income at the family level. During 2021, 38 of 48 of the active VIS subprojects have 80% progress in the execution of their PAC-POAS for period 1, of which at least 18 of these subprojects have already completed the execution of their first period and in the process of reviewing and approving its technical and financial reports to move on to its second period (POAS-PAC 2).

On the other hand, based on the adaptation to the measurement of PDO #3 of the DGM Project on the estimation of people who receive monetary and non-monetary benefits derived from the execution of the subprojects. During the second semester, the DGM Project made progress in estimating the indicator, specifically in estimating the number of direct beneficiaries of VIF subprojects who receive monetary and non-monetary benefits. This first estimate shows that of the total number of members of the 38 active VIF subprojects, who have received and executed at least the first portion of their assigned resources, the proportion of women who receive benefits is low. with respect to men, and lower in the case of indigenous women, as described:

- Of the 174 people trained, 68 (39%) are women, of which 38 (21%) are indigenous women.
- Of the 572 people employed, 126 (22%) are women, of which 45 (7%) are indigenous women.
- Of 460 people who report receiving profit sharing, 92 (20%) are women.
- Of the 3,097 member partners of the 38 subprojects improve their productive activity, 638 (20%) are women, of which 297 (9%) are indigenous women.

These numbers do not necessarily reflect the efforts of the MDE Project in social inclusion or gender equality, but they help to reflect the distribution of work that is currently carried out within the subprojects. However, it is important to note that, according to the data, there is not necessarily a distinction between training activities and those that generate employment, since a man or women can participate in both monitoring activities and hand-in-hand activities.

6.8.4. Subprojects

Subproject proposals are developed and selected through different processes for submissions through the Social Inclusion Window (VIS) and Financial Inclusion Window (VIF). A total of 720 VIF and VIS proposals were received of which 92 were approved and have signed contracts. VIF subproject proposals were received in 2018 and VIS subproject proposals were received in 2019.

In each selection phase (for both types of subprojects), submissions undergo three review stages:

- The NEA verifies completeness and compliance with all requirements and requests any missing documentation;
- The NSC Regional Subcommittees, together with the Mexican Government's National Forestry Commission and Commission for the Development of Indigenous Peoples, review and evaluate submissions based on pre-defined criteria; and
- The full NSC reviews submissions, validates their grades from the previous stage, and finalizes approval and rejection decisions, based on the technical evaluation and assigned budget.

Of the 41 VIF subprojects²⁹ with a signed contract, 39 are active. Of the 50 VIS subprojects with a signed contract, 48 are active and 2 subprojects withdrew. All the VIF and VIS Subprojects that are currently in implementation have a maximum implementation date until February 2022. However, given the delays in the execution of the subprojects, mainly due to the COVID pandemic, several of these will be extended according to the support needs identified by the NEA which is a fundamental part of the justification for extending the closure of the DGM Mexico Project (August 2023), whose restructuring was approved by the WB at the end of the first semester 2021. It is expected that the maximum date for the extension of the execution of subprojects will be no later than March 2023.

Likewise, there are VIF subprojects that have additional financial resources approved by the NSC and that will be administered at the beginning of 2022 based on an addendum to their current contract.

²⁹ A subproject is a group or organization whose technical proposal was selected by the NSC to be financed and, as such, they have signed a subproject execution contract. An active subproject is a Subproject that is executing its scheduled activities in accordance with its contract.



Figure 13. (left) Delivery of a tractor to subproject implementers; (right) delivery of irrigation equipment purchased by Horticultoras Kampokolche group



Figure 14. (left) Delivery of organic fertilizers by the Mujeres Plantadoras Payo Obispo group; (right) delivery of equipment for the establishment of the agroforestry system by the San Luis agroforestry group

Title: POSIBLE COOP Program of Fundación Televisa México

Organization: Five VIS subprojects: Women of Ramón de Nuevo Becal (Campeche) - Production of Ramón tea, Meliponas Ticum (Yucatán) - *Apis* honey production, Creciendo Raíces (Quintana Roo) - Production of beehive boxes, Flores Zapotecas (Oaxaca) - Production of Teas and Tizanas, and Ixtlécas women (Oaxaca) - Cosmetics based on fruits, flowers, and medicinal plants.

The previous report described the importance and objective of the participation of 5 VIS subprojects, represented and integrated by women, in the POSIBLE COOP Program of Fundación Televisa México. In this semester, the activities of the Program were concluded with important results of the groups in the development of management and market activities, as well as in the development of digital capacities, including basic Office packages and use of social networks. The case of Flores Zapotecas and Mujeres Ixtlecas from the Oaxaca region stands out, who in a work meeting in the field by the DGM team, presented their advances and improvements in the execution of their productive activity that includes the definition of their business identity. (Mission, Vision, Values), identification of improvements in market routes, communication, products and prices, as well as improvement of the labeling of its products. Both groups have even generated a video that shows their growth process as a group, the challenges and learning they have achieved and the improvements they seek to achieve. In the case of the Flores Zapotecas group, a young member of the group produced said video

autonomously and in a participatory manner with her group. The videos are not yet public but will be shared on the DGM website and social networks as soon as they are available. With the financing of the DGM project, it is possible to contribute to consolidate the productive capacity (raw material, transformation, equipment, etc.), which allows to ensure a better supply of production to the target markets that the work groups seek to reach.

6.8.5. Grievance Mechanism

DGM Mexico's System to Receive and Address Information Requests and Grievances (SIRASIQ) receives information requests as well as grievances. DGM Mexico's GRM system, SIRASIQ has been effective and efficient at addressing and resolving grievances in a timely manner. The 214 submissions received through SIRASIQ since 2018 only include 3 complaints. The prompt responsiveness of SIRASIQ and continued communication reflects an effective GRM. During this reporting period, 2 requests for information were received. Information requests or complaints can be submitted through:

- A toll-free phone call, through the SIRASIQ exclusive phone number: 01 800 9530057 (available Monday through Friday from 10 am to 5 pm);
- By sending an e-mail to the DGM's mailing address: informacion.mde@ra.org;
- By filling in a form on the project's website: <https://www.mde-mexico.org/sirasig>;
- By completing a printable form and delivering it through mailboxes to be installed in each region or by taking it to the NEA's office in Mexico City; or,
- Through messaging on WhatsApp to the Safeguards Specialist and Coordinators of the SIRASIQ.

To facilitate access to the GRM process, DGM Mexico will install physical SIRASIQ mailboxes in the second semester of 2021.

More detail on DGM Mexico's Grievance Redress Mechanism is available on the project website: <https://www.mde-mexico.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/08/FAQjul.pdf>.

6.8.6. Progress and Results

The latest publicly available data from DGM Mexico was collected in November 2021, as contained in the project's eighth ISR Report³⁰ released in December 2021. The NEA provided an update on the status of indicators in January 2022.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 82. PDO-1 - Targeted beneficiaries receiving sub-grants and matching grants through the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	0	41	91	90
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Feb. 2022

30

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/099555012132145655/pdf/Disclosable0Ve0604000Sequenc0No009.pdf>

Table 83. PDO-2 - Share of targeted Local Community Promoters with improved capacity supported by the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	N/A	76%	74%	80%
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Feb. 2022

Table 84. PDO-3 - People in targeted forest and adjacent communities with increased monetary or non-monetary benefits from forests

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	0	520	3,569	2,500
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Feb. 2022

Table 85. PDO-4 - Percentage of participants in the capacity development activities with increased role in the FIP and other REDD+ processes at local, national, or global levels

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	0	94%	94%	75%
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Feb. 2022

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 86. IR-1.1 - Sub-grants and matching grants provided to targeted beneficiaries under the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	0	39	88	80
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Feb. 2022

Table 87. IR-1.2 - Percentage of subprojects successfully completed and achieving their objectives

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	N/A	0	0	75%
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Nov. 2021	Feb. 2022

Table 88. IR-2.1 - Local Community Promoters supported with training under the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	0	20	19	20
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Feb. 2022

Table 89. IR-2.2 - Targeted beneficiaries that participated in REDD+ and ILM related knowledge exchanges under the project

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Value	0	11	11	30
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Feb. 2022

Table 90. Percentage of grievances registered related to delivery of project benefits that are actually addressed

	Baseline	Actual (Previous NEA Update)	Actual (Latest NEA Update)	End Target
Information Requests	0	212	214	N/A
Requests Addressed	0	212	214	N/A
Percent Addressed	N/A	100%	100%	100%
Date	Jan. 2018	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Feb. 2022

6.8.7. Upcoming Activities

Table 91. DGM Mexico upcoming activities January – June 2022

Approximate Timing	Activity
TBD	Hire consultants to provide ATLs with support
TBD	Provide support to VIS and VIF beneficiaries
TBD	Subregional workshops (3 per region)
TBD	Develop curriculum for PCL training
TBD	2 PCL trainings
TBD	Hire consultants for social media support
TBD	Develop SiMyEPS training curriculum
TBD	Subregional workshops on implementation of SiMyEPS, MRS, POAS, PMA and PAC instruments
TBD	Perception survey on non-monetary benefits of subprojects
TBD	NSC meeting

6.9. Mozambique

6.9.1. Project Overview

The Mozambique Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Local Communities ([DGM Mozambique](#) or MozDGM) was designed to strengthen the capacity of target communities and community-based organizations (CBOs) to participate in integrated landscape management (ILM). The project's activities are structured according to the following three [components](#): (i) Increasing Community and CBO Participation in Integrated Landscape Management, (ii) Strengthening Capacity for Community-Based Natural Resource Management, and (iii) Project Management, Monitoring, and Evaluation.

6.9.2. Activity Update

COVID-19

COVID-19 has been impacting the project workplan implementation and progress, especially project activities that require in-person meetings and trainings. Some of the activities impacted were the Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) training and the trainings in the 3 modules of MozDGM (financial management, community and natural resources governance) for component 1 of the project, as well as meetings such as the annual meeting to develop the project workplan and budget, and NSC meetings.

To mitigate COVID-19 transmission and abide by government restrictions, DGM Mozambique split larger meetings into several smaller ones, conducted hybrid meetings, postponed some meetings, and held meetings outdoors. For instance, the training for MozDGM focal points on monitoring and evaluation were split in two parts, one in Mocuba (Zambezia) and another in Ancuabe (Cabo Delgado). A total of 16 participants attended the trainings, 7 in one training and 9 in the other. Hybrid meetings were held with some participants joining in-person and others via Zoom.

Although the pandemic continues to affect the project, the key success stories during the pandemic included the fact that the project was able to conduct several trainings under component 1, to members of CBOs in financial management, community and natural resources governance, creating enabling conditions for the implementation of the sub-projects, that are also underway.

Programmatic Progress

The projects most significant achievements during this reporting period include trainings for 17 CBOs and 6 associations as these activities contribute to the PDO of strengthening local community and CBO capacity in ILM. In addition, subprojects' average progress of 35% implementation and 46% financial disbursement are also key achievements. These outcomes were obtained through working with multiple

DGM Mozambique	
Funding:	US\$4.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
16 voting members - 12 men/4 women	
12 non-voting members - 9 men/3 women	
National Executing Agency:	
Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWF) - Mozambique	
Key Dates:	
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Aug. 2016
National Steering Committee Established	May 2017
National Executing Agency Selected	Aug. 2017
Approved by World Bank Board	Dec. 2017
Implementation Start	Dec. 2017
Implementation End	Feb. 2023
Closing Date	Feb. 2023
Global Steering Committee member:	
Daniel Maúla	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Franka Braun	
NEA Contact:	
António Serra aserra@wwf.org.mz	

stakeholders to prepare training materials on finance and community and natural resources management, as well as partnering with government, academia, and community partners such as CGRN unidade, Ecoflora, Opuerla and more.

Component 1: Increased participation of local communities in integrated landscape management (ILM) at national, provincial, and local levels

Under component 1, MozDGM improved local communities' and CBO's understanding of Integrated Landscape Management (ILM) through trainings on 3 modules: finance, community and natural resources management. These trainings were aimed at improving CBO's capacity and skills in ILM and subproject management. During this reporting period, 2 training sessions were conducted in Zambezia landscape, benefitting 133 participants (50 women). Over the last year, MozDGM's trainings have benefitted a total of 786 people (49% women) in both landscapes, with 348 participants in Zambezia (31% women), and 438 people (62% women) in Cabo Delgado.

MozDGM also provided training to 16 focal points (one from each district) from the District Services of Economic Activities (SDAE) in 7 districts of Cabo Delgado and 9 districts of Zambezia. During the two-day training in August 2021, participants learned to conduct surveys, collect data, and monitor indicators. Another training was conducted in October 2021 on data collection.

32 NSC members also received M&E training, specifically for community projects. The training was held on August 12, 2021 following the NSC meeting. In December 2021, MozDGM supported 4 CBO members' participation in an evaluation of forest governance with the main output being the elaboration of a guideline for future forest governance evaluations. During this reporting period, the project also carried out multiple communication activities including sharing messages about MozDGM on different channels and community radios, coverage of NSC supervision visits in Cabo Delgado through local media, and the participation of local media in the launch of subprojects in both landscapes.

Component 2: Community based natural resource management projects

Under component 2, MozDGM supported 17 CBOs for the implementation of subprojects. All 17 have been screened and their respective environmental and social management plans (PGAS) developed. Best practice manuals (MPB) for 8 subprojects were developed. Subprojects require submitting a request for environmental licensing. During this reporting period, the project carried out a preliminary environmental review and screening, field visit by the Provincial Environmental Services (SPA), categorization of the subproject through government legislation, and development of the instruments of environmental management. The land use permit (DUAT) is the only document missing in almost all the projects (except ADETUR subproject) to complete the environmental licensing.

MozDGM uses a digital dashboard to track subprojects. The 17 subprojects have a physical implementation³¹ of about 35% and a total budget of \$1,148,199³² USD of which \$530,183 USD (46%) has been disbursed. Subprojects will include technical assistance which was mapped and shared with the NSC and World Bank during this reporting period. To ensure accurate and consistent monitoring, the NEA provided subproject implementers with training on the matching grants platform. To support monitoring, project coordinators in Zambezia and Cabo Delgado will continually conduct field supervisions.

³¹ Physical implementation is an indicator determined considering 5 components, which are part of the MozDGM indicator iR2.3, namely: (1) Level acquisitions execution; (2) Level of infrastructure execution; (3) Level of training activities execution; (4) Level of technical assistance execution; and (5) Level of outputs achievement.

³² Amount in USD is an estimate based on an exchange rate on February 24, 2022.

Component 3: Project Management, Monitoring, and Evaluation

Under component 3, MozDGM held 1 NSC meeting during this reporting period in Nampula City to discuss and approve the workplan for 2022 and 2023. MozDGM also conducted subproject supervision visits from November 14-20, 2021 to the governments of the province in Pemba and Metuge, Ancuabe, and Montepuez districts. In the communities, all 9 subprojects in Cabo Delgado were visited. The visiting team included the NSC President and vice-president, Cabo Delgado NEA project coordinator and WWF landscape coordinators.

Communications

The most significant communication achievement during the reporting period includes the engagement of community radios. In July 2021 training was provided on the dissemination of messages related to the Integrated Landscape Management. To ensure communications are culturally appropriate and accessible, MozDGM uses community radios and community testimonies.

Challenges

Some of the key challenges continue to be COVID-19 infections and adapting project activities. In July, the project also faced a 1-month interruption of transactions which coincided with the implementation of subprojects and resulted in delays of subproject disbursements. In addition, price volatility and regional price differences also influenced the purchase of materials and equipment for the implementation of subprojects. However, one of the main lessons learned from this reporting period has been the importance of knowledge exchange and the opportunity for subproject implementers to share and exchange experiences with one another.

6.9.3. Gender

To promote gender equity, MozDGM supports women's active participation in CBO's as decision-makers and in capacity building sessions. The project is planning a gender based violence (GBV) training for CBOs and the GBV plan is expected to be finalized by January 2022. Subprojects are in the process of being established which requires setting up infrastructure. While manual labor involved in infrastructure is largely carried out by men, women in the DGM have been very involved in the process of identifying suitable sites, gathering construction material, and more. MozDGM believes that women's active participation from the beginning will ensure their continued involvement throughout implementation.

One of the main achievements in terms of gender equity promotion has been the participation of women in trainings, of the 786 people trained 49% were women. Their participation in the training has improved their knowledge on financial and business management to support subprojects. In addition, women are a slight majority in CBO subprojects, representing 53% of the total 1,330 members involved in subprojects. Of the 17 awarded sub-projects, 9 are women-focused.

6.9.4. Subprojects

MozDGM selected 17 subprojects of the 287 proposals submitted through the following process:

1. Call for Proposals: NEA launches a call to receive expressions of interest
2. Proposal submission: CBO's submit simplified proposals
3. Screening: a screening and environmental analysis is conducted on the proposals and the top ones are selected (10 were selected in first phase and 7 in the second)
4. Development of full proposals: with the support of a consultant, CBO's develop their full proposal

5. Contract signature: CBO's sign contracts

Subprojects are selected based on the following selection criteria:

- The CBO implements all or some of its activities in a local community in the selected regions;
- The CBO is constituted by a minimum of 10 people and has a minimum organizational structure, for example, a structure that functions as a directorate.
- The CBO has an intervention profile focused on the management of natural resources, agro-food or forestry production, or community tourism management.
- The CBO is recognized by the communities in the area where it has been operating for at least 1 year.
- The CBO is legalized at least at the District Administration level, or obtains this recognition until the date of signature of the grant contract for the community project.
- The CBO is not being supported by other projects for the same activities it is applying for.
- The CBO presents a Term of Commitment signed with a Service Provider (if applicable).
- The CBO meets all criteria stipulated in the Financing Agreement

6.9.5. Grievance Redress

The GRM platform is highly interactive and reflects the status of grievances submitted, addressed, and resolved. To ensure communities' understanding of the mechanism, has set-up multiple avenues for stakeholders to submit grievances including telephone, email, interpersonal communications, complaint boxes and an online platform.

In addition to the online GRM platform, MozDGM has facilitated the complaints process by providing complaint boxes in District Services for Economic Activities (SDAEs) and in WWF offices. The complainant writes a letter and deposits it in the box. The complaint boxes include forms for those who would like to submit a complaint, to fill out a form and deposit it in the box. Upon request, someone from the SDAE may provide support in writing the complaint. Once the complaint is submitted, a contact person at the SDAE calls the green line (MozDGM hotline) and submits the request or when internet is accessible, complaints may be submitted by email.

The key lessons learned during this reporting period was the need to improve the disclosure of grievance channels, especially the green line because MozDGM has received multiple submissions however, they are not all complaints and include requests for employment.

During this reporting period, there were no grievances reported.

6.9.6. Progress and Results

As of DGM Mozambique's fifth Implementation Status and Result Report (ISR),³³ archived in December 2020, project implementation has been reported to be slower than expected. Progress towards project indicator targets is expected once the final selection and financing of subprojects is complete. The indicators below are shown here to highlight the expected results and targets of the project by its end date in February 2023.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 92. Share of DGM participants with improved capacity to participate in ILM

	Baseline	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Communities	N/A	45.95	60%
CBOs	N/A	N/A	60%
Total	N/A	0.00	60%
Date	Dec. 2019	Feb. 2021	Feb. 2023

Table 93. Share of DGM participants with increased role in the FIP and other REDD+ processes at local, national, or global levels

	Baseline	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Communities	N/A	0.00	60%
CBOs	N/A	0.00	60%
Total	N/A	0.00	60%
Date	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 94. Share of DGM participants with enhanced knowledge and understanding of ILM

	Baseline	Actual (NEA Update)	End Target
Communities	N/A	35.14	60%
CBOs	N/A	N/A	60%
Total	N/A	0.00	60%
Date	Feb. 2018	Feb. 2021	Feb. 2023

Table 95. Share of DGM stakeholders that perceive DGM governance and processes as transparent and inclusive

	Baseline	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
--	----------	-------------------------	------------

³³ <http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/348021580320056352/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-Local-Communities-P161241-Sequence-No-04.pdf>

Total	N/A	78.38	80%
Date	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023

Table 96. Share of women among community subproject beneficiaries

	Baseline	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Total	N/A	0.00	50%
Date	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023

Table 97. Community-private sector partnerships signed

	Baseline	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Total	0	0.00	4
Date	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023

Table 98. Share of subprojects successfully completed and achieved their objectives (consistent with FIP objectives)

	Baseline	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Total	N/A	0.00	70%
Date	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023

Table 99. Share of grievances registered related to delivery of project benefits that are actually addressed

	Baseline	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Total	N/A	100%	80%
Date	Feb. 2018	Dec. 2020	Feb. 2023

6.9.7. Upcoming Activities

Date	Activity
Jan-Jun 2022	Replicate trainings in 3 modules on financial management, governance, and natural resource management
Jan-Jun 2022	Facilitate the participation of at least 40 local community members in public consultation meetings on natural resource legislation
Jan-Jun 2022	Capacity building and technical assistance to subproject beneficiaries

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Jan-Jun 2022	Meeting with strategic project partners including ADIN and CPDE
--------------	---

6.10. Nepal³⁴

6.10.1. Activity Update

DGM Nepal	
Allocated Funding:	US\$4.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
29 total members	
14 voting members (10 men – 4 women)	
15 non-voting members	
National Executing Agency:	
Rural Reconstruction Nepal	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Andrea Kutter	

³⁴ GEA did not receive a country report from Nepal for this report.

6.11.Peru

6.11.1. Project Overview

The Saweto Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities in Peru ([DGM Peru](#)) was designed to support Indigenous Peoples in selected communities in the Peruvian Amazon in their efforts to improve their sustainable forest management practices. In pursuit of this objective, DGM Peru structures its activities according to the following [components](#): (i) Native land titling in the Amazon, (ii) Indigenous forest management, and (iii) Governance and sustainability.

6.11.2. Activity Update

On June 25, 2021, DGM Peru concluded project activities and closed out the national project.

DGM Peru	
Funding:	US\$5.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
10 voting members 5 AIDESEP - 5 CONAP 8 men – 2 women	
National Executing Agency:	
Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWF) - Peru	
Key Dates:	
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	May 2015
Approved by World Bank Board	Sep. 2015
Implementation Start	Oct. 2015
Effectiveness Date	Nov. 2015
1 st Call for Subproject Proposals	May 2016
2 nd Call for Subproject Proposals	May 2017
3 rd Call for Subproject Proposals	April 2019
Implementation End	Dec. 2020
Closing Date	June 2021
Global Steering Committee member:	
Marilen Puquio Arturo / Ruth Buendia Mestoquiari (alternating representation)	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Ana Luisa Gomes Lima	
NEA Contact:	
Cinthia Mongylardi Campos cinthia.mongylardi@wwfperu.org	

6.11.3. Progress and Results

The indicators and data presented below are taken from the project's 11th Implementation Status and Results Report (ISR)³⁵, containing data through June 2021 and released publicly in June 2021.

During this reporting period, DGM Peru made important progress in pursuit of the objectives of each project component, especially with regards to subgrants for sustainable forest management. Despite this progress, the mobility restrictions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic have resulted in a delay in project activities. To address these delays and constraints imposed by the pandemic, the NSC and NEA complied with specific activities of the action plan with the WB. This included compliance with the necessary health and safety measures to ensure the project continued implementation.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 100. Native communities recognized and registered

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	234	245	250
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Table 101. Native communities demarcated and titled

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	46	58	58
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Note: The previous ISR had a typo that reported the status of this indicator as 48 native communities demarcated and titled as of June 2020. The correct number should have been 45 native communities.

Table 102. Native communities with registered land titles

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	27	36	38
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Note: This indicator is new per the project's restructuring in March 2020

Table 103. Native communities with sustainable timber projects operating (Phase II only with limited eligibility)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	5	5	5
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

³⁵ <https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/585031624557856009/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Saweto-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-in-Peru-P148499-Sequence-No-11.pdf>

Table 104. Coverage of native community land titled in high threat areas

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	213,014	340,816	256,700
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Note: This indicator is new per the project's restructuring in March 2020

Table 105. Native communities with food security and income generating projects (Phase I & II)

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Value	0	55	114	100
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Intermediate Results Indicators

Table 106. Intended beneficiaries aware of project information and project investments

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Female	0	50%	49.19%	37%
Total	0%	100%	100%	75%
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Note: In DGM Peru's Project Appraisal Document, the disaggregated indicator for women was framed as a percentage with an end target of 75%. There was no disaggregated indicator or target for men. The ISR lists both as numerical indicators/targets, which correspond with the total number of intended beneficiaries (see below) rather than 75% of intended beneficiaries as reflected in the main target for this indicator.

Table 107. Direct project beneficiaries

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Female (%)	0	48%	54%	50%
Total	0	42,280	58,179	48,100
Date	Aug. 2016	Dec. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Note: The current number of direct project beneficiaries considers only subgrants that have been completed. Instead of an estimate based on the census, the number now considers the actual beneficiaries of subgrants. For this reason, there is a difference between the numbers reported in December 2019 and June 2020.

Table 108. Grievances addressed of those registered related to delivery of project benefits

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
--	----------	--------------------------	-------------------------	------------

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Percent addressed	N/A	100%	100%	100%
Date	Aug. 2016	Nov. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Table 96. People directly employed or benefitting from food security and income generation sub-projects

	Baseline	Actual (Previous ISR)	Actual (Current ISR)	End Target
Percent addressed	N/A	1,545	2,973	1,700
Date	Aug. 2016	Sep. 2020	Jun. 2021	Jun. 2021

Note: This indicator is new per the project's restructuring in March 2020

6.12. Republic of the Congo³⁶

6.12.1. Activity Update

DGM Republic of the Congo	
Allocated Funding:	US\$4.5 million
National Steering Committee:	
17 voting members 11 men – 6 women 5 non-voting members (government)	
National Executing Agency:	
CIPIVIE-CARITAS	
Key Dates:	
National Steering Committee Established	Feb. 2017
Global Steering Committee member:	
Guy Moussele-Diseke	
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Divine Babindamana	

³⁶ GEA did not receive a country report from DGM Congo for this report.

6.13. Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange

6.13.1. Project Overview

The Global Learning and Knowledge Exchange Project ([DGM Global](#)) was designed as a platform for capacity building, network strengthening, and partnerships among and between IPLC organizations and to serve a coordinating role for the program. The objective of DGM Global is to strengthen networks and partnerships for DGM Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLCs) at regional and global levels. It also serves to extend the learning and knowledge from the DGM to a wider IPLC community. In carrying out these responsibilities, the activities of DGM Global will be structured according to the following four components:

Component 1: Global and Regional Learning – The focus of this component is to organize and facilitate knowledge exchange, learning, and capacity building on forests and climate change issues at regional and global levels. Particularly this component will provide trainings and south-south exchanges of regional and global relevance. Activities also include the development of culturally appropriate knowledge resources for use by IPLCs globally. Activities under this component have a global or regional scope and include:

- **DGM Learning Exchanges:** global capacity building and learning exchanges to facilitate learning from the successful implementation of community led DGM projects and other relevant experiences
- **DGM Fellow Exchanges:** a series of bilateral short-term targeted exchanges to DGM country projects to share IPLC expertise and experiences between DGM countries and across regions

Component 2: Governance and Partnerships – DGM Global’s activities in this component support the strategic oversight and intellectual and policy guidance of the Global Steering Committee (GSC). This includes support to the GSC to fulfill its role within the DGM in addition to strengthening IPLC networks and organizations in global forums. A significant portion of these activities include provisioning of secretariat services to the GSC, facilitation of regular meetings of the GSC, and supporting GSC engagement with key partners.

- **Secretariat of the Global Steering Committee:** provision of secretariat services to the GSC meetings, GSC subcommittees, and co-chairs. Facilitation of GSC meetings and enabling GSC to provide fiduciary and general oversight to the program.

DGM Global	
Funding:	US \$2.3 million
Global Steering Committee:	
13 voting members + 3 alternate members ³⁷ (8 men/5 women)	
Global Executing Agency:	
Conservation International	
Key Dates:	
Approved by FIP Subcommittee	Dec. 2019
Approval by the World Bank	Jul. 2020
Grant Agreement Signature	Aug. 2020
Conservation International Selected as Global Executing Agency	Apr. 2015
Implementation Start	Apr. 2020
Implementation End	Dec. 2022
Closing Date	Jun. 2023
World Bank Task Team Leader:	
Meerim Shakirova	
GEA Contact:	
Johnson Cerda jcerda@conservation.org	

³⁷ DGM Peru, DGM Cote d’Ivoire, and DGM Nepal have each selected two alternating representatives to fill their seat on the Global Steering Committee, each with one man and one woman.

- **Managing IPLC partnerships:** facilitate engagements of DGM IPLC partners at relevant international policy dialogues, forums, and processes including but not limited to UNFCCC, UNPFII, IIPFCC, and FCPF. Support GSC participation in forests, REDD+ and climate change-related events, including but not limited to trainings on international negotiations, and relevant international policy dialogues and processes.

Component 3: Monitoring, Reporting, GRM, and Communications – This component supports DGM Global communications, robust monitoring and reporting, and an efficient project-related Grievance and Redress Mechanism. Responsibilities include monitoring of the DGM’s programmatic performance and compiling and reporting on the overall results of the DGM as a program. The implementation of this joint monitoring and reporting framework requires close coordination with the DGM country projects, including the development of semiannual implementation reports compiled from country project inputs, as well as preparation of the DGM’s Annual Reports. Expected outputs include:

- **Monitoring and Reporting:** DGM Global will conduct monitoring and reporting on the results and overall performance of the global project, and compile and report the results of Country Projects. This requires active coordination with NEAs in DGM countries to monitor and document the overall implementation progress of the DGM. The GEA will deliver a DGM annual report and DGM semiannual progress report.
- **Grievance and Redress Mechanism:** The Global Project will provide support to the GSC to facilitate the GRM for matters that are not resolved at the country level and are referred to the GSC. Activities include working with a subcommittee of the GSC to ensure that the GSC is active and responsive to complaints and grievances.
- **Communications and Knowledge Management:** Liaise, collaborate, and coordinate actively with the NEAs and GSC Global Communications Team to conduct communications and outreach activities, including the dissemination of culturally appropriate and inclusive information across DGM communication channels.

Component 4: Management of the DGM Global Executing Agency – The final component of DGM Global supports key operational, technical, and managerial functions of the project. Responsibilities include management, financial reporting, and auditing of project activities. Expected outputs include supporting project management, strategic planning, and administrative coordination.

6.13.2. Activity Update

DGM Global Project Highlights: July – December 2021

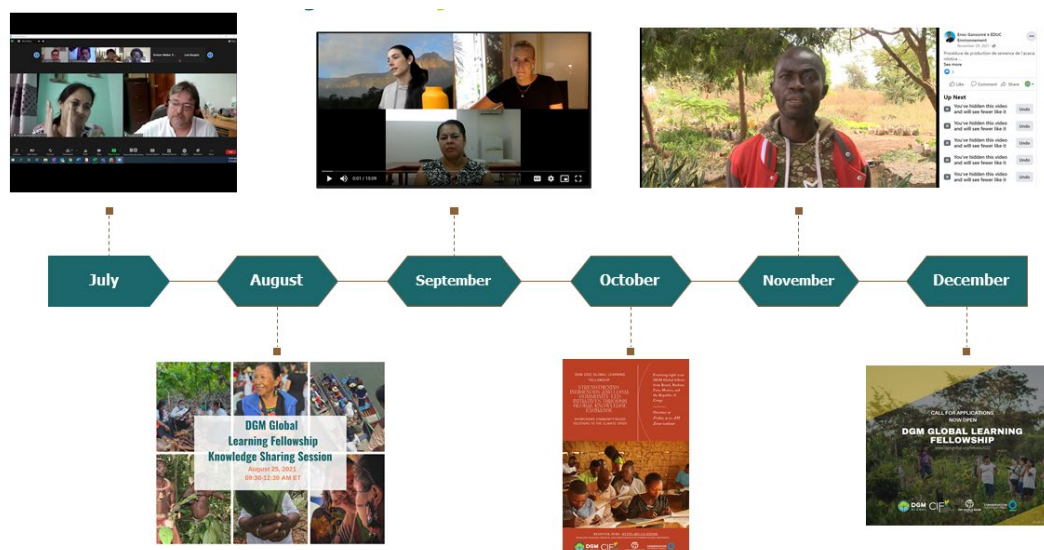


Figure 15. Timeline of key DGM Global project activities from July - December 2021

Between July and December 2021, DGM Global carried out numerous activities across the four project components, with the majority of activities in components 1 and 3. Activities included the virtual annual Global Steering Committee meeting in July, the first DGM knowledge sharing session in August, interviews for the DGM country video series between August and October, the second knowledge sharing session in October along with the virtual NEA meeting, annual World Bank mission, a reflection session with fellows in November, and preparations for the launch of the second call for fellow applications in December. Two major reports were submitted to the World Bank: Semiannual Report 12 and the 2021 Annual Report.

During this reporting period, the eight selected DGM Global learning fellows kicked off fellowship activities and completed their fellowship deliverables, culminating in a virtual reflection session on the success and challenges of the fellowship program. The DGM Global Learning Fellowship was initially designed as an in-person program including travel to another country. However, due to travel restrictions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the fellowship was adapted to a virtual format. All adaptations were consulted and coordinated directly with GSC members and the World Bank. It is worth noting that all DGM Global activities remained virtual except for the team's in-person participation and engagement at UNFCCC COP26 in Glasgow.

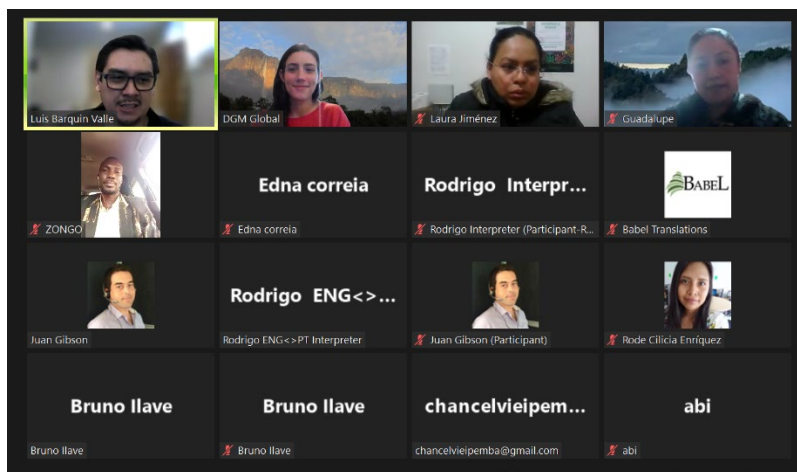


Figure 16. Closeout and reflection session on the 2021 DGM Global Fellowship.

DGM Global created multiple communications campaigns during this reporting period to commemorate World Indigenous People’s Day, the Global Learning Fellowship, virtual learning opportunities, and UNFCCC COP26 DGM engagement. Due to the travel limitations, many DGM organized events and those of partners were held virtually. This enabled greater attendance and engagement, as participants were not required to travel to attend. DGM Global also facilitated the participation of fellows in relevant international climate events such as IUCN World Conservation Congress (WCC), Global Landscapes Forum (GLF) Africa, GLF Amazonia and UNFCCC COP26 side events.

The reporting period culminated with the closeout of the 2021 fellowship program and preparations for the upcoming 2022 call for fellowship applicants. DGM Global compiled lessons learned and recommendations from the first DGM Global learning fellowship cohort and incorporated them into the design of the second call for applicants. A survey to obtain feedback from NEAs and GSC members on potential exchange themes was designed and conducted. In addition, DGM Global prepared the virtual launch of the 2021 digital annual report. For the first time, this year’s annual report was digitalized to enable greater reach and accessibility across DGM audiences.

6.13.3. Project Activities

Component 1: Global and Regional Learning

Subcomponent 1.1. Virtual Learning Sharing and Knowledge Exchange

Global Knowledge Sharing Sessions

DGM Global adapted this activity to focus on organizing virtual capacity building and learning exchanges. Adjustments for this activity also included placing on hold the in-person Global Exchange, initially anticipated to take place in September 2021. In absence of an in-person Global Exchange, the GEA organized two virtual knowledge sharing sessions and one national executing agency meeting. These exchanges were organized to facilitate participant’s learning from technical experts and successful IPLC-led DGM country projects. The GEA provided interpretation into English, Spanish, French and Portuguese for all virtual exchanges.

To prepare for the first knowledge sharing session, the GEA reviewed fellows’ responses pertaining to their areas of interest and areas of expertise listed in the application form. Based on these responses, the first knowledge sharing session was designed to focus on gender equity and inclusion as this was one of

the key themes that survey respondents identified. The virtual exchange occurred on August 25, 2021, via Zoom and featured guest speakers, GSC co-chair Bharati Pathak and Conservation International's senior gender advisor, Kame Westerman, GSC members, and the eight DGM fellows. Bharati opened the session sharing her experience and trajectory as a woman, local community leader, NSC member, and as of recent, GSC co-chair. Kame provided fellows with practical examples on how to promote gender equity and inclusion in project design, implementation, and governance. After these presentations, fellows shared their experiences on promoting or participating in women's engagement and leadership, and information on their areas of expertise. The session concluded with questions and answers and an open discussion.



Figure 17. Flyer shared on DGM social media channels to promote the knowledge sharing session

The second knowledge sharing session occurred on October 15, 2021 and was divided into two separate sessions. The first session was open to the public and centered on strengthening Indigenous and local community-led initiatives through global knowledge exchange and the second was an open dialogue for fellows and GSC members only to share knowledge and experience on community enterprises, social inclusion and identity, and COVID-19.

National Executing Agency Meeting

On October 25, 2021, DGM Global hosted the first virtual National Executing Agency meeting. This meeting was organized to share lessons learned from closing DGM country projects to support new countries and those at the peak of implementation. DGM Burkina Faso and DGM Peru NEA representatives were invited to share their experience implementing a DGM country project from inception to closeout. All 12 DGM country NEA representatives were present at this meeting and engaged in the discussion portion of the exchange to obtain further information from Burkina Faso and Peru's successful implementation and closeout.

The GEA, GSC, and WB are actively coordinating options to hold multiple virtual learning sessions/trainings for the remainder of FY22.

Subcomponent 1.2. First DGM Learning Fellowship

This subcomponent was adapted from a series of bilateral, in-person learning exchanges to a series of virtual knowledge sharing sessions and e-learning opportunities. Shortly after kicking off the DGM Global Learning Fellowship the GEA worked with each fellow to select e-learning courses and subsequently carried out monthly virtual check-ins with fellows. To support communication across the fellows, the GEA

created a WhatsApp group and Facebook group page for the fellows to engage with one another, exchange knowledge, and share relevant content. These platforms served as spaces for fellows to share updates on their knowledge products, images, and videos from their communities, and ask specific questions to their peers.

Between July and August, DGM Global fellows began their respective e-learning courses and prepared for the first knowledge sharing session. Some fellows had also begun creating their knowledge products. On August 25, 2021, the GEA hosted the first virtual global knowledge sharing session. This session was open to GSC members and fellows. It centered on gender equity and inclusion in project implementation and in governance. During the session, GSC co-chair Bharati Pathak shared her experience as a local community woman in leadership and Kame Westerman, CI's Senior Gender Advisor provided participants with practical examples on how to include gender in project design and implementation, citing relevant DGM examples. The session provided participants with key resources on how to promote and support women's participation in positions of leadership and subprojects.

At the knowledge sharing session, each fellow presented on their area of expertise, and provided examples and challenges on gender equity and inclusion in their communities and projects. The session ended with open discussion and dialogue between GSC members, technical experts, and fellows. After the session, the GEA designed, translated, and sent fellows a feedback survey. The survey was designed to obtain their thoughts and perspectives on the first knowledge sharing session and in preparation for the second. Fellows provided very valuable feedback through these surveys which were included in the planning of the second knowledge sharing session. One of the main points of feedback was that they would prefer additional time for dialogue and knowledge exchange between fellows, and less presentation time. Their areas of interest were also compiled and used to develop the agenda for the second knowledge sharing session.

The second knowledge sharing session was held on October 15, 2021, two months after the first session providing fellows with ample time to make progress on their knowledge products and e-learning courses in preparation for the second knowledge sharing session. The second knowledge sharing session was carried out in two separate sessions. The first portion of the session was open to the public and focused on strengthening Indigenous and local community-led initiatives through global knowledge exchange. Over 90 people registered for the event and approximately 50 attended the entire 90-minute session. The GSC co-chair Manuel Aldrete opened the session and welcomed participants. The GEA invited guest speaker Candido Pastor to present on community-led solutions and climate finance. During this session, all eight fellows participated and presented on examples of community-based solutions to the climate crisis. As soon as the first portion concluded, fellows and GSC members were invited to the second portion. Per fellows' request following the first knowledge sharing session, the second portion of the session was a 90-minute open dialogue. The 90-minute dialogue was organized by the main themes that the fellows highlighted in their feedback surveys: COVID-19 resilience, community enterprises, and gender, social inclusion, and identity.

To further support knowledge exchange and capacity building, DGM Global invited fellows to participate in multiple virtual international climate related events including GLF Africa, GLF Amazonia, IUCN WCC, and UNFCCC COP26. Multiple fellows utilized the knowledge acquired during these events into their knowledge products and community activities. Some of the e-learning courses fellows completed were on Indigenous Peoples and the United Nations, equality and non-discrimination, gender, and the environment, integrating climate change in national and local policy, environmental management and leadership, sustainability and environmental education, sustainable development goals for businesses, and youth and climate change. As part of the knowledge development and dissemination component of

the fellowship, fellows created informative and engaging creative knowledge products to share with their communities and global audiences. Some of these knowledge products include videos, blogs, virtual workshop series, and brochures that can be found [here](#).

Between September and November, fellows completed e-learning courses, finalized and disseminated their knowledge products and participated in a virtual reflection session organized by the GEA. The objective of the reflection session was to obtain valuable inputs from DGM fellows on the organization, content, timeline, and outcomes of the fellowship. This session was organized by reviewing each phase of the fellowship beginning with the call for applications and ending with the submission of deliverables. The purpose of this session was to evaluate the fellowship and compile important feedback for the design of the second fellowship.



Figure 18. **DGM Global Knowledge Sharing session.** (left) DGM Global Fellow Abibata Zan presents on experience weaving in Burkina Faso and (right) Guadalupe Pacheco shares her experience participating in the virtual IUCN WCC.

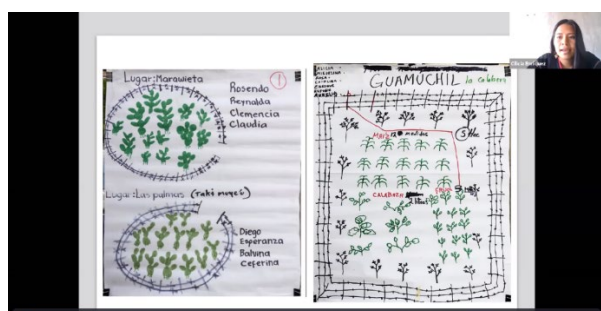


Figure 19. DGM Global Fellow, Cilicia Enriquez presents during DGM Global knowledge sharing session.

Component 2: Governance and Partnerships

Subcomponent 2.1. Secretariat of the Global Steering Committee

The GSC annual meeting was initially scheduled for mid-May 2021, however due to unexpected delays in obtaining clearance over the FY22 workplan and budget, the meeting was postponed to mid-July 2021. Therefore, the 2021 GSC meeting was conducted during this reporting period from July 13-15, 2021, with the active participation of all GSC members and simultaneous interpretation in English, Spanish, French, and Portuguese. During this meeting, the GSC decided on the DGM Global project workplan and budget for FY22 (July 1, 2021, to June 30, 2022). GSC members also exchanged updates on progress in DGM countries, provided strategic direction on important aspects of the DGM Global project, and held elections

for co-chairs, subcommittees, and the working group. Bharati Pathak and Manuel Aldrete were elected 2021-2023 GSC co-chairs.

Throughout this reporting period, the GEA maintained constant and continued communication with GSC members on progress updates and adapted activities in response to COVID-19. The GEA also interacted regularly with DGM countries and GSC members to provide them with relevant information, consult them as needed, and identify opportunities to share lessons learned across the program.

In addition, co-chairs were regularly informed of updates, exchanges, and events, and their feedback was requested for the SAR and AR. Between July and December 2021, the GEA implemented the 2021 GSC decisions and coordinated virtually with the GSC subcommittees: GRM, budget, communications, and sustainability.

Technical Assistance and Secretariat Services

The second component of DGM Global supports the effective leadership of the project's Global Steering Committee, which includes IPLC representatives from the National Steering Committees of each established DGM country project, as well as a member from a non-DGM country to represent the broader interests of IPLCs around the world.

DGM Global adapted this subcomponent to continue providing the necessary secretariat services to the GSC meetings, GSC Subcommittees, and Co-chairs. Adapting and facilitating the GSC meeting to continue to support the GSC in fulfilling its role as the overall governing body of the DGM to provide general oversight to the program. Relevant DGM Global activities during this period include the logistical coordination and technical support to organize virtual and in-person meetings, events, and exchanges, and the preparation of relevant documents.

GSC Subcommittees and Working Groups

GSC Grievance Redress Subcommittee (GRS)

The GEA in coordination with the Ethics Point team and the GRM subcommittee members acknowledged the complaint submitted by a member of the DGM in Indonesia. The complaint was already processed and responded by NEA GRM system at national level. The GEA will close the case once the team receives a copy of the response given by DGM Indonesia NEA.

GSC Sustainability Working Group

The GEA supported the DGM sustainability working group to coordinate and prepare for a meeting with the CIF. The purpose of the meeting is to better understand the CIF's second phase plans. An initial session for November was postponed in order to open a dialogue after UNFCCC COP26.

GSC Communications Subcommittee

The GEA has been engaged with the GSC Communications Subcommittee through regular DGM Global communications updates via email and WhatsApp. Maintaining ongoing communication with the GSC communication subcommittee through email and WhatsApp not only serves to update the subcommittee members of DGM Global's communications efforts and performance but also enables collaboration between the GEA and subcommittee members.

Subcomponent 2.2. Managing IPLC partnerships and networks

Between July and December 2021, DGM Global adapted and reorganized the pipeline of events and strategic engagements in response to the current pandemic. As a result, DGM Global has prioritized presence in virtual events and supported multiple virtual learning sessions and digital engagements.

During this reporting period, DGM Global organized and supported the following virtual learning sessions and events:

- Dialogue on Reciprocity: Indigenous Peoples and Nature (COP26) November 1, 2021
- UNFCCC Sixth meeting of the LCIPP working group (October 28-30, 2021)
- Re-imagining climate finance for more inclusive investment (COP26) November 2, 2021
- Making Climate Finance more inclusive: Examples of community-led solutions (COP26) November 3, 2021
- Community-led solutions (COP26) November 4, 2021
- High-level COP26 side event/ CIF's nature, people, and climate investments program launchpad event (COP26) November 6, 2021
- Indigenous and local community leadership to achieve climate goals (COP26) November 10, 2021

Component 3: Monitoring, Reporting, GRM and Communications

Subcomponent 3.1. Monitoring and Reporting

DGM Global submitted a total of two reports (SAR 12 and 2021 Annual Report) in this reporting period. The country report templates that are sent on a semiannual basis to NEAs were revised to include questions that would enable the aggregation of common results for program-wide reporting. These questions included number of hectares when reporting on subprojects, NEA's response to COVID-19, specific questions on gender equity and inclusion, and greater details on subproject selection process and subgrants. This level of information benefits the DGM's efforts toward programmatic monitoring and reporting, but it also significantly increases the amount of time required to produce these semiannual reports. DGM Global continues to meet its reporting requirements, producing a semiannual report on the DGM Program, translating these reports, and making them available on the DGM Global website.

DGM Global led substantial coordination efforts with the DGM country projects to produce the DGM Semiannual Report for January – June 2021, given the connectivity challenges posed by remote work, increase in subproject implementation and the overall growth and progress of DGM country projects. As more country projects accelerate their implementation, the reports are becoming much more comprehensive and informative of activities.

The GEA intentionally designed the 2021 annual report as a solely digital report to enable greater distribution. In addition, it focused heavily on five themes and highlighted community-led solutions to the climate crisis and included biographies for GSC members, and a timeline of the program's key milestones. The digital annual report was graphically designed and translated into four languages. Its virtual launch event is planned for early 2022. Preparations, including an agenda, format, and potential speakers, were underway throughout the month of December.

Subcomponent 3.2. Grievance and Redress Mechanism

GSC Grievance Redress Subcommittee (GRS)

The GEA maintains and facilitates the functioning of a DGM Global GRM for matters primarily from global activities and complaints that are not resolved at the country level and are escalated to the GSC. GEA works with the GRM subcommittee to ensure that the GRM is active and responsive to complaints and grievances that may advance to the GSC for resolution through EthicsPoint, a third-party system for

grievance reporting.

The GEA usually receives requests for information that require coordination with relevant stakeholders to address and follow up on a particular issue.

Subcomponent 3.3. Communications and Knowledge Management

DGM Global's third subcomponent focuses on communications for the global project, coordination with NEAs, GSC, and Global communications team and outreach activities, including the dissemination of culturally appropriate and inclusive information across DGM communication channels.

Communications and Outreach

DGM Communications in this reporting period have been guided by the year 7 Communications Plan presented to GSC members for their approval and adoption during the 7th annual GSC meeting on Zoom in July 2021. The plan places great emphasis on enhanced platform use, diversifying content development, monitoring, and modifying analytics methods, storytelling, video content development, and increased coordination with the GCT, GSC Communications subcommittee, and World Bank communications efforts. The DGM GEA anticipated peaks of engagement and outreach throughout the reporting period around in-person events. However, due to adjustments in the timeline of activities, staff transitions, COVID-19 and in particular, travel restrictions, there was a drop in impressions and overall reach across social media channels.

Between July and December, DGM Global shared multiple opportunities for virtual engagement and learning, UNFCCC LCIPP happenings, country project updates, relevant reports, and continued to promote the fellows' work and achievements. Additionally, in honor of World Indigenous Peoples Day in August 2021, DGM GEA published a blog highlighting the voices and stories of DGM fellows through video. A newsletter promoting the knowledge sharing sessions and additional blogs and website content were produced and disseminated widely via the DGM Global Project website and social media channels. All social media content was translated into the four official DGM languages to ensure accurate messaging.

During this reporting period, DGM Global had an average of 400 unique visitors per month between July and December, reflecting a drop in unique visitors compared to previous reporting periods. August was the month with the most unique visitors due to World Indigenous Peoples Day social media campaign and the first knowledge sharing session. The cross promotion of DGM Global content by NEAs, GCT, World Bank and CIF supports content reach and engagement. Between July and December, DGM Global coordinated communications efforts with DGM countries, partners, and the World Bank to ensure maximum reach of relevant information, DGM participation in the Global Landscapes Forum, DGM Global Learning Fellowship, UNFCCC COP26, and virtual dialogues. These efforts proved successful, with a high of 631 unique visitors to the project's website in August. The World Indigenous People's Day, UNFCCC COP26 side events, and knowledge sharing sessions, were three major goals for DGM communications.

A growth in followers and digital presence was also reflected in the DGM's Twitter impression for this reporting period, with an average of 1,588 impressions per month with a greater increase in new followers, than previous reporting periods. Between July and December, DGM Global's Twitter account gained 42 new followers. Twitter reported peaks in August (1,511), October (1,152), and November (3,969). DGM Global's Twitter performance was particularly strong in these months with the virtual

knowledge sharing sessions, World Indigenous Peoples Day campaign, and DGM events at UNFCCC COP26.

In recognition and celebration of World Indigenous People's Day, the GEA published a [blog](#) focused on the fellow's examples of community-led solutions to the climate crisis, including videos from each fellow. To honor World Indigenous People's Day, the GEA also published a blog on DGM IPLC leadership, highlighting each of the DGM GSC members and congratulating the recently elected co-chairs. The GEA also sends out MailChimp campaigns to share announcements, publications, and opportunities. In October 2021, the GEA sent a newsletter announcing and inviting DGM audiences to the virtual knowledge sharing session. The newsletter received a 35% open rate.

The World Bank hired Marchmont, a marketing firm, to provide support to DGM Global's communications activities and content. Part of the firm's deliverables was a video series for each DGM country project. The GEA worked closely with Marchmont to complete the video series by designing the interview guide, facilitating the interviewee selection process, conducting interviews with a representative from each DGM country, transcribing interviews in Spanish and Portuguese, translating transcriptions, compiling b-roll, and reviewing materials. Overall DGM Global led the coordination and communication between DGM countries and Marchmont. In addition, Marchmont produced a communications plan, social media assessment, and brochures. DGM Global reviewed and provided feedback on these materials. These materials will be integrated into DGM communications in Q3FY22.

Component 4: Management of the DGM GEA

Subcomponent 4.1. Management

During the past period of performance, the DGM Global Executing Agency (GEA) worked with the World Bank (WB) and the Global Steering Committee (GSC) on the following priorities: adaptation of FY22 work plan activities in response to the pandemic and management of FY22 work plan.

The World Bank mission occurred on October 21, 2021. During the mission, GEA covered financial management and programmatic progress, overall project results since inception were reviewed, and the WB ensured adequate fiduciary control. In addition, the WB monitored that procurement activities have been implemented according to the agreed work plan and grant legal agreement.

6.13.4. Upcoming Activities

January – June 2022	Activity
January	DGM Global Fellowship Call for Applications
February	Virtual Annual Report launch
March	Selection of DGM Global Fellows
April	UNPFII
May	Global Steering Committee Meeting
June	SBSTA

6.13.5. Progress and Results

The indicators below are shown here to highlight the expected results and targets of the project by its end date in June 2023. Per request of the World Bank, they are organized per component.

Project Development Objective Indicators

Table 67. IPLC and DGM stakeholders engaged in DGM Global and regional knowledge exchange (cumulative)

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Value	N/A	18	40	50
Date	April 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 68. DGM Global Fellows that achieved their learning objectives

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Value	N/A	-	100%	85%
Date	April 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 69. Capacity-building activities under the DGM

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Value	N/A	1	4	10
Date	April 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 109. Joint activities and/or alliances under IPLC leadership at regional and/or global level that emerged through the global platform

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Value	N/A	12	14	15
Date	April 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 110. GSC providing fiduciary and general oversight to the DGM program (Yes/No)

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Value	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date	April 2020	July 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Note: The survey for collecting data for this indicator was conducted via SurveyMonkey post-GSC meeting.

Intermediate Results Indicators

Component 1: Global and Regional Learning

Table 111. Number of person-hours of capacity building and/or exchange in global exchanges

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Value	N/A	85	160	900
Date	April 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 112. Percentage of satisfaction of exchange participants

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	0	80%	85%
Date	April 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Note: The survey for collecting data for this indicator was conducted via SurveyMonkey post-exchanges.

Table 113. Percentage of exchange participants in learning and knowledge exchange activities belonging to non-DGM countries

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	0	7%	20%
Date	April 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 114. Percentage of women participants in Global and Regional Learning Exchanges

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	18%	45%	50%
Date	Apr. 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Component 2: Governance and Partnerships

Table 115. Number of relevant international events for GSC members with other IPLC partners and networks

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	6	9	10
Date	Apr. 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 116. Percentage of GSC members that perceive DGM governance and processes as transparent and inclusive

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	100%	100%	70%
Date	Apr. 2020	July 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Note: The survey for collecting data for this indicator was conducted via SurveyMonkey post-GSC meeting.

Table 78. Percent satisfaction ³⁸of GSC members

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	100%	100%	80%
Date	Apr. 2020	July 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Note: The survey for collecting data for this indicator was conducted via SurveyMonkey post-GSC meeting.

³⁸ Per the DGM Global Project Phase 2 results framework, “satisfaction” relates to the percentage of whether project interventions are effective and meet the demand of the project beneficiaries.

Component 3: Monitoring, Reporting, GRM, and Communications

Table 79. Percentage of grievances elevated to and addressed by GSC, related to the delivery of the DGM

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	50%	100%	100%
Date	Apr. 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Note: On June 23, 2020, a grievance from DGM Mexico was elevated to the GSC and addressed on August 6, 2020. On June 27, 2021, a grievance from DGM Indonesia was elevated to the GSC and addressed between November-December 2021 by DGM Indonesia NEA.

Table 80. Average monthly unique visitors to the DGM Global website (past 3 months)

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	466	366	500
Date	Apr. 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 81. Publications and communication materials/tools that advance the field of IPLC-led conservation

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	12	14	10
Date	Apr. 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Table 82. Number of DGM reports produced

	Baseline	Previous	Actual	End Target
Total	N/A	3	5	8
Date	Apr. 2020	June 2021	Dec 2021	June 2023

Appendix A. Contact Information

Project	Executing Agency	Website	Contact	Email
Global	Conservation International	Project: www.dgmglobal.org GEA: www.conservation.org	Johnson Cerda	dgmglobal@conservation.org
Brazil	Centro de Agricultura Alternativa do Norte de Minas	Project: www.dgmbrasil.org.br NEA: www.caa.org.br	Alvaro Carrara	alvaro@caa.org.br
Burkina Faso	IUCN-Burkina Faso	NEA: www.iucn.org	Oumarou Seynou	Oumarou.seynou@iucn.org
Cote d'Ivoire	CARE International	NEA: https://www.care-international.org/	Dramane Sidibe	Dramane.Sidibe@care.org
DRC	Caritas Congo	Project: www.peuplesautochtones.cd NEA: www.caritas.org	Boniface Deagbo	directeur@caritasdev.cd
Ghana	Solidaridad	NEA: www.solidaridadnetwork.org	Winston Asante	winston@solidaridadnetwork.org
Guatemala	Sotz'il Asociacion	Project: https://sotzil-guatemala.org/toonik-qawinaq-mecanismo-dedicado-para-pueblos-indigenas-y-comunidades-locales-mde-guatemala/ NEA: https://sotzil-guatemala.org/	Carlos Rodriguez	clolivet1963@gmail.com
Indonesia	The Samdhana Institute	Project: www.dgmindonesia.id NEA: www.samdhana.org	Martua Sirait/ Ratna Pawitra	martua@samdhana.org wita@samdhana.org
Mexico	Rainforest Alliance	Project: www.mde-mexico.org NEA: www.rainforest-alliance.org	Ricardo Ramírez	rramirez@ra.org
Mozambique	WWF Mozambique	Project: https://mozdgm.org.mz/ NEA: www.wwf.org.mz	Antonio Serra	aserra@wwf.org.mz
Nepal	Rural Reconstruction Nepal (RRN)	NEA: https://www.rrn.org.np/	Andrea Kutter	akutter@worldbank.org

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Peru	WWF Peru	Project: www.mdesawetoperu.org NEA: www.wwf.org.pe	Cynthia Mongylardi Campos	Cynthia.mongylardi@wwfperu.org
Rep. of Congo	CIPIVIE- Caritas	NEA: https://www.cipivieinternational.org/	Guy Moussele- Diseke	mousseledisekeguy@yahoo.fr

Appendix B. Country Project Data

Listed below are links to the latest Implementation Status and Results Reports (ISRs) for each DGM Country Project. These are the sources of most country project data in this report, unless otherwise specified. Each one can be accessed through the relevant country project page on the World Bank's website:

Brazil – ISR #14 (Data from October 2021, Archived October 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/107791634131170769/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-BR-DGM-for-Indigenous-People-and-Traditional-Communities-P143492-Sequence-No-14.pdf>

Restructuring Paper (Archived February 2019):

<http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/610341550792431177/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-BR-DGM-for-Indigenous-People-and-Traditional-Communities-P143492.pdf>

Second Restructuring Paper (Archived October 2020):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/460831602018675636/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-BR-DGM-for-Indigenous-People-and-Traditional-Communities-P143492.pdf>

Third Restructuring Paper (Archived June 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/727931623467866743/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-BR-DGM-for-Indigenous-People-and-Traditional-Communities-P143492.pdf>

Burkina Faso – ISR #7 (Data from July 2020, Archived August 2020):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/448161598393204588/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Local-Forest-Communities-Support-Project-P149434-Sequence-No-07.pdf>

Restructuring Paper (Archived April 2020):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/983361587477124329/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-and-or-Additional-Financing-Paper-Local-Forest-Communities-Support-Project-P149434.pdf>

Cote d'Ivoire – ISR #1 (Data from May 2021, Archived May 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/104851621964169505/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-Cote-d'Ivoire-P163004-Sequence-No-01.pdf>

DRC – ISR #10 (Data from August 2021, Archived August 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/294101628859162813/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Forest-Dependent-Communities-Support-Project-P149049-Sequence-No-10.pdf>

Ghana – ISR #8 (Data from January 2021, Archived February 2021):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/800741612463100797/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-Local-Communities-Project-P145316-Sequence-No-08.pdf>

Restructuring Paper (Archived January 2021):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/866661611081034559/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-Local-Communities-Project-P145316.pdf>

Indonesia – ISR #10 (Data from December 2021, Archived December 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/099920012102124762/pdf/Disclosable0Ve0473000Sequence0No010.pdf>

Restructuring Paper (Archived May 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/327451622208612505/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Strengthening-Rights-and-Economies-of-Adat-and-Local-Communities-P156473.pdf>

Mexico – ISR #9 (Data from November 2020, Archived December 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/099555012132145655/pdf/Disclosable0Ve0604000Sequence0No009.pdf>

Restructuring Paper (Archived August 2020):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/728251597959948776/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Mexico-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-IP-and-LC-P151604.pdf>

Second Restructuring Paper (Archived June 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/826861624562622347/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Mexico-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-IP-and-LC-P151604.pdf>

Mozambique – ISR #5 (Data from December 2019, Archived December 2020):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/199911608740850291/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-Local-Communities-P161241-Sequence-No-05.pdf>

Restructuring Paper (Archived June 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/683361625085547308/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-and-or-Additional-Financing-Paper-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-for-Local-Communities-P161241.pdf>

Peru – ISR #11 (Data from June 2021, Archived June 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/585031624557856009/pdf/Disclosable-Version-of-the-ISR-Saweto-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-in-Peru-P148499-Sequence-No-11.pdf>

Restructuring Paper (Archived March 2020):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/200341585026556755/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Saweto-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-in-Peru-P148499.pdf>

Second Restructuring Paper (Archived August 2020):

<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/503841598543011003/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Saweto-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-in-Peru-P148499.pdf>

Third Restructuring Paper (Archived May 2021):

<https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/199421620423227569/pdf/Disclosable-Restructuring-Paper-Saweto-Dedicated-Grant-Mechanism-in-Peru-P148499.pdf>

Appendix C. Subprojects

	Brazil	Burkina Faso	Indonesia	Peru	Mexico	Ghana	DRC	Mozambique	Overall
Quantity	64	85	49	98	90	219	6	17	628
Total (USD)	2,480,904.91	2,342,382.33	3,266,555	3,945,268.87	2,828,900	2,650,055	380,720	1,310,797	17,097,583.11
Average (USD)	38,753.63	29,279.78	66,664	40,257.85	31,432.22	12,500	60,120	87,386	27,225.45
Maximum (USD)	50,409.09	52,551.02	97,685	225,860.71	93,772.4	40,000	65,395	218,642	225,860.71
Minimum (USD)	19,588.14	7,653.06	29,231	2,949.06	10,407	3,000	41,765	14,438	2,949.06

Brazil

To date, DGM Brazil has approved 64 subprojects for implementation. The table to the right summarizes the grants provided for these subprojects³⁹

	Brazil
Quantity	64
Total (USD)	2,480,904.91
Average (USD)	38,753.63
Maximum (USD)	50,409.09
Minimum (USD)	19,588.14

Title:	Cerrado Network Institutional Project	Implementer:	Cerrado Network
Budget:	BRL 99,200	Contract Period:	5/22/17 - 5/22/19
Objective:	Strengthen the institutional articulation of the Cerrado Network in order to qualify its network performance and to increase the political impact of the Cerrado Network in the elaboration, implementation, and monitoring of public policies related to the promotion of sustainable development with respect to the rights of traditional peoples and communities in the Cerrado biome.		
Title:	Interstate Movement Association of the Babassu Coconut Breakers (MIQCB) Institutional Project	Implementer:	MIQCB
Budget:	BRL 100,000	Contract Period:	6/30/17-4/30/19
Objective:	Conduct the Regional Meetings and 8th Meeting of the Babassu Coconut Breakers, strengthening the struggle of women for the territory, preservation of the Babassu forest in order to improve the income and permanence of their ways of life.		
Title:	Improvement and marketing of products of socio-biodiversity by the Quilombola community of Pontinha	Implementer:	Interdisciplinary Institute on Studies and Surveys in Sustainability
Budget:	BRL 155,906	Contract Period:	7/17/17-11/17/19
Objective:	Increase the possibilities of work and income in the Pontinha community through the marketing of products of socio-biodiversity of the Cerrado.		

³⁹ All subproject grants were given in Brazilian reais (BRL). These amounts are specified in the complete subproject list in Appendix C. Any values in USD are approximate, based on an exchange rate from March 7, 2019.

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Socioenvironmental actions for environmental recovery of degraded areas and springs of the territory of the rural black Quilombola community of Sao Miguel	Implementer:	Association of the Rural Black Quilombola Community of Sao Miguel
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-1/25/20
Objective:	Strengthen the food and nutritional sovereignty of the community with the recovery of springs and consequent increase of water availability, favoring the increase of fauna and native flora, increasing biodiversity and greater availability of area for agricultural and livestock production, both for community consumption and marketing.		
Title:	Guardians of the Standing Cerrado - in defense of the territory of traditional communities of Fecho de Pasto	Implementer:	Community Association of Small Producers of Fecho de Pasto de Clemente
Budget:	BRL 223, 941.45	Contract Period:	7/25/17-12/25/19
Objective:	Develop management actions, preventive and protective actions that contribute to the maintenance of biodiversity and to the defense of the territory of the Fecho de Pasto de Clemente traditional community's territory, maintaining the Cerrado standing, protecting springs, streams, and paths, and ensuring the conditions of reproduction of this way of life (peasants, pasture) in the region.		
Title:	Aggregation of value and consolidation of sustainable merchants through collection and use of the banana and fruits of the Cerrado	Implementer:	Association of the Rural Black Community of Quilombo Ribeirão da Mutuca
Budget:	BRL 155,576	Contract Period:	7/25/17-10/25/19
Objective:	Strengthen the productive organization and increase income generation of youth and their families, contributing to the sharing of traditional values and productive practices developed in the community with involvement and participation of youth.		
Title:	Kalungas Celebrations - Sustainability Actions for the Vão de Almas and Vão do Moleque celebrations	Implementer:	Field Education Association of the Kalunga Territory and Rural Communities
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-8/25/19
Objective:	Promote actions that contribute to the consolidation of cultural identity and the sustainability of the Kalungas celebrations of the Quilombola communities in the Vão de Almas and Vão do Moleque regions, reducing the environmental impact generated by the visitation of thousands of people to fragile natural community areas.		
Title:	Strengthening of family agriculture, agro-ecology, and extractivism of traditional communities of Jaboticatubas through access to new merchants	Implementer:	Education, Ecology, and Solidarity Association (AMANU)
Budget:	BRL 153,600	Contract Period:	7/25/17-1/25/20
Objective:	Strengthen the production, organizational capacity and product marketing of agro-extractivism of the traditional communities of Jaboticatubas, generating income and enabling them to remain in their territories, facing real estate speculation and irregular subdivisions.		
Title:	Riches of the Mearim	Implementer:	Associação em Áreas de Assentamento no Estado do Maranhão - ASSEMA
Budget:	BRL 194,602.90	Contract Period:	7/25/17-7/25/19

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Objective:	Contribute to the community of Santa Cantidia environmental awareness of the management and use of available natural resources, food security through agroecological production and sustainable income generation.		
Title:	Productive Quilombos	Implementer:	Humana Povo para Povo Brasil Association
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-1/25/20
Objective:	Promote sustainable development, food security, and income generation to family agriculture, through agroecological management techniques aimed at the use of a small productive unit, increasing productivity, minimizing production costs, and ensuring conservation of agricultural crops in work and in togetherness.		
Title:	Natural Resource Preservation (water resources), protection, and restoration of degraded areas in springs and paths of Quilombo do Cedro	Implementer:	Quilombola Association of the Cedro Community
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-7/25/19
Objective:	Promote the recovery and conservation of water resources and native areas of the Cerrado, protecting biodiversity, soil, integrating sustainable technologies with active community participation of Quilombo do Cedro.		
Title:	Babassu Flour: an alternative income source for babassu coconut breakers in the Bico do Papagaio region	Implementer:	Regional Association of Rural Women Workers of Bico do Papagaio
Budget:	BRL 155,992	Contract Period:	7/25/17-1/25/20
Objective:	Promote the strengthening of the babassu productive chain and the organization of productive centers, combining income generation with the appreciation of traditional knowledge of coconut breakers with socio-environmental sustainability.		
Title:	The socio-biodiversity of the Cerrado of the Morraria as inheritance of the future	Implementer:	Regional Association of Extractive Producers of Pantanal
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-12/25/19
Objective:	Contribute to the generation of knowledge and learning on the impacts of socio-environmental degradation and enable actions to repair, recover, and preserve natural resources for the sustainability of Morraria communities.		
Title:	Water of Gerais - Responses to Immediate Threats - geraizeiros continue in the struggle to preserve life	Implementer:	Rural Community Development Council of Rural Producers of Fazenda Sao Modesto
Budget:	BRL 194,730	Contract Period:	7/25/17-7/25/19
Objective:	Contribute to the improvement of management and use of water resources by communities		
Title:	Strengthening Marketing of Cerrado Products	Implementer:	Central Cooperative of the Cerrado
Budget:	BRL 155,970	Contract Period:	7/25/17-12/25/19
Objective:	Qualify the products, expand the sale, participation, and social control of cooperative groups and partners near Box Cerrado, located in the Pinheiros Market, Sao Paulo, SP.		
Title:	Strengthening group of women workers in the use of babassu coconut	Implementer:	Work Cooperative of Service Delivery for Rural Sustainable Development of Family Agriculture

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-9/25/19
Objective:	Install a processing unit for babassu coconut and oil, increasing productivity, improving family income and product quality, enabling preservation through methods of conservation and sustainable management of babassu.		
Title:	Strengthening of agro-extractivism in the Cerrado	Implementer:	Mixed Cooperative of Family Farmers, Extractivists, Fishers, Vazanteiros, Assentados and Tour Guides of the Cerrado (COOPCerrado)
Budget:	BRL 156,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-7/25/19
Objective:	Strengthen the agro-extractive enterprise in the COOPCerrado network with products of socio-biodiversity, seeking to improve productive capacity with technological innovation, adding value and diversifying the product line.		
Title:	Practices and postures, attitudes toward food sovereignty in Xingu	Implementer:	Socio-environmental institute
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	7/25/17-11/29/19
Objective:	Create references in the recovery of agricultural areas and promote dialogue between communities to draw strategies and achieve food sovereignty in the low, middle, and east Indigenous Territory of the Xingu.		
Title:	Production of seedlings, creation of a community garden and environmental education in the context of the indigenous school	Implementer:	Pyka Mex Indigenous Association
Budget:	BRL 77,320	Contract Period:	8/22/17-12/22/19
Objective:	Contribute to the valuation and environmental sustainability of the Apinaje Indigenous Land through production//distribution of native seedlings and the creation of a community garden, strengthening the conditions of food and nutritional security and combining activities of culture and environment in the indigenous school.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Multi-use agro-extractivist unity in Aldeia Brejão	Implementer:	Hanaiti Yomono Association
Budget:	BRL 156,000	Contract Period:	8/30/17-12/30/19
Objective:	Construct a multi-purpose unit that integrates the production system of the working group formed by indigenous farmers, indigenous women, and indigenous youth and promotes the planning of the production chain Cerrado plant species, fruits of the home orchard, and vegetables, ensuring identity to indigenous products, conscious consumption, care for the environment, supply of demand for products and consumer needs.		
Title:	Recovery of a degraded area	Implementer:	Maraiwatsede Association of the Maraiwatsede Indigenous Land
Budget:	BRL 176,100	Contract Period:	8/31/17-8/31/19
Objective:	Carry out the cultivation of native and fruit-bearing plants, seeking the recovery of degraded areas to attract animals and recovery of the main springs in the Maraiwatsede indigenous land, with the planting of buriti, babassu, and other species of the region to contribute to the increase of water volume, as well as resources for food and materials for production of crafts, ornaments, and rituals.		
Title:	El Betel Project: We are strong	Implementer:	Community Association of Aldeia El Betel, Canabrava Indigenous Land
Budget:	BRL 165,190	Contract Period:	8/31/17-8/31/19
Objective:	Recover part of the degraded area with the planting of a fruit-growing area, recovering the soil and generating income for Indigenous Peoples.		
Title:	"Me hi te" tradition that sustains the Cerrado	Implementer:	Culta Kor Association
Budget:	BRL 78,000	Contract Period:	8/31/17-5/31/19
Objective:	Contribute to the strengthening of food security, health, culture, and autonomy of the Kraho indigenous people through actions that seek to use, manage, conserve, and value the agro-biodiversity of the Cerrado.		
Title:	Territorial development strengthening project of chiquitanos indigenous cillages in Pontes and Lacerda MT	Implementer:	Center for Alternative Technology Association
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	8/31/17-12/31/19
Objective:	Promote the socio-cultural strengthening of Chiquitano indigenous villages for occupation and protection of their territory, seeking the recovery of springs and degraded areas through implementation of productive systems for income generation and food security.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	All Together Project for the recovery and revitalization of natural resources in communities of the Xakriabá territory	Implementer:	Riacho dos Buritis Aldeia and Surroundings Indigenous Association
Budget:	BRL 194,792	Contract Period:	8/31/17-12/31/19
Objective:	Promote the recovery and conservation of natural resources around springs and degraded areas, seeking to increase the availability of water and vegetation, as well as strengthen environmental education in communities.		
Title:	Extractivism of the Xacriaba People: income source, food security, and protection of the Cerrado	Implementer:	Xacriabá Indigenous Association Sumaré Village Peruaçu
Budget:	BRL 185,623.38	Contract Period:	8/31/17-8/31/19
Objective:	The project aims to strengthen the practice of agro-extractivism and increase the income in four Xakriaba villages (Sumaré I, Sumaré II, Sumaré III and Peruaçu) through the renovation of a fruit processing and pulp production unit, as well as the acquisition of a vehicle. There are also activities to raise awareness and train youth from the Bukinuk Indigenous State School of the Sumaré II Village.		
Title:	Irom Cati	Implementer:	Kraho-Kanela Indigenous People Association
Budget:	BRL 152,829.1	Contract Period:	8/31/17-2/28/19
Objective:	To ensure the territorial integrity and strengthening of traditional knowledge in the Kraho-Kanela indigenous land.		
Title:	Xingu Pluriethnic Seed Network	Implementer:	Xingu Seed Network Association
Budget:	BRL 152,500	Contract Period:	8/31/17-8/31/19
Objective:	Strengthen the intercultural dialogue of the TIX in various processes of the forest seed production chain, so that they occupy spaces of decision-making and representation in the Xingu Seed Network to favor the increase of seed production in TIX, as well as to understand better the gender and economic relations that enable the participation of the Xinguanos in the Network.		
Title:	Seeds of Life	Implementer:	Xavante Ripa Association of Productivity and Ethnodevelopment
Budget:	BRL 258,400	Contract Period:	8/31/17-8/31/19
Objective:	Achieve the autonomy and control of processes of the production chain of native seeds, forests, and vegetables, as well as the valuation of traditional knowledge linked to the biodiversity of the Cerrado, strengthening food sovereignty. In the long term, the Ripa village community aims to achieve economic sustainability in harmony with natural cycles and to directly influence the recovery of degraded areas by agribusiness in the indigenous land and the region, favoring the networking related to sustainable management processes and preservation of the native Cerrado.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Strengthening of production and marketing of artisanal products of the indigenous women in the Araguaia region	Implementer:	Karaja Culture House
Budget:	BRL 155,452	Contract Period:	8/31/17-12/31/19
Objective:	Strengthen the productive and commercial activities of Karaja women and youth through improvement of the quality of crafts produced, by development of a marketing strategy and institutional strengthening of the Karaja Culture House.		
Title:	Pojianare (Our Wood)	Implementer:	Tapaguaia Indigenous Coordination
Budget:	BRL 139,500	Contract Period:	8/31/17-8/31/19
Objective:	Recover the buritis and the riparian forests of the springs and rivers of our territory, isolating them to avoid the trampling of livestock, and promoting improvement in the quality of life of our people, ensuring the preservation of culture and history of the Bakairi people.		
Title:	Territorial and environmental management in indigenous lands	Implementer:	Terena Institute for Intercultural Education
Budget:	BRL 245,715	Contract Period:	8/31/17-12/31/19
Objective:	Increase production and productivity in the Taunay/Ipegue Indigenous Territory and, in traditional areas, develop and action plan to ensure the sustainability, quality of life, revitalization of fauna and flora and food security for the seven indigenous villages.		
Title:	Rowe Project	Implementer:	Xerente Indigenous Union
Budget:	BRL 156,000	Contract Period:	8/31/17-8/31/19
Objective:	The project seeks the involvement of indigenous communities in the environmental and territorial management; the environmental education of youth, men and women, with direct participation from elders and involving also visitors and partners; and ensuring an adequate and sustainable structure and means of fundraising to enable the autonomy and governance of the Xerente people and greater effectiveness in the conservation of natural resources.		
Title:	Acquisition of agricultural machinery and equipment, a water pumping assembly, a seedling nursery, and restoration of degraded areas of Tuxa village	Implementer:	Tuxa Appitu Indigenous Fishers and Producers Association
Budget:	BRL 211,400	Contract Period:	9/13/17-11/13/19
Objective:	Promote the environmental repair of degraded areas with the planting of native species near the edge of the Sao Francisco River and the development of sustainable rural activity, with adequate alternative and environmental infrastructure and technology, respecting the culture and habits of producers from the Tuxa Kionah village.		
Title:	DAHÖIMANAZÉ – Traditional and Sustainability in the Xavante Cerrado	Implementer:	Roncador Peoples Alliance Association
Budget:	BRL 194,827	Contract Period:	9/14/17-12/14/19
Objective:	Construct a participatory/collaborative territorial management plan in the area of influence of the Wedera Village, aiming to strengthen the A'uwe Uptabi tradition and greater control in the use of the territory.		
Title:	Territorial and environmental management project of the Porteira Aldeia	Implementer:	Nrozawi Indigenous Association
Budget:	BRL 189,418	Contract Period:	9/27/17-3/27/20
Objective:	Promote the improvement of the quality of life of the Xerente population of the Porteira village with the environmental restoration of its territory, natural resource management and cultural strengthening.		
Title:	Recovery of springs and APPs of the Arariba Indigenous Lands	Implementer:	Institute for Land
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	9/27/17-1/27/20

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Objective:	Improve the quality and quantity of water and avoid the loss of land by silting rivers in the Arariba indigenous territories through the recovery of springs with native tree species and agricultural species in the SAF system.		
Title:	Bahorure Project	Implementer:	Indigenous Community Association of the Ubawawe Land
Budget:	BRL 75,773.8	Contract Period:	9/28/17-3/28/19
Objective:	Strengthen the food security of the Xavante communities of the Ubawawe and Parabubure indigenous lands with the rescue of traditional seeds, enrichment of areas with the production of seedlings of native, exotic, fruit-bearing species; implementation of a territorial management system and sharing of new technologies and sustainability for indigenous communities.		
Title:	Valuing the traditional knowledge of Kraho artisanry and culture through solidarity economy	Implementer:	Kairos Institute – Responsible Ethics and Action
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	9/29/17-9/29/19
Objective:	To value the Kraho culture, seeking to perpetuate traditional knowledge and strengthen the productive chain of its crafts, made with resources of socio-biodiversity and through responsible forest management practices, as well as monitoring the territory, contributing to the preservation of the Cerrado.		
Title:	Kanela territorial surveillance program	Implementer:	Wyty Cati Association of Timbira Communities of Maranhao and Tocantins
Budget:	BRL 78,000	Contract Period:	10/2/17-6/2/19
Objective:	Conduct inspection of Kanela and Porquinhos territories with actions of monitoring and surveillance and sensitization of the population around the indigenous territories and of the indigenous population itself, and articulate partnerships with social movements and government agencies.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Tsirapre Dzawidze: Protection of the Cerrado	Implementer:	Namunkura Xavante Association
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	10/26/17-12/26/19
Objective:	Conduct socio-environmental diagnosis through anthropological and environmental reports of the Namunkura region, highlighting the opportunities and vulnerabilities of the territory, based on the recognition of impacts of the projects implemented in the region, seeking to develop action and coping strategies, promoting video records of memories and knowledge about fauna, flora, and water resources of the region and ensuring actions for political, generational, and gender empowerment.		
Title:	Cerrado: Source of life of the springs of the Quilombola territory of Lagoa Grande	Implementer:	State Association of Small Family Fishers and Farmers of Minas Gerais
Budget:	BRL 195,000	Contract Period:	2/19/18-2/19/20
Objective:	To protect and recover springs in the Lagoa Grande Quilombola community as a way to ensure ongoing production and reproduction in the territory.		
Title:	Political and Institutional Strengthening of MOPIC	Implementer:	Center for Indigenist Work
Budget:	BRL 150,000	Contract Period:	3/12/18-9/12/18
Objective:	Support the political and institutional strengthening of MOPIC through the elaboration of strategic planning, the agreement of interinstitutional political agreements and the structuring of communication tools to intensify its political role as an organization representing the peoples of the Cerrado.		
Title:	Territorial management of Quilombola communities of Jalapao	Implementer:	Alternatives for Small Agriculture in Tocantins
Budget:	BRL 182,260	Contract Period:	8/10/18-1/25/20
Objective:	Strengthen the capacities of Quilombola peoples in the towns Povoado do Prata, Boa Esperanca, Barra da Aroeira e Carrapato, Formiga, and Ambrosio so that they can ensure their territorial rights and conduct management and protection of their territories, using traditional practices and logics in dialogue with technical/academic knowledge.		
Title:	The Cerrado: Collecting its Fruits and Protecting the Biome!	Implementer:	Kaxixo Indigenous Community Association
Budget:	BRL 120,000	Contract Period:	8/10/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Construction of a kitchen equipped to process the fruits from the extractive collection, adding value to the production, using as raw material the fruits collected in the Cerrado and other products of family agriculture, such as medicinal plants, seeds, nuts, pulps, sweets, sorbets, breads, liqueurs, jellies, cakes, using fruits of the Cerrado, contributing to the balance of the environment and the maintenance of biodiversity. Develop the "Spring Protection Plan" in an effort to establish principles, guidelines, objectives, and goals for the recovery and/or conservation of springs found in the territory.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Tailoring Community-Based Tourism and Valuing Traditional Culture in Mumbuca	Implementer:	Extractive Artisans Association of the Mumbuca Town
Budget:	BRL 120,000	Contract Period:	8/10/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Structure community-based tourism in the Mumbuca community and surroundings, reducing pressure on natural resources of the community, mainly golden grass, enhancing local production (typical dishes, community lodging, natural medicines from plants of the Cerrado, cultural products, other services) and valuing the intergenerational exchange of knowledge and especially the traditional Quilombola knowledge of the community.		
Title:	Promotion of territorial and environmental management in the Gurutuba quilombo: Socioenvironmental mobilization for resilience to climate change	Implementer:	Gurutuba Quilombola Association
Budget:	BRL 119,462	Contract Period:	8/10/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Promote the construction of a territorial, productive, and environmental management plan (ethno-development plan) articulated to actions for the achievement of the territory and strengthening of capacity of the association's involvement in the assurance of specific public policies directed to Quilombola communities.		
Title:	Valley of the Quilombos – Cerrado Black Peoples	Implementer:	Remaining Quilombolas of Pedra Preta Association
Budget:	BRL 119,999.93	Contract Period:	8/10/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Generate income and empower women assisted by the project through the construction of a community kitchen for the processing of fruits of the Cerrado and other products of family agriculture seeking to complement family income through product marketing.		
Title:	Quilombola resistance and social sustainability – Territorial, environmental, and social organization management of Quilombola communities in the state of Minas Gerais	Implementer:	N'Golo Quilombola Communities Federation of the State of Minas Gerais
Budget:	BRL 119,350	Contract Period:	8/10/18-9/1/19
Objective:	Create tools for orientation and training of Quilombola communities so they can carry out development of territorial and environmental management plans in accord with the specific characteristics of each community.		
Title:	Enrichment of backyards and orchards with fruit trees	Implementer:	Enawene Nawe Ethno-Cultural Indigenous Association
Budget:	BRL 118,660	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/8/19
Objective:	Strengthen food security of the Enawene Nawe people through the creation of backyards and collective plantations, increasing the species diversity of food.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Rescue of the Amjoquin of the Mecyre and Me entowaje	Implementer:	Indigenous Community Association of the New Aldeia – Amarante do Maranhao municipality
Budget:	BRL 120,000	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Promote the rescue, strengthening, and preservation of the Gavião indigenous culture.		
Title:	Krikati Territory Guardians	Implementer:	Krikati Indigenous Association of Countries and Masters
Budget:	BRL 119,731.9	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/1/19
Objective:	The project will support an ongoing agenda of dialogue with other villages to together carry out shared actions for protection of the Krikati indigenous territory, seeking to reduce direct socio-environmental impacts that interfere with their quality of life and protection of existing socio-biodiversity.		
Title:	Strengthening of agroecological and agroextractive production and marketing in the region of Nossa Senhora do Livramento – MT	Implementer:	Association of Family Farmers of the Aguacu, Monjolo and Sao Manoel do Pari Communities
Budget:	BRL 119,999.96	Contract Period:	9/3/18-8/1/19
Objective:	Promote improvements in the economic, ecological, and social conditions of the communities of Manoel do Pari, Aguacu Monjolo, Cachoeirinha and Buriti do Atalho through the improvement of existing production and the strengthening of agroextractivist practices, seeking to ensure the diversification of production for income generation for youth and women through adding value to products, thus promoting the food security and sovereignty of the communities, as well as the sustainable use of natural resources of the Cerrado biome.		
Title:	Community-Based Tourism in the Delta Extractive Reserve	Implementer:	Fishers Association of the Island of the Canaries
Budget:	BRL 114,997	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/10/19
Objective:	Develop community-based tourism in the Extractive Reserve of the Parnaiba Delta, seeking the socio-environmental conservation of communities, generating income and social strengthening of the local population.		
Title:	Watuhowy Mananumkje'y	Implementer:	Myky Waypjatapja Mananukje'y Indigenous Association
Budget:	BRL 120,000	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/1/19
Objective:	To strengthen the local Myky economy through income generation related to marketing of artifacts, ensuring also the monitoring of the Menku Indigenous Land.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	A'uwe Territorial Management	Implementer:	Xavante Wara Association
Budget:	BRL 120,000	Contract Period:	9/3/18-9/1/19
Objective:	Strengthen the Xavante Wara Association by training leaders for a more qualified intervention for management of their territory, promoting their sustainable protection, recovery, conservation, and use of natural resources of the Sangradouro/Volta Grande Indigenous Land.		
Title:	Strengthening of traditional production of the Urucuia Grane Sertao Artisanal Network	Implementer:	Central Veredas
Budget:	BRL 119,766.8	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/10/19
Objective:	Improve the management of the network, the quality of production, and increase market access possibilities.		
Title:	Komomoti koyeku poke'exa uti: Dialogues for the protection of terena land	Implementer:	Center for Indigenist Work
Budget:	BRL 117,829.1	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/10/19
Objective:	The project is expected to: i) support future actions integrated in the indigenous lands involved in the improvement of territorial management and autonomy of indigenous communities and ecosystems; ii) strengthen the Terena Council as a civil society organization acting in protection of the Cerrado; iii) contribute to the development of PGTA's of action areas; and iv) sensitize the political and environmental training of youth who act in monitoring and in environmental and territorial management of indigenous lands.		
Title:	Indigenous Women weaving sustainability with art	Implementer:	Maranhense Center for Socio-environmental Studies and Rural Evaluation
Budget:	BRL 119,700	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Strengthening of the Association of the House of Culture and Crafts of Indigenous Women of the Zutiwa Village / Arariboia Indigenous Land; and promotion of the quantity and quality of crafts produced by indigenous women of the Zutiwa Village, as well as the improvement of product marketing.		
Title:	Babassu Coconut Breakers, cooperation as an alternative for marketing	Implementer:	Interstate Cooperative of Babassu Coconut Breaker Women
Budget:	BRL 119,985	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Enable institutionally, the CIMQCB in the organization of productive groups and for the marketing of products, oil, and pith of babassu.		
Title:	Ka'a roky (flowering plants)	Implementer:	Socio-environmental support and incentive network
Budget:	BRL 119,988	Contract Period:	9/3/18-10/1/19
Objective:	Promote the environmental improvement of one of the springs in the village with the involvement of the community, to improve the quality and access to water and strengthen food security.		
Title:	Garden in a consortium system	Implementer:	Fulni-o Agrovila Association of Small Rural Indigenous Producers
Budget:	BRL 119,998.8	Contract Period:	10/1/18-10/1/19

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Objective:	Promote the food security of families, and consequently to provide: increased income throughout the year, improvement in quality of life; integration of work between families and direct marketing of agroecological products .		
Title:	Training of Quilombola Leaders in the National REDD+ Strategy	Implementer:	National Quilombola Association for Cooperation
Budget:	BRL 1,000,000	Contract Period:	10/2/18-9/22/19
Objective:	Strengthen and empower Quilombola leaders in the National REDD+ strategy, reinforcing their identity and traditional knowledge in discussion spaces.		
Title:	Young Indigenous Agroextractivists and Protectors of the Mato Gross Cerrado	Implementer:	Association of Nambiquaras Indigenous Youth
Budget:	BRL 120,000	Contract Period:	9/3/18-1/10/19
Objective:	Promote the implementation of agroecological and agroforestry production systems, seeking to contribute to the improvement of food and nutritional security, income generation, environmental preservation of the Cerrado biome and cultural strengthening of the Villages of the Nambikwara in Comodoro-MT Indigenous Land.		

Burkina Faso

As of June 2020, DGM Burkina Faso has approved a total of 85 subprojects and microprojects for implementation, including 53 microprojects focused on livelihoods and 32 subprojects focused on natural resource management. The microprojects are selected through a competitive process, and they each have co-financing from partners and/or beneficiaries. Each of the 32 communes in which DGM Burkina Faso operates is eligible for a subproject, each with the same level of financing (XOF 30,900,000 or approximately US\$ 50,000),⁴¹ and some of them have received additional funding from partners. The table to the right summarizes the grant amounts and partner contributions for each subproject and microproject.

Many of DGM Burkina Faso's sub- and microprojects have completed their activities and closed out. Of the 114 approved projects, including environmental education activities, 95 have completed their activities and 19 remain active. Forty-six microprojects, 20 subprojects and 29 environmental education activities have been completed.

	DGM Contributions	Partner/Beneficiary Contributions	Project Budgets (Total) ⁴⁰
Sub/microprojects (Combined)			
Quantity	85	64	85
Total (USD)	2,342,382.33	187,722.85	2,530,105.18
Average (USD)	29,279.78	2,933.17	31,626.31
Maximum (USD)	52,551.02	17,546.28	56,164.96
Minimum (USD)	7,653.06	195.58	8,503.40
Subprojects (Natural Resource Management)			
Quantity	32	11	32
Total (USD)	1,418,877.49	25,727.04	1,444,604.53
Average (USD)	52,551.02	2,338.82	53,503.87
Maximum (USD)	52,551.02	3,613.95	56,164.97
Minimum (USD)	52,551.02	195.58	52,551.02
Microprojects (Livelihoods)			
Quantity	53	53	53
Total (USD)	923,504.84	161,995.81	1,085,500.65
Average (USD)	17,424.62	3,056.52	20,481.14
Maximum (USD)	31,852.55	17,546.28	36,404.93
Minimum (USD)	7,653.06	807.82	8,503.40

Subprojects (Natural Resource Management)

Title:	Project for the development of an irrigated perimeter of vegetable crops and seedling production through the construction of water control infrastructure in Kourséa in the Bouroum-Bouroum community	DGM Contribution: XOF 30,900,000	
		Partner Contribution: N/A	
Operator:	VARENA/ASSO	Duration: 12 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project empowering vegetable growers of Dassa	DGM Contribution: XOF 30,900,000	
		Partner Contribution: N/A	
Operator:	Yousra Multi-service Bureau	Duration: 13 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000

⁴⁰ An updated budget table was not received for the January – June 2019 report.

⁴¹ All subgrants were made in West African Francs (XOF), and precise amounts are included in Appendix C. Any amounts quote in USD are estimates based on an exchange rate on March 7, 2019.

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Mouhoun River Bank Strengthening Project		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	APA/IDPE	Duration:	12 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Water Resource Development Project of the Diebouyou Community		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	VARENA/ASSO	Duration:	18 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project supporting intensification of good agricultural practices in the Dissin community		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	VARENA/ASSO	Duration:	18 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project supporting the conservation of the classified forest of Toroba through the creation and development of a communal forest, a vegetable perimeter, and the development of a cattle track		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,706,250
Operator:	CEAS-Burkina	Duration:	16 months	Budget: XOF 32,606,250
Title:	Sacred forest protection project of the Nako village		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,800,000
Operator:	AVS	Duration:	12 months	Budget: XOF 32,700,000
Title:	Gliricidia Sepium popularization project		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	XOF 115,000
Operator:	APA/IDPE	Duration:	12 months	Budget: XOF 31,015,000
Title:	Development and participatory forest management project of Boupiengou 2		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	CODD/Burkina	Duration:	16 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project for the development of the Nonpolo de Kyon Communal Grove		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	Club CPN les Amis de la Nature	Duration:	16 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project for the development of two vegetable perimeters in the villages of Piega, Gourmantche, and Nassougou		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	ATT Diema	Duration:	16 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:			DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

	Project for the conservation and restoration of the village hunting zone and its sacred groves	Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	Association FIIL-PAA	Duration: 12 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project supporting conservation of the communal forest of Oury through development and promotion of agro-ecology	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,706,250
Operator:	CEAS Burkina	Duration: 16 months	Budget: XOF 32,606,250
Title:	Development and participatory management project of the village forest of Gangalinti	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	CODD/Burkina	Duration: 16 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Agro-sylvo-pastoral productivity improvement project in the rural community of Siby	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 750,000
Operator:	APA/IDPE	Duration: 12 months	Budget: XOF 31,650,000
Title:	Agro-pastoral production improvement project	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 150,000
Operator:	APA/IDPE	Duration: 12 months	Budget: XOF 31,050,000
Title:	Project for the creation of six (6) hectares of orchards in the villages of Batondo, Tialgo, and Doudou	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:		Duration:	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project for the development of the communal forest of Tiankoura and the grove of Kouro	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	VARENA/ASSO	Duration: 12 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project for development of activities in the agro-sylvo-pastoral sector	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	VARENA/ASSO	Duration: 18 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project for the creation of vegetable perimeters in the villages of Guigui and Zamo	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	Yousra Multi-service Bureau	Duration: 12 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Agro-sylvo-pastoral production strengthening project in the community of Yé	DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,800,000
Operator:	APEDR	Duration: 12 months	Budget: XOF 32,700,000

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Project for adaptation to climate change and protection of the forest of Goni		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,850,000
Operator:	APEDR	Duration:	12 months	Budget: XOF 32,750,000
Title:	Project for creation of two sustainable vegetable gardens equipped with a photovoltaic pumping system in the villages of Lorou and the Iredie community of Zawara		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	Yousra Multi-service Bureau	Duration:	12 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project for the creation of a botanic garden in the village of Bonkolou		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,000,000
Operator:	UPJPA/NBL	Duration:	13 months	Budget: XOF 31,900,000
Title:	Project for strengthening of the forest of the Fadio-mepen village in the rural community of Kpuere (Noumbiel province, Southwest Region)		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,125,000
Operator:	UJFRAD	Duration:	12 months	Budget: XOF 33,025,000
Title:	Strengthening of the village forest of Maal-Dodomon in the Batie community		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,125,000
Operator:	UJFRAD	Duration:	12 months	Budget: XOF 33,025,000
Title:	Agro-sylvo-pastoral production improvement project in the Boromo community through production of organic manure, fodder production, and creation of forest parks and groves		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	ONG-AGED	Duration:	13 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Saponé Local Development Support Project (PADEL / SPN)		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	Association Long live the peasants of Saponé	Duration:	10 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project for the protection and conservation of natural resources in the municipality of Ipélcé		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	Association Long live the peasants of Saponé	Duration:	10 months	Budget: XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Project to support the management of natural resources and land security		DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
			Partner Contribution:	N/A

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Operator:	ONG Naturama	Duration:	10 months	Budget:	XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Market garden in the village of Buyoua			DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
				Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	Association Beogo Yinga	Duration:	10 months	Budget:	XOF 30,900,000
Title:	Basement development between the villages of Kate and Koli			DGM Contribution:	XOF 30,900,000
				Partner Contribution:	N/A
Operator:	ONG Naturama	Duration:	10 months	Budget:	XOF 30,900,000

Microprojects (Livelihoods) – 1st Call for Proposals (14 selected in November 2016)

Title	Organizational capacity and production strengthening	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,050,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 900,000
Promoter	Sigui-ti Mogo Son Weavers' Group	Budget:	XOF 8,950,000
Commune	Dedougou	Duration:	Not specified
Title	Production and marketing of eggs in the rural community of Midebdo	DGM Contribution:	XOF 13,040,550
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,448,950
Promoter	NOBIEL Handicapped Persons Association of Midebdo	Budget:	XOF 14,489,500
Commune	Midebdo	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project for improvement and diversification of community production and revenue	DGM Contribution:	XOF 18,729,300
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,676,800
Promoter	Association for the Promotion of Health and Agricultural Techniques	Budget:	XOF 21,406,100
Commune	Dissin	Duration:	18 months
Title	Hen-raising project	DGM Contribution:	XOF 10,999,500
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,320,000
Promoter	Yiipene mixed group	Budget:	XOF 12,319,500
Commune	Gossina	Duration:	18 months
Title	Support for the socioeconomic development of women of the NImaru-Ywen group through the establishment of a corn processing and marketing unit in the village of Napo	DGM Contribution:	XOF 13,073,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,490,000
Promoter	Nimaru-Ywen Women's Group	Budget:	XOF 14,563,000
Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	18 months

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title	Large improved cookstove for dolo for Gossina women	DGM Contribution:	XOF 11,616,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,110,000
Promoter	Djaren Dokonle-Wo-Nyenne women dolo producers group	Budget:	XOF 13,726,000
Commune	Gossina	Duration:	18 months
Title	Plant production project (establishment of a nursery) for the promotion of agroforestry in the rural Dissin community in the Ioba province	DGM Contribution:	XOF 18,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,000,000
Promoter	Zo-Faa-Wie Association	Budget:	XOF 20,000,000
Commune	Dissin	Duration:	18 months
Title	Support for the development of beekeeping in the strengthening of resilience of the village community of Tampla-V1	DGM Contribution:	XOF 17,021,550
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,418,000
Promoter	Sawtir of Tampla V1 Association	Budget:	XOF 19,439,550
Commune	Zambo	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project for the production and marketing of Soumbala in the Boromo community/Boromo	DGM Contribution:	XOF 12,973,300
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,485,000
Promoter	Association of widows in solidarity of Boromo	Budget:	XOF 14,458,300
Commune	Boromo	Duration:	12 months
Title	Project supporting the empowerment of women of the Sono-n'ye women's group through Soumbala production	DGM Contribution:	XOF 11,206,500
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,275,000
Promoter	Sono-n'ye women's group	Budget:	XOF 12,481,500
Commune	Tenado	Duration:	18 months
Title	Integrated beekeeping project for the sustainable management of natural resources in the village forest of Guisma/community of Ipelce	DGM Contribution:	XOF 17,802,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,170,000
Promoter	Natural Resource Management Committee of the Village of Guisma	Budget:	XOF 19,972,000
Commune	Ipelce	Duration:	18 months
Title	Preservation of local useful endogenous species	DGM Contribution:	XOF 18,685,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,400,000
Promoter	Rural Support and Promotion Association of Gulmu	Budget:	XOF 21,085,000
Commune	Kantchari	Duration:	18 months
Title	Planting of Senegalese acacia	DGM Contribution:	XOF 11,769,625
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 3,622,875

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Promoter	Communal Union of Non-Timber Forest Product Groups	Budget:	XOF 15,392,500
Commune	Matiacoali	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project for the empowerment of women of the rural community of Doulougou through the collection of shea nuts, the production and marketing of shea butter all while protecting the environment	DGM Contribution:	XOF 18,503,100
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,365,000
Promoter	Association for the economic and social promotion of women of Burkina Faso	Budget:	XOF 19,868,100
Commune	Doulougou	Duration:	18 months

Microprojects (Livelihoods) – 2nd Call for Proposals (39 selected in March 2018)

Title	Collection, transformation, and marketing of shea nuts and néré grains in the rural community of Bouroum-Bouroum	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,130,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,000,000
Promoter	SIFODOMA Group	Budget:	XOF 9,130,000
Commune	Bouroum-Bouroum	Duration:	15 months
Title	Improvement of revenue for women of the Zambo community for the valuation of shea nuts and néré grains	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,741,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,440,000
Promoter	Women's Union for collection and transformation of oil-producing products of Djikologo	Budget:	XOF 11,181,000
Commune	Zambo	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project strengthening the empowerment of women of the Ti-mi-Pa-Zaw-na village women's group of Dissin sector 1 through valuation of non-timber forest products; Dissin community	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,875,250
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 8,458,375
Promoter	Ti-mi-Paa-Zaw-na Group	Budget:	XOF 18,333,625
Commune	Dissin	Duration:	18 months
Title	Implementation of an operational and production unit for néré grain soumbala	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,960,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,309,000
Promoter	ZANTAR	Budget:	XOF 11,269,000
Commune	Noumbiel	Duration:	12 months
Title	Natural vegetation restoration project through raising bees for honey and cultivation of Moringa Oleifera benefiting women from the AMWK Association of Dedougou	DGM Contribution:	XOF 10,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,703,000
Promoter	Mi Wa Wika Wa Kuwun Association	Budget:	XOF 11,703,000
Commune	Dedougou	Duration:	14 months
Title	Doing beekeeping is protecting the environment	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,626,000

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

		Partner Contribution:	XOF 958,500
Promoter	Save the bees association	Budget:	XOF 9,584,500
Commune	Douroula	Duration:	12 months
Title	Implementation of a nursery for the strengthening of plant cover and enrichment of the essences of the protected forest of Soro hunters	DGM Contribution:	XOF 4,500,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 500,000
Promoter	Soro hunters group	Budget:	XOF 5,000,000
Commune	Gassan	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project for implementing hen-raising micro-enterprises benefiting 25 vulnerable households	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,720,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,040,000
Promoter	Won-Gon-Kakun Wabazene Landline Association of Grain Producers of Gossina	Budget:	XOF 9,760,000
Commune	Gossina	Duration:	18 months
Title	Cattle feeding	DGM Contribution:	XOF 5,828,670
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,032,630
Promoter	SOUDOU-BEIDARI group of livestock raisers of Siby	Budget:	XOF 6,861,300
Commune	Siby	Duration:	12 months
Title	Organizational capacity and production strengthening project of the Tik Wende group of Fakouna	DGM Contribution:	XOF 7,801,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 877,500
Promoter	Tik Wende women's group of soumbala producers of Fakouna	Budget:	XOF 8,678,500
Commune	Dedougou	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project supporting the improvement and professionalization of the GNITAMOUSSI group of beekeepers from the Dedougou department	DGM Contribution:	XOF 7,838,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,065,000
Promoter	GNITAMOUSSI group of beekeepers from the Dedougou department	Budget:	XOF 8,903,000
Commune	Dedougou	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project supporting the economic empowerment of association members by the creation of a unit for the transformation and marketing of juice from non-timber forest products in the Boromo community	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,325,040
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,050,000
Promoter	Jigiseme Association	Budget:	XOF 10,375,040
Commune	Boromo	Duration:	12 months
Title	Warrantage project of non-timber forest products and grains of women of Kalabo	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,995,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,572,500
Promoter	Ladini women's group of Kalabo	Budget:	XOF 12,567,500
Commune	Gossina	Duration:	18 months

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title	Project for the improvement of the production of artisanal pottery through the adoption of renewable energies for valuing the know-how of the women of the Tcheriba community	DGM Contribution:	XOF 4,500,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 500,000
Promoter	Potters group of the Tcheriba community	Budget:	XOF 5,000,000
Commune	Tcheriba	Duration:	18 months
Title	Transformation and marketing of agricultural byproducts through the use of the KATO machine	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 998,000
Promoter	Won-Gon-Kakun Wabazene Landine Union of Grain Producer Groups of Gossina	Budget:	XOF 9,998,000
Commune	Gossina	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project supporting the technical, material, and organizational capacity building of the Bangadongome women's group of Oury for the sustainable use, transformation, and marketing of shea and néré products	DGM Contribution:	XOF 6,717,660
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 838,240
Promoter	Bangadongome women's group of Oury	Budget:	XOF 7,555,900
Commune	Oury	Duration:	12 months
Title	Project for the implementation of a mini-dairy	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,120,300
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,656,200
Promoter	Tapoa-Boopo departmental union of livestock raisers of Matiacoali	Budget:	XOF 11,776,500
Commune	Matiacoali	Duration:	18 months
Title	Promotion of an economic unit of production and valuation of honey	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,966,500
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,118,500
Promoter	Communication Association for Sustainable Development in Burkina	Budget:	XOF 11,085,000
Commune	Matiacoali	Duration:	18 months
Title	Project for the reduction of economic and social vulnerability of households in the rural community of Matiacoali	DGM Contribution:	XOF 7,956,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,030,000
Promoter	Tin Soagi Yaba Association	Budget:	XOF 8,986,000
Commune	Matiacoali	Duration:	12 months
Title	Cattle feeding	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,010,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 720,000
Promoter	Tamba de Nadiabonli Association	Budget:	XOF 8,730,000
Commune	Partiaga	Duration:	13 months

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title	Profitable Economic Activities Project, notably cattle feeding in the village of Karkuidighin in the rural community of Sapone	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,977,100
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,020,000
Promoter	NONG-TAABA Group	Budget:	XOF 10,997,100
Commune	Sapone	Duration:	12 months
Title:	Support the financial empowerment of women in ten (10) villages in the rural commune of Saponé through the production, processing and marketing of shea butter	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,926,400
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,066,500
Promoter:	L'Association des femmes Laïques de Saponé	Budget:	XOF 10,992,900
Commune:	Sapone	Duration:	12 months
Title	Nursery creation and promotion of revenue-generating activities project	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,993,960
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,478,600
Promoter	Del Wend N Kogl Weog Na Manegb Zanga Pre-Cooperative Group	Budget:	XOF 12,472,560
Commune	Doulougou	Duration:	18 months
Title	Rice paddies transformation project for the improvement of revenues of women from the group of the Goroure village in the rural community of Sapone	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,912,650
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,150,000
Promoter	Wend-Zoodo Group	Budget:	XOF 11,062,650
Commune	Sapone	Duration:	12 months
Title	Project for the creation of a production and transformation unit for Moringa on 3 hectares in Ouarmini in the Sapone Community	DGM Contribution:	XOF 10,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,000,000
Promoter	Concorde Action Association	Budget:	XOF 12,000,000
Commune	Sapone	Duration:	18 months
Title	Organizational capacity building and production project of the Nayingue Weaver's Group of Karkuidighin/Sapone	DGM Contribution:	XOF 4,933,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 475,000
Promoter	Nayingue Weavers Group of Karkuidighin/Sapone	Budget:	XOF 5,408,000
Commune	Sapone	Duration:	9 months
Title	Strengthening of livelihoods of women through the production and transformation of manioc into manioc paste	DGM Contribution:	XOF 10,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 10,317,216
Promoter	Wendkuuni Group for Transformation of Agricultural Products	Budget:	XOF 20,317,216
Commune	Kyon	Duration:	18 months
Title	Promotion of livestock raising activities through the establishment of a dairy in sector 5 of the Sapouy community	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,067,500
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,320,000
Promoter	Allah Wallou women's group	Budget:	XOF 10,387,500

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	12 months
Title	Project of production and valuation of honey and byproducts of the beehive for the benefit of the Sapouy forest management group	DGM Contribution:	XOF 10,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,219,167
Promoter	Kouli-Sabam Forest Management Group	Budget:	XOF 12,219,167
Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	15 months
Title	Capacity building of 75 women of the Paag-La-Yiri Association of the Ziro province on the technologies and improved techniques of shea butter production	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,750,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,250,000
Promoter	Paag-La-Yiri Association	Budget:	XOF 10,000,000
Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	10 months
Title	Training project in environmental education benefiting the students of Kouli	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,005,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 995,000
Promoter	Volunteer Association of Rural Development	Budget:	XOF 10,000,000
Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	16 months
Title	Professionalization and empowerment project for women processors of shea butter in the Dassa community	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,799,912
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,199,988
Promoter	Communal Union of Non-Timber Forest Product Processors of Dassa	Budget:	XOF 9,999,900
Commune	Dassa	Duration:	12 months
Title	Support for the domestication of non-timber forest products by the establishment of a nursery for the production of plants and the promotion of gardening	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,950,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 2,630,000
Promoter	Ne Kene Duene Ne Women's Group	Budget:	XOF 12,580,000
Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	12 months
Title	Establishment of a unit for processing shea nuts to benefit women of the Djidouambamoumpe group	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,965,500
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,630,000
Promoter	Djidouamamoumpe women's group	Budget:	XOF 11,595,500
Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	12 months
Title	Establishment of a unit for processing shea nuts for the benefit of women from the Namagd Zanga group	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,993,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 1,630,000
Promoter	Namagd Zabga Group of Sapouy	Budget:	XOF 11,623,000
Commune	Sapouy	Duration:	12 months
Title	Project for the establishment of micro-enterprises benefiting 40 vulnerable households	DGM Contribution:	XOF 10,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 3,540,000
Promoter	Pegd-Wende Group	Budget:	XOF 13,540,000
Commune	Bakata	Duration:	18 months

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title	Establishment of a forest nursery for the production and sale of local woody plants	DGM Contribution:	XOF 7,685,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 885,000
Promoter	Joba y Yulu Association for Safeguard of the Environment	Budget:	XOF 8,570,000
Commune	Tenado	Duration:	18 months
Title	Cattle feeding	DGM Contribution:	XOF 9,000,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 900,000
Promoter	Final Souboabe Men's Group	Budget:	XOF 9,900,000
Commune	Zamo	Duration:	18 months
Title	Strengthening of néré and shea nut processing activities of womens group members of "A De Mo P"	DGM Contribution:	XOF 8,982,000
		Partner Contribution:	XOF 998,000
Promoter	Association pour le Developpement Monde Paysan	Budget:	XOF 9,980,000
Commune	Zawara	Duration:	6 months

Democratic Republic of Congo

DGM Democratic Republic of Congo has approved six microprojects.

DGM Congo Microprojects	
Quantity	6
Total (USD)	380,720
Average (USD)	60,120
Maximum (USD)	65,395
Minimum (USD)	41,765

Microprojects

Title:	Promote local tree planting initiatives in the Lukenie-Lokoro Oshwe territory and small livestock breeding of goats with the goal of contributing to reforestation of the Nkaw forest	Budget:	USD 65,395
Operator:	NSELALA Foundation		
Title:	Capacity building of 280 IPLC households to plant and maintain trees in the Mobokonda forest in the Inongo sector to contribute to reforestation and pig breeding.	Budget:	USD 65,395
Operator:	CENADEP		
Title:	Promote local tree planting initiatives in the Pendjwa sector in the Kiri territory to limit deforestation by planting valuable trees.	Budget:	USD 60,859
Operator:	NGO MIKA		
Title:	Improve agro-pastoral production capacities in Indigenous Pygmy households and local communities in Walikale territories.	Budget:	USD 65,019
Operator:	PIDP		
Title:	Support for agroforestry and beekeeping (Womens Indigenous Organization).	Budget:	USD 41,765
Operator:	SPFA		
Title:	Improvement of forest ecosystems through tree planting, food crops, and honey production in Cibinda, Mutaesati and Kasheshe villages of Kalonge in Kaleh territory (Womens Indigenous Organization).	Budget:	USD 62,287
Operator:	UEFA		

Ghana

As of June 2020, DGM Ghana has approved a total of 212 subprojects for implementation, including 156 individual grants, 9 CBO grants and 47 community initiative grants. The subprojects are selected through a competitive process. The table to the right summarizes the grant amounts for each subproject.

The majority of community initiatives have prioritized interventions that help their communities' livelihoods and that have climate change co-benefits such as planting cashew and timber trees as well as boreholes for year-round water access. Community-based organization subgrants have also focused on cashew plantation in addition to, apiculture, watershed protection, plant nurseries and charcoal production. Subgrants awarded to individuals have prioritized cocoa and cashew agroforestry, mango and yam planting, and tree planting.

DGM Ghana Subprojects	
Subprojects (Combined)	
Quantity	212
Total (USD)	\$2,650,055
Average (USD)	\$12,500
Maximum (USD)	\$40,000
Minimum (USD)	\$3,000
Community Initiatives	
Quantity	47
Total (USD)	\$1,880,055
Average (USD)	\$40,000
Community-Based Organizations (CBOs)	
Quantity	9
Total (USD)	\$270,000
Average (USD)	\$30,000
Individuals	
Quantity	156
Total (USD)	\$500,000
Average (USD)	\$3,205

Subprojects (Community Initiative Grants)

Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Asekye Krokese		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Hyireso		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Mpatasie		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Namasua		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Nkyenkyemamu		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Duasidan		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Nsuhia		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Koradaso		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Boffourkrom		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Benim		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Adjalaja-Beposo		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Abease		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Menkor		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Jomoro		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Damoakrom		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Nyamebekyere		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Asantekrom		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Fahiakotwere/ Awuakrom		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Kankyiabo		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Datano		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Adwuman		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Juaboso Nkanta		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Nkatieso		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Benchema		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Asempanaye		
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole	Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Obeykrom		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Kunkumso			
Title:	Community solar powered mechanized borehole		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Bodi			
Title:	Community cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Bonte Community	Hectares: 12		
Title:	Community cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Dromankese Community	Hectares: 8		
Title:	Community cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Babato Kuma Community	Hectares: 8		
Title:	Community cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Dawadawa No. 2 Community	Hectares: 8		
Title:	Community cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Twumkrom Community	Hectares: 4		
Title:	Community cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Zabrema Community	Hectares: 15		
Title:	Community cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Akyeremade Community	Hectares: 11		
Title:	Community forest		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Asafo Community	Hectares: 48		
Title:	Community forest		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Nante Community	Hectares: 4		
Title:	Community watershed protection		Budget:	USD 40,000
Operator:	Ampoma Community	Hectares: 8		

Subprojects (Community-Based Organization Grants)

Title:	Wood lot and cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Bonte Charcoal producers and tree planters association	Hectares: 8		
Title:	Wood lot and cashew plantation		Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Dromankese Tree planters, Charcoal burners and buyers association	Hectares: 8		
Title:	Nursery establishment and Apiculture		Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Koradaso Peaceful tree growers association			
Title:	Enhance protection and development of the community monkey sanctuary		Budget:	USD 30,000

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Operator:	Duasidan Community ecotourism management centre	Hectares:	24		
Title:	Woodlot and cashew establishment			Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Kwame Danso Charcoal producers and tree planters association	Hectares:	16		
Title:	Apiculture and watershed protection			Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Kunkumso Farmers Association	Hectares:	3.2		
Title:	Apiculture and watershed protection			Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Elloukrom Rainforest Alliance & CREMA	Hectares:	3.5		
Title:	Sacred site planting and Epiculture			Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Jomoro Agroforestry Group	Hectares:	3.2		
Title:	Cashew plantation			Budget:	USD 30,000
Operator:	Nsuhia famers group	Hectares:	2		

Subprojects (Individual Grants)

Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Sarah Ewudzi	Hectares:	.87		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Comfort Nyanletase	Hectares:	1.16		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Diana Cobbinah	Hectares:	.37		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Juliana Ayebea Larbi	Hectares:	1.23		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Diana Asabea	Hectares:	1.02		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Kwame Asare	Hectares:	1.04		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Cecilia Asorkor	Hectares:	.40		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Lydia Coffie	Hectares:	2.67		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Rebecca Mochia	Hectares:	1.01		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Listowell Tetteh Isaac	Hectares:	1.01		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Akwasi Nalibo	Hectares:	.23
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Mary Nyasor	Hectares:	1.01
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Damata Seidu	Hectares:	.30
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Francis Amade	Hectares:	.47
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Kwame James	Hectares:	.52
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Nana Yaw Gyasi	Hectares:	.63
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Evans Tano	Hectares:	.60
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Florence Addae	Hectares:	2.92
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Patricia Tandoh	Hectares:	.40
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Mary Ampomah	Hectares:	.57
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Ama Serwaa	Hectares:	.56
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Agnes Mensah	Hectares:	.37
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Dominic Eshun	Hectares:	.80
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Simon Lartey	Hectares:	.81
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Agnes Amoateng	Hectares:	.45
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Elizabeth Ase	Hectares:	.38
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Simon Twumasi Ankrah	Hectares:	1.71

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Priscilla Gyabeng	Hectares:	.39
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Afia Fofie	Hectares:	.44
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Akosua Manu	Hectares:	.86
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Faustina Mintah	Hectares:	1.02
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Kojo Osei Isaac	Hectares:	1.03
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Monica Asamoah	Hectares:	.38
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Veronica Gyampah	Hectares:	.85
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Akua Joyce	Hectares:	.58
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Beatrice Aidoo	Hectares:	.08
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Francis Nkuah Okudom	Hectares:	.92
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Yaa Ackaah	Hectares:	.43
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Elizabeth Arthur	Hectares:	.52
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Nicholas Larney	Hectares:	.72
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Kwadwo Yeboah	Hectares:	.33
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Linda Nimakooa	Hectares:	.14
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Daniel Akuoko	Hectares:	.65
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Dora Mansoh	Hectares:	.61
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,500

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Operator:	Osei Peter	Hectares:	.69		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Bernard Osei Boakye	Hectares:	1.13		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Janet Ago	Hectares:	1.20		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Cornelius Takyi Mintah	Hectares:	1.14		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Mathias Baah	Hectares:	.57		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Osman Adam	Hectares:	1.38		
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Justice Azure	Hectares:	.79		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Ruth Sidani	Hectares:	.51		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Joseph Kwaku Boakye	Hectares:	.75		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Kwasi Wirekoh	Hectares:	.63		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Thomas Mensah	Hectares:	.72		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Yaw Yeboah	Hectares:	.46		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Nana Kwaku Duah	Hectares:	.52		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Yaw Tweneboah	Hectares:	.83		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Daniel Frimpong	Hectares:	1.13		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Agartha Ofori	Hectares:	.61		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Philip Asamoah	Hectares:	.34		
Title:	Tree plantation establishment			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Samuel Badu	Hectares:	.60		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Tree plantation establishment	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Veronica Arthur	Hectares:	1.29
Title:	Tree plantation establishment	Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Richmond Asiedu	Hectares:	.87
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Gideon Osei	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Afia Amoakoah	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Emmanuel Addae	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Obed Moja	Hectares:	1.6
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Seth Nyarko Asiamah	Hectares:	2
Title:	Tree Plantation	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Shaharu Sadiq	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Cecilia Baalan	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Robert Biale	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Grace Midibea	Hectares:	1
Title:	Tree Plantation	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Robert Manu	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Rita Adomako	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Charles Yaw Mensah	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Patience Lapah	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Magul Banyindo	Hectares:	1.6
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Kwabena Nakpin	Hectares:	2

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Wisdom Nfabi	Hectares:	2
Title:	Maize and beans intercropping	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Yakpeba Tidela	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Akosua Yeboah	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Isaac Narbi	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Agnes Agyeiwaa	Hectares:	.4
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Charles Boadum	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Abena Sarpomaa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Stephen Kwaku	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Amos Tafimi	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Rotational cropping	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Nyaabe Jagri	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Watershed management	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Joseph Tamanja C	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Emmanuel Ayensu	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Tree plantation	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Simon Gyan	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cocoa Agro-forestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Joshua Attah	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Victoria Saah	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Akua Bafoaa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Mango Plantation	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Nana Agyare	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,500

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Operator:	S. B. Amponsah	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Akua Yeboah	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Dorcas Amadu	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Improved Yam Cultivation			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Francis Piripour	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Watershed management			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Suzanna Kwaa	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Yam and tree plantation			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Kwabena Sekyi	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Janet Antwi	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Watershed protection			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	James Asampana	Hectares:	2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Philip Kwasi Laar	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Seidu Abubakari	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Adams Mohammed	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Assaw Dramani Kabotor	Hectares:	1.6		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Aboagye Jagri	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Tree plantation			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Kwasi Kunde	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Mabel Tibala	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Faustina Gyameah	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Sampson Appiah	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,500
Operator:	Eric Adu	Hectares:	1.2		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Sampson Drau Djan	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Oduro Bediako	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Deborah Dabea	Hectares:	1.6
Title:	Tree plantation	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Akua Pokuaa	Hectares:	1
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Kwadwo Ankomah	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Kwadwo Ankomah No.2	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Sampson Nana Adjei	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Thomas Koosono	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Oppong Kyereme Kennedy	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Aloko Akurugu	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Kofi Dwaa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Hanna Owusuaa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Bismark Opoku	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Rose Oppong	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Regina Awaafu	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Busanga Adjayobi	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Nana Kwasi Oppong	Hectares:	1.6

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Ama Kisiwaa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Theresa Abena Yeboah	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Ophelious Siebekpiir	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	John Paul Beyong	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Naweh Kwara	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Ansu Kwasi Junior	Hectares:	1.6
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Kadiga Winifred	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Fatima Adama	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Mercy Amponsah	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Felicity Agyeiwaa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Mutala Agyemang	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Felicia Takyiwaa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Rebecca Konoma	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Oppong Dartey	Hectares:	1.6
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Comfort Kyeraa	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Isaac Kyere	Hectares:	1.2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Nana Kwaku Baah	Hectares:	2
Title:	Cashew agroforestry	Budget:	USD 3,000

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Operator:	Isaac Henneh	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Adwoa Appiah	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Peter Agbelenyo	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Foster Gyamfi	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Hanna Asare	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Kwabena Yeboah	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Vida Saah	Hectares:	1.2		
Title:	Cashew agroforestry			Budget:	USD 3,000
Operator:	Stephen Bediako	Hectares:	1.2		

Indonesia

DGM Indonesia is currently supporting 49 subprojects with an average value of US\$66,664. The first round of subprojects started between July 24 - 31 2018; and the second round started between August-October 2019.

These sub-projects are in seven regions of Indonesia (Sumatra, Java, Kalimantan, Bali-Nusa Tenggara, Sulawesi, Maluku, and Papua). Each geographical region consists of three sub-projects from the first call of the proposals (Call One) and four sub-projects from the second call of the proposals (Call Two).

	Indonesia
Quantity	49
Total (USD)	3,266,555
Average (USD)	66,664
Maximum (USD)	97,685
Minimum (USD)	29,231

Sumatra

Call 1

Title	Managing Natural Resources Equally and Sustainably, to Improve <i>Adat</i> Community Livelihoods		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Mentawai Islands	Start Date:	7/24/18
Budget	USD 45,923	Hectares:	Not specified
Objective	To improve livelihoods of the Matobe, Rokot, and Goiso'Oinan <i>Adat</i> Communities		
Title	Policy Promotion to Secure Rights and access over <i>Adat</i> Territories to Improve Governance and Sustainability of Talang Mamak <i>Adat</i> Community Livelihoods in Indragiri Hulu		
Implementer	Consortium of AMAN Chapter Indragiri Hulu and Pekanbaru Legal Aid Foundation	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 97,538	Hectares:	5,770.8
Objective	To secure community rights and access over <i>Adat</i> territories in Talang Mamak landscape		
Title	Implementation of Agrarian Reform through Recognition and Protection of <i>Adat</i> Community in Rejang Lebong District		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Rejang Lebong	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 43,078	Hectares:	Not specified
Objective	To recognize and protect the rights of <i>Adat</i> community in Rejang Lebong		

Call 2

Title	Encourage the strengthening of indigenous peoples through legal certainty and sustainable management of indigenous territories in Pasaman Regency, West Sumatra Province		
Implementer	Perkumpulan Qbar	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 73,846	Hectares:	24,389
Objective	The realization of legal certainty and the management of indigenous peoples to <i>Adat</i> territories that are able to support the improvement of the welfare of indigenous peoples in 4 Nagari (Simpang, Alahan Mati, Ganggo Mudiak and Silayang) in Pasaman Regency.		
Title	Recognition and determination of Mukim territory to enhance the well-being of indigenous peoples		
Implementer	Jaringan Komunitas Masyarakat Adat (JKMA) Aceh	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 92,308	Hectares:	59,040
Objective	The rescuing of the indigenous territories of settlements for the certainty of rights to land and natural resources for the welfare of indigenous peoples.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title	Encourage the strengthening of the capacity of the <i>Orang Rimba</i> indigenous people in the management of natural resources, especially forests and ecosystems with <i>Adat</i> -based sustainable agriculture in and around the Bukit 12 Landscape Area		
Implementer	Konsorsium untuk Orang Rimba Bermartabat (PW AMAN Wilayah Jambi, PD AMANDA Orang Rimba, PKBI Daerah Jambi, KPI Wilayah Jambi)	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 68,265	Hectares:	211,000
Objective	Increase the capacity of the <i>Orang Rimba</i> indigenous people in the management of natural resources, especially forests and ecosystems with <i>Adat</i> -based sustainable agriculture in and around the Bukit 12 Landscape Area		
Title	The management of the <i>Adat</i> forest of the Tor Nauli community towards improving the welfare of indigenous peoples		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Tano Batak	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 38,462	Hectares:	1,369.87
Objective	The realization of <i>Adat</i> forest-based area management as a means of utilizing sustainable forest resources and achieving rights recognition		

Java

Call 1

Title	Advocacy and Improvement of Livelihoods for Kasepuhan <i>Adat</i> Communities and Local Communities through <i>Adat</i> Forest and Forest Co-Management		
Implementer	RMI	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 97,612	Hectares:	1,624.2
Objective	To advocate for IPLC tenure rights and access and improved livelihoods in Bogor and Lebak Regencies		
Title	Improving Village Community Access and Control over Forest through the Implementation of Regulation No. 39/2017 on Social Forestry in Perum Perhutani Management Area		
Implementer	LPPSLH	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 51,069	Hectares:	101.5
Objective	To advocate local community tenure rights through social forestry scheme in Banyumas Regency		
Title	Strengthening the security of tenure rights of village communities in the Surrounding Java Forests through Agrarian Reform and Social Forestry		
Implementer	LSPP Temanggung	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 47,985	Hectares:	148
Objective	To advocate for local community tenure rights through agrarian reform and social forestry schemes in Temanggung and Trenggalek Regencies		

Call 2

Title	Strengthening Community Access and Management of Forest Areas through the Social Forestry Scheme		
Implementer	Pusat Pendidikan Lingkungan Hidup (PPLH) Mangkubumi	Start Date:	08/26/19
Budget	USD 65,371.54	Hectares:	2,063.00
Objective	Ensuring the sustainability of certainty of access and management of local communities in three villages in Tulungagung to forest areas through social forest schemes at the site level.		
Title	Human Resources Development in Sustainable Forest Management		
Implementer	Perkumpulan Organisasi Pemuda-Pemudi BOMBAT	Start Date:	08/02/19
Budget	USD 61,356.15	Hectares:	1,940.70

Objective	Improvement of community prosperity and forest ecosystems in 13 target villages		
Title	Strengthening Community Rights in Land and Forest Resources through Agrarian Reform and Social Forestry In Production Forest Areas and Conservation Areas		
Implementer	Aliansi Relawan untuk Penyelamatan Alam (ARuPA)	Start Date:	09/16/19
Budget	USD 74,561.54	Hectares:	2,131.80
Objective	Strengthening community rights to land and forest areas through Agrarian Reform and Social Forestry		
Title	Promoting Community Access to Forest Territories Certainty to Reduce Inequality of Land Tenure through Social Forestry		
Implementer	LSDP SD INPERS	Start Date:	08/26/19
Budget	USD 29,230.77	Hectares:	1,640.56
Objective	Promoting Community Access to Forest Territories Certainty to Reduce Inequality of Land Tenure through Social Forestry		

Bali Nusra

Call 1

Title	Capacity Building and Support to <i>Adat</i> and Local Communities to Secure Forest Management and Land Ownership		
Implementer	AMAN Region Nusa Bunga	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 69,231	Hectares:	1,696.9
Objective	To support and develop <i>Adat</i> and local communities' capacity in securing their tenure rights and managing natural resources in Ende, Sika, and East Flores Regencies		
Title	Strengthening the Role and Position of Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities in Claiming Territorial Rights and Land and Forest-based Management for Sustainable Livelihoods in Central Sumba District and West Sumba District, East Nusa Tenggara Province		
Implementer	Satu Visi Foundation	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 87,519	Hectares:	43,911
Objective	To recognize and protect the rights and promote livelihoods of <i>Adat</i> communities in Central Sumba and West Sumba Regencies		
Title	Developing the Spatial Plan of <i>Adat</i> Territory and Promoting the Recognition and Protection of the <i>Adat</i> Community in Sumbawa and West Sumbawa District		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Sumbawa	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 80,765	Hectares:	77,088.1
Objective	To recognize and protect the rights of <i>Adat</i> communities in Sumbawa and West Sumbawa Regencies		

Call 2

Title	Reviving Alas Mertajati Tamblingan: Indigenous Forest Development of Dalem Tamblingan Catur in Buleleng Village - Bali as a Tradition-Based Sustainable Forest Learning Center		
Implementer	Wisnu Foundation	Start Date:	8/02/19
Budget	USD 81,692.31	Hectares:	1,703.00
Objective	To develop a tradition-based center of sustainable forest learning in the traditional forest of Dalem Tamblingan Catur Buleleng Village and to restore the sanctity and function of the Tamblingan lake and forest area as Alas Mertajati (sacred place).		
Title	Verifying and Strengthening the Right to Manage Territories and Living Spaces of Wet Bayan Indigenous Communities through Improving Maps and Increasing Productivity Based on Village / Regional Characteristics and Comparative Advantages.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Implementer	Santiri Foundation	Start Date:	08/26/19
Budget	USD 67,280.77	Hectares:	421.61
Objective	Ensuring the sustainability of the area of management and living space of the wet Bayan indigenous people to strengthen the recoverability of the productivity of the <i>adat</i> community Based on Village / Regional Characteristics and Comparative Advantages		
Title	Encouraging the Participation of Paumere Indigenous Women in Increasing Economic Revenue by Managing Coconut Potential		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Central Flores	Start Date:	08/26/19
Budget	USD 36,538.46	Hectares:	Not specified
Objective	Economic improvement of indigenous women's groups through managing coconut potential in order to realize the prosperity of the indigenous people of Paumere		
Title	Recognition and Protection of <i>Adat</i> Law Communities (MHA) along with their Traditional Rights and Diversification of livelihoods in three (3) <i>Adat</i> Law Communities in East Sumba Regency and West Sumba Regency		
Implementer	Consortium of Tana-Wai Maringi (Kopesda Foundation and Association of Humba Ailulu)	Start Date:	08/26/19
Budget	USD 59,636.54	Hectares:	607.00
Objective	The recognition and protection of the MHA in 3 (three) villages and their traditional rights and The development of diversity of livelihood options / alternatives for 3 MHA project targets in regencies of East Sumba and West Sumba		

Kalimantan

Call 1

Title	Facilitating the Formulation of Local Regulations (PERDA) on <i>Adat</i> Community and Establishing <i>Adat</i> Forests in Kapuas Hulu District, Melawi and Sekadau, West Kalimantan		
Implementer	LBBT (Consortium Jari Borneo Barat & AMAN region West Kalimantan)	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 97,650	Hectares:	84,557.3
Objective	To recognize and protect the rights of <i>Adat</i> communities in Kapuas Hulu, Melawi and Sekadau regencies		
Title	Securing the Formal Recognition and Equally and Sustainably Managed <i>Adat</i> Territories Based on Local Wisdom		
Implementer	AMAN Region Central Kalimantan, AMAN chapter Barito Utara and AMAN chapter Gunung Mas	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 90,206	Hectares:	55,706.42
Objective	To recognize and protect the rights of <i>Adat</i> communities in North Barito and Gunung Mas regencies		
Title	Improving the Governance of <i>Adat</i> Territory to Support the Jumetn Tuwayatn <i>Adat</i> Community to Sustainably Manage <i>Adat</i> Territory		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter West Kutai	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 65,038	Hectares:	29,429
Objective	To improve capacity and governance of Jumetn Tuwayatn <i>Adat</i> communities		

Call 2

Title	Strengthening Indigenous Peoples by Encouraging Recognition of their <i>Adat</i> Territories and Forests from Local Government of East Kalimantan		
Implementer	AMAN Region East Kalimantan	Start Date:	08/26/19

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Budget	USD 83,067.31	Hectares:	6,000
Objective	To Gain Government Recognition of indigenous peoples to ensure the sustainability of indigenous peoples managing their territories and forest legally through <i>Adat</i> Forest Scheme		
Title	Sustainable Management and Protection of Forests and Land, Through Strengthening Indigenous Women and the Assurance of the Rights to Indigenous Territories for the Prosperity of Indigenous Peoples in the Regency of Sekadau and Regency of Sanggau, West Kalimantan Province		
Implementer	Consortium of AMAN Chapter Sekadau and AMAN Chapter Sanggau, West Kalimantan	Start Date:	08/26/19
Budget	USD 61,675.00	Hectares:	22,683
Objective	Empowering the Taman Meragun and Taman Sunsang indigenous peoples in Sekadau Regency, as well as the Mayao Community and Sami Community in Sanggau Regency including their indigenous women upon their identities, territories and prosperity.		
Title	Recognition and Protection of Indigenous Peoples Through Participatory Mapping and Management of Territories and Indigenous Forest in Bengkayang Regency, West Kalimantan		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Bengsibas (Bengkayang, Singkawang and Sambas)	Start Date:	08/26/19
Budget	USD 56,407.31	Hectares:	14,228
Objective	Binua Taria 'Teriak Sub District, and Community of Dayak Bakati' Sara in Dawar Hamlet) in Bengkayang Regency has clarity in the territories management and increased their economic prosperity.		
Title	Acceleration of the recognition of the indigenous peoples and <i>adat</i> Forest in the North Kalimantan		
Implementer	AMAN Region North Kalimantan	Start Date:	09/16/19
Budget	USD 67,307.69	Hectares:	138,854
Objective	The indigenous peoples of Punan Dulau, Ga'ay Kung Kemul, Uma 'Kulit, and Bulusu Rayo in order to obtain Legality / formal recognition of the Adat Law Communities and their adat territories by the Government of the Bulungan Regency through Decree (SK) and Regulations of the Regent (Perbup) of the Bulungan, North Kalimantan		

Sulawesi

Call 1

Title	Protecting <i>Adat</i> and Local Community Rights and Legal Access over Forest Area in Mamuju Regency, West Sulawesi		
Implementer	Consortium of Kopasos – West Sulawesi (led by Bantaya, involved Perkumpulan Paham)	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 97,962	Hectares:	20,929.7
Objective	To protect <i>Adat</i> and community rights and legal access over forest area in Mamuju Regency		
Title	Improving Governance through Equal and Sustainable <i>Adat</i> Forest Management for Sustainable <i>Adat</i> Community Livelihoods in Enrekang District		
Implementer	AMAN Region South Sulawesi	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 89,446	Hectares:	13,413
Objective	To improve governance for sustainable <i>Adat</i> forest management and sustainable community livelihoods in Enrekang Regency		
Title	Promoting Policy that Recognizes and Protects the Rights of <i>Adat</i> and Local Communities while Improving the Economy and Empowerment of <i>Adat</i> Women in Central Sulawesi		
Implementer	AMAN Region Central Sulawesi	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 77,911	Hectares:	93,983.9

Objective	To recognize and protect indigenous peoples' tenure rights and improve their livelihoods in Poso, Sigi, and Parigi Moutong Regencies
------------------	--

Call 2

Title	Advocacy for Rights of Adat Forest in Conservation Area		
Implementer	Consortium KARSA INSTITUTE – OPANT	Start Date:	10/01/19
Objective	Strengthening the position of the Ngata Toro indigenous people in Moa and Masewo villages towards the recognition of <i>Adat</i> forests and Tangkulowi Village communities in the utilization of non-timber natural resources as the basis for improving the economy of indigenous peoples and local communities.		
Budget	USD 69,237	Hectares:	38,028.10
Title	Promoting legal access of Balusu Indigenous Peoples in North Toraja Regency in the Management of Fair and Sustainable Indigenous Forests for Welfare Improvement.		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Toraya	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 33,467	Hectares:	6,680
Objective	Increasing the capacity of indigenous peoples and ensuring <i>Adat</i> forest management for economic development for Balusu indigenous peoples in North Toraja Regency		
Title	Strengthening the tenure of indigenous communities in Sustainable Natural Resource Management to improve the welfare and sustainability of Local Wisdom in Luwu and Kajang.		
Implementer	Consortium BRWA-PHKOM Kajang	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 82,663	Hectares:	313,496.63
Objective	Strengthening Tenure and institutional capacity as well as the business community in sustainable natural resource management for the enhancement of welfare and sustainability of local wisdom of indigenous peoples in Luwu and Kajang, South Sulawesi.		
Title	Increased resilience of local communities in efforts to utilize the potential of natural resources and the environment for guaranteeing the right of access to land in the assisted area of the Komnasdesa NGO on Wawonii Island		
Implementer	LSM KOMNASDESA-Southeast Sulawesi	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 56,192	Hectares:	342
Objective	Increased resilience of local communities in efforts to utilize the potential of natural resources and the environment for guaranteeing the right of access to land in the assisted area of the Komnasdesa NGO on Wawonii Island		

Maluku

Call 1

Title	Improving the Governance of Fritu <i>Adat</i> Territory through <i>Adat</i> Forest Scheme to Widen Access to Forest Resources and Improve Welfare		
Implementer	AMAN Region North Maluku	Start Date:	7/27/18
Budget	USD 73,697	Hectares:	7,752.1
Objective	To improve governance for sustainable <i>Adat</i> forest management and sustainable livelihoods of the Fritu community		
Title	Strengthening the Capacity of Negeri Piru <i>Adat</i> and Local Communities (in Piru <i>Adat</i> Territory) to Secure Tenure Rights and Sustainable Land Utilization		
Implementer	Humanum	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 82,917	Hectares:	11,000

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Objective	To recognize and protect Piru and Morekao Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities' tenure rights and improve their livelihoods		
Title	Capacity Building of the Arui Das <i>Adat</i> Community to Secure Sustainable Management of Forest Natural Resources		
Implementer	Yayasan Sor Silai	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 48,078	Hectares:	14,542
Objective	To recognize and protect Arui Das indigenous peoples tenure rights and improve their livelihoods		

Call 2

Title	Strengthening the Capacity of Buano island Indigenous People for Sustainable Management of "Petuanan Adat"		
Implementer	Lembaga Partisipasi Pembangunan Masyarakat (LPPM) Maluku	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 68,546	Hectares:	26,907
Objective	Increased capacity of the Buano Island indigenous peoples to ensure their tenure rights and manage their customary provisions in a sustainable manner		
Title	Strengthening the Capacity of Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities Negeri Tananahu to Ensure Legal Recognition of the Indigenous Territorial Rights.		
Implementer	Yayasan Kiranis	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 50,019	Hectares:	11,937
Objective	Realizing the Capacity of Indigenous Peoples and the Local Community of "Negeri Tananahu" State to ensure legal recognition of the Indigenous Territorial Rights.		
Title	Realizing Fair and Prosperous Indigenous Peoples through a Legal Policy that Recognizes and Protects Indigenous Peoples in Central Maluku Regency		
Implementer	AMAN Region Maluku	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 61,538	Hectares:	300
Objective	Capacity building of Haruku and Sameth Indigenous people in Haruku island, and Akoon Indigenous People in Nusalaut island in management system and environment and natural resources based on local wisdom and indigenous culture. (through recognition and determination of Indigenous Peoples and <i>Adat</i> Forests and legal protection through the Central Maluku Regency Regulation)		
Title	Encouraging Policies on Recognition of the Indigenous Peoples Rights in Aru Islands Regency for the Sovereign and Dignified Indigenous Peoples.		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Aru Island	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 57,608	Hectares:	7,000
Objective	Recognition of Adat governance and the forest for Nata communities to improve their livelihoods		

Papua

Call 1

Title	Strengthening of IPLC Capacity based on Potential Resource of Socio-Cultural and Natural Environment Data in Huwula Community <i>Adat</i> Territory, Jayawijaya Regency		
Implementer	LSPK Papua	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 74,441	Hectares:	Not specified
Objective	To recognize and protect Indigenous Peoples' tenure rights and improve their livelihoods in Jayawijaya regency		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title	Recognition and Protection of the <i>Adat</i> Communities in the Surrounding Tropical Forest Ecosystem Lowland within Sebyar and Moskona Tribes' <i>Adat</i> Territory, Teluk Bintuni		
Implementer	Panah Papua	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 52,778	Hectares:	1,300
Objective	To recognize and protect Indigenous Peoples' tenure rights in Sebyar and Moskona Indigenous Peoples, Teluk Bintuni		
Title	Increasing <i>Adat</i> Women's Income and Strengthening Local Food Resilience of Nambluong <i>Adat</i> Community through Melinjo and Mahkota Dewa Tree Cultivation as Raw Materials for Noken Traditional Bag Making		
Implementer	ORPA Nambluong & PtPPMA	Start Date:	7/31/18
Budget	USD 91,092	Hectares:	54,000
Objective	To improve Nambluong community's capacity and livelihoods		

Call 2

Title	Strengthening the Existence of Indigenous Peoples as a Form of Recognition and Protection for Managing Natural Resources for Economic Development		
Implementer	Yayasan Konsultasi Independen Pemberdayaan Rakyat (KIPRa) Papua	Start Date:	9/15/19
Budget	USD 82,828	Hectares:	2,379.54
Objective	"Increased bargaining position of Keerom Indigenous people in decisions making of local government policies (Regency & Village) and the existence of access and legal certainty to the management of natural resources in improving social life and economic welfare of indigenous peoples"		
Title	Mangrove Tree Planting Lindur type (Bruguiera Gymnorrhiza) / Aibon and Pidada (Sonneratia sp) / Sawawir in Sopen Village, Biak Numfor Regency		
Implementer	Yayasan Anak Dusun Papua	Start Date:	8/01/19
Budget	USD 46,137	Hectares:	9,783
Objective	Ensuring the existence of land use for the community around the mangrove forest, protecting the coastal area, preserving and conserving endemic biota which directly impacts the economic value in the long term.		
Title	Documents for proposing the determination of Indigenous territories and Adat Forests in 2 Clans (Klagilit Clan - Moi Segin Sub-tribe and Ulimpa clan - Moi Kelim Sub-tribe) submitted to the local government and the Ministry of Environment and Forestry		
Implementer	AMAN Chapter Sorong Raya	Start Date:	8/26/19
Budget	USD 30,946	Hectares:	17,000
Objective	The rights recognition of the Moi tribe community in Sorong Regency and the welfare improvement of the indigenous people in Raja Ampat Regency through sustainable management of natural resources.		
Title	Customary mapping of Pagai village Airu sub-district in support of the acceleration of customary mapping in Jayapura Regency		
Implementer	Yayasan Instia Papua	Start Date:	9/01/19
Budget	USD 46,154	Hectares:	164,966
Objective	Promotion of the Recognition and Protection of the Kapauri Tribe of Pagai Village to the Team of the Indigenous Peoples Task Force (GTMA) to be included in the District Regulation of Recognition and Protection of the Indigenous Territory in Jayapura regency.		

Mozambique

DGM Mozambique's NSC has approved 17 community projects and their respective business plans in the following value chains, namely: coconut timber, native timber, honey, cereals processing and chicken. In addition to community tourism.

DGM Mozambique subprojects	
Quantity	17
Total (USD)	1,310,797
Average (USD)	87,386
Maximum (USD)	218,642
Minimum (USD)	14,438

Subprojects

Title:	Chicken processing	Budget:	USD 13,108.84
Operator:	Egume-Dioroma Association		
Title:	Chicken processing	Budget:	USD 23,701.03
Operator:	Orera community association		
Title:	Chicken processing	Budget:	USD 23,701.03
Operator:	Community consortium (3 Fevereiro, Josina M and 25 Setembro)		
Title:	Chicken processing	Budget:	USD 23,701.03
Operator:	Community consortium (Bem Vindo, Olima Wa Salau and Chama Unidade)		
Title:	Chicken processing	Budget:	USD 23,701.03
Operator:	Community consortium (Vida Nova, 7 Abril, 25 Junho, Meio Ambiente-Sembia, and 1 May of Nicuapa)		
Title:	Chicken processing	Budget:	USD 23,701.03
Operator:	Ophavela Opwanha Association		
Title:	Coconut timber	Budget:	USD 159,762.03
Operator:	Industria de Madeira de Coqueiro e Defesa do Meio Ambiente (OPURELA)		
Title:	Native timber	Budget:	USD 104,189.27
Operator:	Association Comunitaria de Defesa e Saneamento do Meio Ambiente de Muzo (ACODEMUZO)		
Title:	Cereal processing	Budget:	USD 72,860.87
Operator:	Anawape Association		
Title:	Cereal processing	Budget:	USD 73,114.78
Operator:	Natural Resource Management Committee Makhelo of Nipataco		
Title:	Community Lodge Tourism (sustainable rural ecotourism)	Budget:	USD 157,110
Operator:	Adetur		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Improving resource management through intensifying horticultural production (horticulture)	Budget:	USD 152,775
Operators:	Associação de Família 25 Junho e Metudge		
	Associação Olima Ossunga Orera		
	Associação Unidos Contra Pobreza Venceremos		
Title:	Sustainable production and marketing of honey and recovery of degraded areas (honey)	Budget:	USD 43,770
Operator:	Cambora		
Title:	Sustainable production and marketing of honey and recovery of degraded areas (honey)	Budget:	USD 43,770
Operator:	Chicopera		
Title:	Sustainable production and marketing of honey and recovery of degraded areas (honey)	Budget:	USD 94,281
Operator:	CGNR-Unidade		

Peru⁴²

Summary:

DGM Peru has had three calls for proposals for two types of subprojects – those focusing on legal recognition and titling and those developed around natural resource management. Each subproject is implemented by one of 18 local or regional community federations

belonging to the two national organizations that comprise the project's National Steering Committee.

	First Call	Second Call	Third Call	Total
Quantity	21	43	34	98
Total (USD)	773,812	1,432,819.20	1,738,637.92	3,945,268.87
Average (USD)	36,848.18	33,321.38	51,136.41	40,257.85
Maximum (USD)	161,530.06	205,614.01	225,860.71	225,860.71
Minimum (USD)	3,082.49	2,980.18	2,949.06	2,949.06

Recognition & Titling

Title:	Recognition of 43 native communities in the Napo, Ucayali, and Putumayo river basins	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	8/10/16	Budget:	USD 87,606
Title:	Recognition (12) and Titling (3) of native communities of the Lamas, El Dorado, and San Martin Provinces	Implementer:	CODEPISAM
Date Approved:	9/13/16	Budget:	USD 69,659
Title:	Recognition (1) and Titling (2) of native communities in Condorcanqui - Amazonas Region	Implementer:	ORPIAN
Date Approved:	9/15/16	Budget:	USD 17,758
Title:	Recognition of 63 native communities in the Alto Amazonas and Datem del Marañon Provinces of the Loreto Region	Implementer:	CORPI SL
Date Approved:	9/15/16	Budget:	USD 161,530
Title:	Recognition (2) of native communities in the Province of Rio Negro, Satipo - Junin Region	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	9/26/16	Budget:	USD 6,096
Title:	Recognition (9) and Titling (1) of native communities in the Atalaya, Coronel Portillo and Padre Abad Provinces of the Ucayali Region	Implementer:	ORAU
Date Approved:	9/28/16	Budget:	USD 68,011
Title:	Recognition and Titling of 4 native communities of the Imaza District of the Amazonas Region	Implementer:	OCCAAM
Date Approved:	9/30/16	Budget:	USD 13,185

⁴² All subproject grants were given in Peruvian Sol (PEN). Any values in USD are approximate, based on an exchange rate from August 24, 2020.

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Recognition and Titling of 6 native communities in the Rio Marañon basin, Urarina District, Loreto-Nauta Province	Implementer:	ACONAKKU
Date Approved:	9/30/16	Budget:	USD 21,075
Title:	Titling of 1 native community of the Coronel Portillo Province - Ucayali Region	Implementer:	UCIFP
Date Approved:	10/24/16	Budget:	USD 15,320
Title:	Recognition (4) and Titling (5) of the native communities of the Atalaya Province - Ucayali Region	Implementer:	CORPIAA
Date Approved:	10/24/16	Budget:	USD 64,630
Title:	Titling of 3 native communities in the Ucayali river basin	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	11/11/16	Budget:	USD 23,293
Title:	Recognizing the La Victoria native community in the Las Piedras district, Tambopata Province, Madre de Dios	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	5/2/17	Budget:	USD 3,082.49
Title:	Recognition of 6 native communities and titling of 3 native communities of the Satipo and Oxapampa Provinces in the Junin Region	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	5/2/17	Budget:	USD 49,041.24
Title:	Recognition and registration of 10 native communities, belonging to the TICUNA indigenous people - Loreto Region	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 30,588.99
Title:	Demarcation and Titling of 22 native communities of the Kichwa indigenous people - Loreto Region	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 102,489.91
Title:	Recognition and registration of 79 native communities of the Shawi, Kukama, Kamiria, Kandozi, Kichwa del Pastaza, Wampi, Chapra, Awajun, and Achuar Indigenous Peoples in the Alto Amazonas and Datem del Marañon provinces	Implementer:	CORPI SL
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 205,614.01
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 10 native communities of the Shawi, Shiwilu, and Chapra Indigenous Peoples in the Alto Amazonas and Datem del Marañon Provinces	Implementer:	CORPI SL
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 80,555.19
Title:	Recognition and registration of 1 native community, belonging to the Ashaninka indigenous people, located in the Raymondi district, in the Atalaya Province, Ucayali Region	Implementer:	CORPIAA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 2,980.18

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Demarcation and titling of 4 native communities, belonging to the Ashaninka indigenous people, located in the Raymondi district, in the Atalaya Province, Ucayali Region	Implementer:	CORPIAA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 47,939.47
Title:	Recognition of 1 native community, located in the Llaylla District, Junin Region, belonging to the Ashaninka indigenous people	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 2,981.25
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 2 native communities, located in the districts of Rio Negro and Pampa Hermosa, Junin Region, belonging to the Ashaninka indigenous people	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 21,793.48
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 2 native communities, located in the Rio Tambo district, Junin Region, belonging to the Ashaninka indigenous people	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 24,117.86
Title:	Recognition of 3 native communities, located in the Rio Tambo district, Junin Region, belonging to the Ashaninka indigenous people	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 9,033.50
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 5 native communities belonging to the Ashaninka and Shipibo Indigenous Peoples - Ucayali Region	Implementer:	ORAU
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 65,516.13
Title:	Recognition and registration of 10 native communities in the Junin, Pasco, and Cusco Regions	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 30,463.22
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 7 native communities in the Ayacucho, Junin, and Pasco regions	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 83,112.67
Title:	Recognition and registration of 2 native communities belonging to the Awajun indigenous people in the Amazonas region	Implementer:	ORPIAN
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 5,868.01
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 5 native communities belonging to the Awajun indigenous people in the Amazonas region	Implementer:	ORPIAN
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 60,938.79
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 1 native community of the Etnia Yine - Madre de Dios Region	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 12,112.98

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Recognition of 6 native communities of the Kechwa indigenous people - San Martin Region	Implementer:	CODEPISAM
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 18,083.15
Title:	Demarcation and titling of 7 native communities of the Kechwa Indigenous Peoples - San Martin Region	Implementer:	CODEPISAM
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 85,972.49
Title:	Recognition of the Maninkari Community, located in the Rio Tambo district, Junín Region, belonging to the ASHANINKA indigenous people	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 2,811.12
Title:	Demarcation and Titling of two (02) Native Communities, located in the Rio Tambo district, Junín Region, belonging to the Asháninka indigenous people	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 22,488.96
Title:	Recognition of 03 native communities belonging to the Asháninka people of the province of Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 8,431.09
Title:	Recognition of twenty-two (22) native communities in the regions of Pasco, Junín, Cusco, Huánuco, represented by the Regional Association of Indigenous Peoples of the Central Selva - ARPI SC	Implementer:	ARPI
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 61,983.78
Title:	Demarcation and Titling of eight (08) Native Communities in the Regions of, Junín, Pasco, Cusco, of the Ashaninkas, Yaneshas Nomachiguengas and Machiguengas peoples, represented by the Regional Association of Indigenous Peoples of the Central Selva - ARPI SC	Implementer:	ARPI
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 89,955.84
Title:	Territorial Security (Recognition) for Native communities based on CORPI SL	Implementer:	CORPI-SL
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 33,733.44
Title:	Territorial Security (Titling) for Native Communities base of CORPI SL	Implementer:	CORPI-SL
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 218,246.27
Title:	Recognition of 2 native communities of the Yine and Awajun peoples of the department of Madre de Dios	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 5,622.24
Title:	Recognition, Registration of their legal status and their communal statutes, before the public registers of SEVEN (07),	Implementer:	URPIA

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

	Demarcation and titling of FOUR (4) Native Communities communities, belonging to the Regional Union of Amazonian Peoples URPIA		
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 17, 836.41
Title:	Recognition and Registration of 28 Native Communities, belonging to the AWAJUN indigenous people, located in the districts of EL CENEPA, NIEVA, IMAZA and ARAMANGO, in the provinces of Condorcanqui and Bagua, in the Amazon Region, represented by the Regional Organization of indigenous peoples of the Northern Amazon of Peru - ORPIAN-P	Implementer:	ORPIAN-P
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 73,179.60
Title:	Demarcation and Titling of 3 Native Communities, belonging to the AWAJUN indigenous people, located in the districts of Rio Santiago, Nieva and IMAZA, in the provinces of Condorcanqui and Bagua, in the Amazon Region, represented by the Regional Organization of the peoples indigenous of the Northern Amazon of Peru - ORPIAN-P	Implementer:	ORPIAN-P
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 33,733.40

Natural Resource Management:

Title:	Improvement of the productive process of fingerlings in fish farms for the food security of the families in a native community of the district of Echarati, province La Convención, department of Cusco	Implementer:	COMARU
Date Approved:	1/1/17	Budget:	USD 18,266
Title:	Installation of improved fish farms for the food security of the families in two native communities of the district of Mazamari, department of Junín	Implementer:	OCAM
Date Approved:	1/1/17	Budget:	USD 20,106
Title:	Strengthening the negotiation capacities of the Ashaninka Kemito Sankori cooperative, through the management and commercialization of cocoa	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	1/1/17	Budget:	USD 18,726.70
Title:	Increase of the productivity of the Cacao (Theobroma cacao L.) crop and improvement of the post-harvest processes, in 02 communities of the district of Imaza, department of Amazonas	Implementer:	OCCAAM
Date Approved:	2/24/17	Budget:	USD 20,463
Title:	Strengthening the breeding of Paiches (arapaima gigas) in floating cages in 03 communities of the Callería river basin, Callería district - Ucayali	Implementer:	FECONADIC
Date Approved:	3/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,668

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Tourist subproject of the Santa Rosa de Huacará and Queros-Kosñipata-Cusco CCNN; and Ecotourism Service / Non-timber in CN Diamante	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	5/8/17	Budget:	USD 36,101.26
Title:	Timber harvesting from the DEMA and Bolaina plantation	Implementer:	ORAU
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 50,475.53
Title:	Improvement of craftsmanship in products with Chambira (Astrocaryum chambira) made by women of the CCNN Huitoto de Estirón, in the Loreto region	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,346.68
Title:	Improvement of artisanal work in products with Chambira (Astrocaryum chambira) made by women of the Huitoto de Hucarto de Pucaurquillo, in the Loreto region	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,346.68
Title:	Improvement of craftsmanship in products with Chambira (Astrocaryum chambira) made by women of the CCNN Bora de Brillo Nuevo, in the Loreto region	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,346.68
Title:	Improvement of craftsmanship in products with Chambira (Astrocaryum chambira) made by women of the CCNN Bora de Pucaurquillo, in the Loreto region	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,346.68
Title:	Strengthening capacities in the installation and production of integral farms with native edible and commercial species, led by Ashanikas women of the Native Community Aerija, Raimondi District, Atalaya Province, Ucayali Region	Implementer:	CORPIAA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,056.79
Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Yine Unini Native Community of Raymond District - Atalaya - Ucayali	Implementer:	CORPIAA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,295.99
Title:	Strengthening and implementation of agroforestry systems with coffee cultivation in the Huahuari Native Community of the Río Negro District - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,196.30
Title:	Strengthening and implementation of agroforestry systems with coffee cultivation in the Santa Clara Native Community of Satipo District - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,210.19

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Ashaninka Cushiviani Native Community of the District of Rio Negro - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,323.77
Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Ashaninka Jairiquishi Native Community of the District of Rio Negro - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,234.88
Title:	Improvement of tourism services work carried out by Ashaninka families in the Yavirironi native community in the Junín region	Implementer:	FECONACA
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,878.08
Title:	Improvement of the artisan work done by Ashaninka women of the CN Chembo, in the Junín region	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,958.27
Title:	Improvement of artisanal work done by Asháninka women of the Puerto Ocopa CCNN, in the Junín region	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,958.27
Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Ashaninka Cheni Native Community of the Rio Tamo District - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 20,245.37
Title:	Improvement of the work of tourist services carried out by Ashaninka families in the native Betania community in the Junín region	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,875.31
Title:	Production and marketing of cocoa, fruit, root and tuberous derivatives, led by women entrepreneurs from the San Antonio de Sonomoro Native Community of the Pangoa District - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,228.70
Title:	Strengthening of the productive initiative in the management of cocoa crops under agroforestry systems in fifteen Ashaninka communities associated with Kemito Ene, Río Tambo District - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 60,678.70
Title:	Improvement of tourism services work carried out by Ashaninka families in the Pampa Michi native community in the Junín region	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,479.01
Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production and breeding of Amazonian fish in the Native Community Ashaninka Shintoriato of the Perene District - Satipo - Junín	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,354.63

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Improvement of capacities in the production of Amazonian fish in the Timpifiari Native community of the District of Kimbiri - La Convención - Cusco	Implementer:	ARPI SC
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,231.17
Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Awajun Yutupis Native Community of the Rio Santiago District - Condorcanqui - Amazonas	Implementer:	ORPIAN
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,875.31
Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Native Community Awajun Nazareth of the District of Imaza - Bagua - Amazonas	Implementer:	ORPIAN
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,110.18
Title:	Strengthening of the Cocoa Productive Chain Led by Harakmbut Women of the Arazaire NPP, Inambari District, Tambopata Province, Madre de Dios Region	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,290.12
Title:	Improvement of the capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Harakmbut Native Community Barranco Chico of the District of Huepetuhe - Manu - Madre de Dios	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,377.77
Title:	Improvement of the drying and commercialization of chestnut seed in the Community of Tres Islas in the Madre de Dios region	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,246.91
Title:	Improvement of cocoa production in agroforestry systems, in the Alto Shambuyacu Native Community, District of San Roque de Cumbaza - Lamas - San Martin	Implementer:	CODEPISAM
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,210.49
Title:	Production and marketing of chocolates from agroforestry plots in the Native Community of Copal Sacha, District of San José de Sisa - Lamas - San Martin	Implementer:	CODEPISAM
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,006.79
Title:	Improvement of capacities in the production of Amazonian fish breeding in the Machiguenga Poyentimari Native Community of the District of Echarati - La Convención - Cusco	Implementer:	COMARU
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,110.18
Title:	Improvement of agroforestry plots with cocoa, through the incorporation of forest and fruit species, in the Native Community Theory	Implementer:	OCAM
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,113

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Improvement of agroforestry plots with cocoa, through the incorporation of forest and fruit species in the Native Community Poshonari - Shejaroteni	Implementer:	OCAM
Date Approved:	8/1/17	Budget:	USD 19,162
Title:	The native community of Buenos Aires through its DEMA obtains economic benefit from the timber resource coming from its forest and with added value, for 30 families of the Yine people, in the Raymondi district, Atalaya province, Ucayali region	Implementer:	URPIA
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 47,360.56
Title:	Strengthening capacities for the use, primary, secondary transformation and commercialization of the <i>torrillo</i> species from DEMA in the Mayapo Native Community	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 46,852
Title:	Strengthening capacities for forest use with DEMA, and capacity development in the primary transformation and commercialization of the Caupuri spice in the Native New Country Community.	Implementer:	FECONADIC
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 37,941.60
Title:	Forest timber use of the species "Capinuri" (<i>Maquira coriacea</i>) from the DEMA in the CN. Puerto Abeja Napo river	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 30,169.28
Title:	Entrepreneurship of Ashaninka / yanehsa women in the promotion of experiential, ecological and cultural tourism in the native community of San Jerónimo Puerto Yurinaki, Perené river basin, Chanchamayo - Junín province, represented by the ARPI regional organization	Implementer:	ARPI
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 17,500.22
Title:	The women of the Native Communities Shimavenzo, Poyeni, Impanequiari and Canuja improve their quality of life through the commercialization of by-products of native crafts, for the benefit and survival of 80 families from the Ashaninka village.	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 71,215.04
Title:	Improve the quality of Yanesha textile crafts and costume jewelry, managed by women in five native communities in the province of Oxapampa	Implementer:	FECONAYA
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 84,851.24
Title:	Improvement of artisan work done with chambira in the communities of Amazonas, Betsaida, Marisacal Castilla and Puerto Prado in Nauta district, Loreto province, Loreto department	Implementer:	ORPIO
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 71, 215.04
Title:	Improvement of artisanal work done by Asháninka women from the Yavirironi and Huahuari CCNNs, in the Junín region represented by FECONACA	Implementer:	FECONACA

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 35,493.54
Title:	Strengthening of the Kemito Ene Association, aimed at the productive and commercial sustainability of cocoa, helping to improve the quality of life of 178 Asháninkas families in the Rio Ene basin, Satipo - Junín Province, represented by ARPI SC.	Implementer:	ARPI
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 53,601.53
Title:	The native Huao community increases their production and strengthens their capacities associated with timber forest species under an agroforestry system for the economic benefit of 25 families from the Yine people, Raimondi district, Atalaya province, Ucayali region	Implementer:	URPIA
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 17,803.05
Title:	Eleven native communities affiliated to the "Ashaninka Integral Sustainable Fish Producers Association - APIS - Alto Chivis", improve their quality of life through the raising and marketing of Amazonian fish in Puerto Bermúdez - Pasco	Implementer:	ARPI
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 59,118.864
Title:	Five Native Communities of the Ashaninka Kemito Sankori Cooperative improve their capacities in quality, organizational management and operational capacity of the cocoa bean, which favors its articulation to the market through promotion and certification	Implementer:	CART
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 70,237.39
Title:	Strengthening of productive activities in raising paiche in floating cages in natural lakes and the transformation of the product. Scope of the subproject: CCNN Kuamas Kukamirias from the Alto Amazonas area in Loreto	Implementer:	CORP-SL
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 99,536.51
Title:	Improve the capacities in the production and raising of Amazonian fish for commercial purposes to improve the quality of life of the families of the Native Community Machiguenga Yoquiri of the District of Quellouno - La Convencion - Cusco, represented by the COMARU Organization	Implementer:	COMARU
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 17,836.41
Title:	Strengthening of agroforestry capacities in the Arazaire NP, Harakmbut, Inamabari District, Tambopata Province, Madre de Dios Region	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 17,746.97
Title:	Improvement of drying and marketing of chestnut seed in the community of Tres Islas in the Madre de Dios Region	Implementer:	FENAMAD
Date Approved:	10/19-12/19	Budget:	USD 17,707.22

Mexico

Summary: DGM Mexico has two types of subprojects – Social Inclusion Window (VIS) subprojects and Market oriented/Financial inclusion (VIF) subprojects. The social inclusion window (US\$ 1.55 million) provides full funding to small and innovative proposals, with priority given to proposals by vulnerable social groups, such as indigenous women and youth. The market-oriented/financial inclusion window (US\$ 1.55 million) is intended for producer organizations and community enterprises with the goal of matching and leveraging resources to strengthen regional ties between communities, organizations, and enterprises, increase access to markets, and strengthen financial services.

DGM Mexico Subprojects	
Quantity	90
Total (USD)	\$2,828,900 ⁴³
Average (USD)	\$31,432.22
Maximum (USD)	\$93,772.4
Minimum (USD)	\$10,407

VIF Subprojects

Title:	Establishment of a tourist hostel in the Miguel Colorado ejido center with audiovisual room, soda fountain and information module	Budget:	USD 66,156.51
Operator:	Ejido Miguel Colorado		
Title:	Consolidation of the forest production chain	Budget:	USD 22,647.61
Operator:	Conjunto Predial Agrosilvicultores de Nuevo Becal S.P.R. de R.L.		
Title:	Silvicultural management, extraction and transformation practices	Budget:	USD 19,228.12
Operator:	Ejido Nuevo Becal		
Title:	Use of timber and non-timber forest products	Budget:	USD 17,507.72
Operator:	N.C.P.E. Valentín Gómez Farías		
Title:	Sustainable Forest Management	Budget:	USD 20,983.52
Operator:	Productores Forestales de Calakmul, A.C.		
Title:	Roasting and strengthening of business capabilities	Budget:	USD 31,577.45
Operator:	Ejido Concepción del Bramado		
Title:	Bovine Production Double Purpose under silvopastoral model	Budget:	USD 51,003.50
Operator:	Comunidad Indígena Las Guásimas		
Title:	Consolidation of ecotourism in the UMA for the conservation and non-extractive use of the river crocodile and its habitat	Budget:	USD 64,332.30

⁴³ According to Oanda currency converter rate of MXN to USD on August 14, 2021.

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Operator:	Ejido La Manzanilla		
Title:	Cuzalapa Forestry Community Company	Budget:	USD 63,851.70
Operator:	Comunidad Indígena de Cuzalapa		
Title:	Sierra de Quila forestry production chain	Budget:	USD 65,224.85
Operator:	Comunidad Indígena de Tenemaxtlán		
Title:	Expansion of the Las Magnolias ecotourism development production chain	Budget:	USD 65,224.85
Operator:	Desarrollo Ecoturístico Las Magnolias SC DE RL		
Title:	Ayotitlán Forestry Community Company	Budget:	USD 63,851.70
Operator:	Ejido Ayotilán		
Title:	Establishment of a broomstick workshop	Budget:	USD 61,791.97
Operator:	Agroforestales y Servicios San Sebastián y Tuxpan SPR de RL		
Title:	Maintenance of coffee plantations through the application of good biodiversity-friendly practices and commercialization of differentiated and sustainable coffees	Budget:	USD 82,389.29
Operator:	Productores Agropecuarios de las Sierras de Oaxaca		
Title:	Good social and environmental practices in coffee plantations under the shadow of the state of Oaxaca	Budget:	USD 96,120.84
Operator:	Tres Comunidades Itundujia, SC de RL		
Title:	Strengthening of capacities and forest production chain through the production and commercialization of charcoal from the Union of Zapotec Forest Producing Communities Chinantecas de la Sierra Juárez	Budget:	USD 89,255.06
Operator:	Unión de Comunidades Productoras Forestales Zapotecos-Chinantecos de la Sierra Juárez de RI		
Title:	Community forest management to maintain forest massifs in order to reduce emissions from deforestation and degradation of natural resources	Budget:	USD 96,120.84
Operator:	Unión de Comunidades de producción, industrialización y comercialización agropecuaria de RL		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Strengthening of capacities and leadership through the design, implementation and participatory evaluation of tourism and administrative practices that ensure the profitability of the Ecoturixtlán company	Budget:	USD 73,996.93
Operator:	Ecoturixtlán SPR de RL		
Title:	Strengthening of nature tourism in communities of Chinantla: Jaguar Footprint Route	Budget:	USD 96,120.84
Operator:	Ecoturismo Tierra del Faisán SC de RL de CV		
Title:	Integral project of infrastructure, equipment and conservation of natural resources	Budget:	USD 61,791.97
Operator:	Ecoturismo San Pablo Macuiltianguis SPR de RL		
Title:	Community agroforestry in the territory of the Union of Zapotec and Chinantec Communities of the Villa Alta-Petlapa A.C. as a climate change adaptation strategy	Budget:	USD 75,523.52
Operator:	Unión de Comunidades Zapotecas y Chinantecas de la Región Villa Alta-Petlapa A.C.		
Title:	Business and commercial strengthening of Toy Arte Capulálpam through low carbon production of wood crafts	Budget:	USD 51,493.31
Operator:	Juguete Arte Capulálpam, S.C. de R.L. de C.V.		
Title:	Sustainable production of cattle	Budget:	USD 50,120.15
Operator:	Umafor Istmo-Pacífico A.C.		
Title:	Design and Development of the Commercial Strategy of CHICZA 2018-2021	Budget:	USD 86,508.75
Operator:	Rainforest Chicza SA de CV		
Title:	First and second stage of maintenance of the project for the reconversion of productive lands with enrichment of species of commercial value	Budget:	USD 35,369.72
Operator:	Ejido Noh Bec		
Title:	First and second stage of maintenance of reconversion of productive lands with enrichment of commercially valuable species	Budget:	USD 36,704.43
Operator:	Ejido Petcacab		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Design, produce and launch contemporary handicraft products using recycled wood as raw material from certified sources that come from forests under exploitation and community sawmills of the Petcacab ejido	Budget:	USD 17,782.35
Operator:	Lol Koöpte Muebles SPR de RL		
Title:	Strengthening community forest management	Budget:	USD 32,464.52
Operator:	Ejido Dziuche		
Title:	Reconversion of productive land with enrichment of commercially valuable species. Establishment and First Maintenance Stage	Budget:	USD 42,144.25
Operator:	Ejido X'Yatil		
Title:	Reconversion of productive land with enrichment of commercially valuable species. Establishment and First Maintenance Stage	Budget:	USD 43,503.74
Operator:	Ejido Yoactun		
Title:	First and second stage of maintenance of reconversion of productive lands with enrichment of commercially valuable species	Budget:	USD 38,888.77
Operator:	Ejido Dzula		
Title:	Strengthening and added value in forest production in the tropics: charcoal with metal furnaces and infrastructure	Budget:	USD 45,295.23
Operator:	Ejido Kankabchén		
Title:	Reconversion of productive land with enrichment of commercially valuable species. Establishment and First Maintenance Stage	Budget:	USD 20,626.98
Operator:	Selva Mediana en Protección; S.C. DE R.L		
Title:	First and second stage of maintenance of the project for the reconversion of productive lands with enrichment of species of commercial value	Budget:	USD 38,372.81
Operator:	Ejido Tres Garantías		
Title:	First and second stage of maintenance of the project for the reconversion of productive lands with enrichment of species of commercial value	Budget:	USD 12,012.36
Operator:	Ejido Payo Obispo		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	First and second stage of maintenance of the project for the reconversion of productive lands with enrichment of species of commercial value	Budget:	USD 22,690.01
Operator:	Ejido Laguna Om		
Title:	First and second stage of maintenance of the project for the reconversion of productive lands with enrichment of species of commercial value	Budget:	USD 36,185.38
Operator:	Ejido Caoba		
Title:	Acquisition of metal furnaces for the technification of the value-added process with the use of metal furnaces for the production of certified charcoal	Budget:	USD 10,298.66
Operator:	Carboneros de Petcacab S.C. de R.L. de C.V.		
Title:	Reconversion of productive land with enrichment of commercially valuable species. Establishment and First Maintenance Stage	Budget:	USD 42,144.25
Operator:	Ejido X'Hazil y anexos		
Title:	Acquisition of ovens and supplies for charcoal production	Budget:	USD 45,295.23
Operator:	Emprendedores del Bosque Tropical SPR de RL de CV		
Title:	Participatory establishment of agroforestry systems as a local strategy to create sustainable rural landscapes in REPSEAM territories	Budget:	USD 24,030.21
Operator:	REPSEAM AC		
Title:	Investment for the timber exploitation of the Carboneros del Roble SC de RL de CV organization	Budget:	USD 30,885.40
Operator:	Carboneros del Roble SC de RL de CV		

VIS Subprojects

Title:	Youth Network for Agroecological Tourism and Environmental Education	Budget:	USD 12,558.8
Operator:	Estación Juventud Puebla de Morelia		
Title:	Integration of the Ramón tree production chain in Nuevo Becal as part of participatory planning	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Mujeres de Nuevo Becal, S.C.P. de R.L. de C.V.		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Beekeeping equipment for honey production	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Apicultores Árbol de Jabín		
Title:	Ejido Beekeeping Project Law of Agricultural Promotion	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Mujeres Emprendedoras de Apicultura		
Title:	Strengthening of beekeeping in the Indigenous Community of Cuzalapa	Budget:	USD 22,605.8
Operator:	Apicultores y Agroproductores de Cuzalapa		
Title:	Charcoal production	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Grupo de productores de carbón de Tenamaxtlán		
Title:	Agroforestry Systems	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Agroforestería San Luis		
Title:	Silvopastoral project for the production of sheep	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Productores del Campo del municipio de Tomatlán		
Title:	Production of honey and its derivatives	Budget:	USD 22,605.8
Operator:	Mujeres La Colmena		
Title:	Agropastoral development	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Empresarias de Tehuamixtle		
Title:	Agroecological management of coffee	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Cafeticultores de Concepción del Bramador		
Title:	Implementation of an agroforestry system	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Mujeres Unidas		
Title:	Creole Jamaica cultivated by indigenous women	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Jamaica de Chacala		
Title:	La Esperanza Magic Forest	Budget:	USD 22,605.8
Operator:	Jóvenes del Bosque		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Implementation of community tourism in the town of Totontepec Villa Morelos as a strategy for sustainable rural development and conservation of the mountain mesophilic forest	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Anyukojmit Naax Nyivinténiva		
Title:	Maintenance of coffee plantations	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Unidas para Progresar		
Title:	Establishment of a coffee nursery	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Mujeres Sureñas		
Title:	Acquisition of machinery for the activity of coal production	Budget:	USD 22,605.8
Operator:	Ka Niula Yanni		
Title:	Preparation of Teas and Tizanas with products obtained from the diversification of plots and backyard	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Flores Zapotecas		
Title:	Transformation of the coffee bean	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Mujeres Indígenas Zapotecas de Guevea, MIZAGU		
Title:	Conservation and sustainable use of soil through the implementation of the MIAF system	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Ña Deé Kidacho Tu Ku 'I		
Title:	Establishment of cocoa plantations with small producers	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Mujeres por el Progreso de Coixtepec		
Title:	Production of quality coffee plant	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Mujeres Ñaá Nuú Ini		
Title:	Maintenance of coffee plantations	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Grupo de Mujeres Trabajando		
Title:	Good practices for the production of high quality coffees	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Tierra del Sol		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Establishment of a mixed cocoa and vanilla plantation	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Enverdeciendo cerros un legado para el futuro		
Title:	Use of residual logs from timber harvesting for the elaboration of decorations in Jalapa del Valle, Oaxaca	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Todas en el bosque		
Title:	Renovation of coffee plantations under an agroforestry system associated with cacao trees and application of agroecological practices	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Jóvenes campesinos trabajando por una vida digna		
Title:	Preparation of pickled Tepejilote palm	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Mujeres y hombres del Rincón Zapoteco		
Title:	Establishment of beekeeping activity	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Productores de Miel de Huitepec		
Title:	Preparation of cosmetic products based on fruits, flowers and medicinal plants of the region	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Mujeres Ixtlecas		
Title:	Fruit trees interspersed with corn	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Flor del Río		
Title:	Organic honey production	Budget:	USD 17,582.3
Operator:	Grupo de trabajo KIIY DTOO		
Title:	Implementation of a carpentry in the community of Puerto Arturo	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Carpintería "El Valle"		
Title:	Production line of technified boxes for beekeeping	Budget:	USD 20,094.1
Operator:	Creciendo Raíces Impulsando mujeres ebanistas		
Title:	Production and commercialization of forest plants	Budget:	USD 25,117.6
Operator:	Grupo "Flor de Caña" del Ejido Francisco Botes		

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Title:	Honey production	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Grupo Pucte		
Title:	Creation of a delimited silvopastoral system for sheep production	Budget:	USD 12,558.8
Operator:	Grupo Social X-Yatil 1		
Title:	Restoration and maintenance of land with sowing of Ramón and Achioté trees	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Las Arboledas		
Title:	Planting and enrichment of family gardens in the Kampokolche community	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Mujeres Horticultoras de Kampokolche		
Title:	Development of an agroforestry system for papaya maradol, pineapple and ramón tree	Budget:	USD 12,558.8
Operator:	Mujeres Plantadoras de Payo Obispo I		
Title:	Production and transformation of Ramón tree seeds	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Productores orgánicos de la Selva Maya "Lich O'ox"		
Title:	Comprehensive production of vegetables in backyard	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Túumben Meyaj		
Title:	Strengthening beekeeping in good hive management practices	Budget:	USD 10,047.0
Operator:	Xik'Nal Kaab		
Title:	BiO2rganic: Production of biological inputs	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Grupo Biorgánico del Sureste		
Title:	Mayacab: Honey production	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Meliponario del Sur		
Title:	Strengthening Santa Rita	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Apis Santa Rita		
Title:	Production, handling and commercialization of honey from miliponas	Budget:	USD 15,070.6

Dedicated Grant Mechanism for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (DGM)
Thirteenth Semiannual Program Report: July – December 2021

Operator:	Meliponario Tumben Xunancab		
Title:	Production of melipona honey in Ticum	Budget:	USD 15,070.6
Operator:	Meliponas Ticum		